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## EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES/ NONDISCRIMINATION

### I. Policy Statement

Equal educational opportunities shall be available for all students, without regard to sex, sexual orientation, race, creed, color, national origin, gender, gender identity ethnicity, religion, disability, ancestry, marital or parental status or any other unlawful basis. Educational programs shall be designed to meet the varying needs of all students.

#### The School Board

- provides facilities, programs and activities that are accessible, usable and available to qualified persons with disabilities;
- provides a free, appropriate education, including non-academic and extracurricular services to qualified persons with disabilities;
- does not exclude qualified persons with disabilities, solely on the basis of their disabilities, from any preschool, daycare, adult education or career and technical education programs; and
- does not discriminate against qualified persons with disabilities in the provision of health, welfare or social services.

### II. Complaint Procedure

#### A. File Report

Any student who believes he or she has been the victim of prohibited discrimination should report the alleged discrimination as soon as possible to one of the Compliance Officers designated in this policy or to any other school personnel. The alleged discrimination should be reported as soon as possible, and the report generally should be made within fifteen (15) school days of the occurrence. Further, any student who has knowledge of conduct which may constitute prohibited discrimination should report such conduct to one of the Compliance Officers designated in this policy or to any school personnel. Any employee who has knowledge of conduct which may constitute prohibited discrimination shall immediately report such conduct to one of the Compliance Officers designated in this policy.

The reporting party should use the form, Report of Discrimination, JB-F, to make complaints of discrimination. However, oral reports and other written reports shall also be accepted. The complaint should be filed with either the building principal or one of the Compliance Officers designated in this policy. The principal shall immediately forward any report of alleged prohibited discrimination to the

Compliance Officer. Any complaint that involves the Compliance Officer shall be reported to the superintendent.

The complaint, and identity of the complainant and of the person or persons allegedly responsible for the discrimination, will not be disclosed except as required by law or policy, as necessary to fully investigate the complaint or as authorized by the complainant. A complainant who wishes to remain anonymous will be advised that such confidentiality may limit the school division's ability to fully respond to the complaint.

#### B. Investigation

Upon receipt of a report of alleged prohibited discrimination, the Compliance Officer shall immediately authorize or undertake an investigation. The investigation may be conducted by school personnel or a third party designated by the school division. The investigation shall be completed as soon as practicable, which should generally be not later than 14 school days after receipt of the report by the Compliance Officer. Upon receiving the complaint, the Compliance Officer shall acknowledge receipt of the complaint, by giving written notice that the complaint has been received, to both the person complaining of discrimination and the person or persons allegedly responsible for the discrimination. Also upon receiving the complaint, the Compliance Officer shall determine whether interim measures should be taken pending the outcome of the investigation. If the Compliance Officer determines that more than 14 school days will be required to investigate the complaint, the complainant and the person or persons allegedly responsible for the discrimination will be notified of the reason for the extended investigation and of the date by which the investigation will be concluded.

The investigation may consist of personal interviews with the complainant, the person or persons allegedly responsible for the discrimination, and any others who may have knowledge of the alleged discrimination or the circumstances giving rise to the complaint. The investigation will consider witnesses and evidence from both the complainant and the person or persons responsible for the alleged discrimination. The investigation may also include the inspection of any documents or information deemed relevant by the investigator. The school division shall take necessary steps to protect the complainant and others pending the completion of the investigation.

Whether a particular action or incident constitutes a violation of this policy requires a case by case determination based on all of the facts and circumstances revealed by a complete and thorough investigation.

The Compliance Officer shall issue a written report to the superintendent upon completion of the investigation. If the complaint involves the superintendent, then the report shall be sent to the School Board. The report shall include a determination of whether the allegations are substantiated, whether this policy was violated and recommendations for corrective action, if any.

All employees shall cooperate with any investigation of alleged discrimination conducted under this policy or by an appropriate state or federal agency.

#### C. Action by Superintendent

Within 5 school days of receiving the Compliance Officer's report, the superintendent or designee shall issue a decision regarding (1) whether this policy was violated and (2) what action, if any, should be taken. This decision must be provided in writing to the complainant. If the superintendent or designee determines that prohibited discrimination occurred, the Mecklenburg County School Division shall take prompt, appropriate action to address and remedy the violation as well as prevent any recurrence. Such action may include discipline up to and including expulsion or discharge.

#### D. Appeal

If the superintendent or designee determines that no prohibited discrimination occurred, the student who was allegedly subjected to discrimination may appeal this finding to the School Board within 5 school days of receiving the decision. Notice of appeal must be filed with the superintendent who shall forward the record to the School Board. The School Board shall make a decision within 30 calendar days of receiving the record. The School Board may ask for oral or written argument from the aggrieved party and the superintendent and any other individual the School Board deems relevant. Written notice of the School Board's decision will be given to both the complainant and the person or persons responsible for the alleged discrimination.

If the superintendent or designee determines that prohibited discrimination occurred and discipline is imposed, the disciplined person may appeal the disciplinary sanction in the same manner as any other such sanction would be appealed.

#### E. Compliance Officer and Alternate Compliance Officer

The School Board designates a Compliance Officer responsible for identifying, preventing and remedying discrimination as well as receiving complaints under this Policy. The name and contact information for the Compliance Officer is posted on the Division's website at all times. The Compliance Officer may be contacted at [placks@mcpsweb.org](mailto:placks@mcpsweb.org) Complaints of discrimination may also be made to the Alternate Compliance Officer at [ajeffers@mcpsweb.org](mailto:ajeffers@mcpsweb.org)

##### The Compliance Officer

- receives reports or complaints of discrimination;
- conducts or oversees the investigation of any alleged discrimination;
- assesses the training needs of the school division in connection with this policy;
- arranges necessary training to achieve compliance with this policy; and
- ensure that any discrimination investigation is conducted by an impartial investigator who is trained in the requirements of equal education opportunity

and has the authority to protect the alleged victim and others during the investigation.

### III. Retaliation

Retaliation against students or school personnel who report discrimination or participate in the related proceedings is prohibited. The school division shall take appropriate action against any student or employee who retaliates against another student or employee who reports alleged discrimination or participates in related proceedings. The Compliance Officer will inform persons who make complaints, who are the subject of complaints, and who participate in investigations of how to report any subsequent problems.

### IV. Right to Alternative Complaint Procedure

Nothing in this policy denies the right of any individual to pursue other avenues of recourse to address concerns relating to prohibited discrimination including initiating civil action, filing a complaint with outside agencies or seeking redress under state or federal law.

### V. Prevention and Notice of Policy

Training to prevent discrimination should be included in employee and student orientations as well as employee in-service training .

This policy shall be (1) displayed in prominent areas of each division building in a location accessible to students, parents and school personnel, (2) included in the student and employee handbooks; and (3) sent to parents of all students within 30 calendar days of the start of school. All students and their parents/guardians shall be notified annually of the names and contact information of the Compliance Officers.

## VI. False Charges

Students or school personnel who knowingly make false charges of discrimination shall be subject to disciplinary action.

Adopted: February 25, 015

Revised: April 17, 2017; August 20, 2018; July 20, 2020

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Legal Refs: 20 U.S.C. §§ 1681-1688.  
29 U.S.C. §§ 794.  
42 U.S.C. §§2000d through 2000d-7.

34 C.F.R. 106.9.

Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §§ 2.2-3900, 2.2-3901, 2.2-3902, 22.1-212.6:1.

Cross Refs: AC	Nondiscrimination
AD	Educational Philosophy
GB	Equal Employment Opportunity/Nondiscrimination
JB-F	Report of Discrimination
JBA	Section 504 Nondiscrimination Policy and Grievance Procedures
JFHA/GBA	Prohibition Against Harassment and Retaliation



REPORT OF DISCRIMINATION

Name of Complainant:

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Student's School and Class:

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Address, Phone Number and Email Address:

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Date(s) of Alleged Discrimination:

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Name(s) of person(s) you believe discriminated against you or others:

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Please describe in detail the incident(s) of alleged discrimination, including where and when the incident(s) occurred. Please name any witnesses that may have information regarding the situation. Please include a description of any past incidents that may be related to this complaint. Attach additional pages if necessary.

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I certify that the information provided in this report is true, correct and complete to the best of my knowledge.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Complainant

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

Complaint Received By:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Compliance Officer

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

## SECTION 504 NONDISCRIMINATION POLICY AND GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES

The Mecklenburg County School Board does not discriminate against individuals on the basis of disability. The Mecklenburg County School Board has established this policy as a way to provide prompt and impartial review of complaints alleging any action prohibited by Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973. This policy provides an optional resolution procedure for a complainant. This procedure is not a prerequisite before a complainant may directly pursue any other remedy available under state or federal law. However, the policy of Mecklenburg County School Board is for students, parents/guardians and employees to have the opportunity to make concerns known to the School Board and for the School Board to have the opportunity to respond to and resolve concerns as rapidly as practicable.

The goal of these procedures is to protect the substantive rights of interested persons, meet appropriate due process standards, assure School Board compliance with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and provide a prompt, equitable and impartial resolution of complaints alleging a violation of Section 504.

Any student or any parent or guardian of a student may be a complainant and may file a formal or informal grievance as provided below.

### **A. FORMAL PROCEDURE**

#### 1. Filing a Complaint

Any complainant should submit a complaint alleging discrimination as soon as possible to the Compliance Officer or to any other school or school division staff. The complaint shall be submitted within 45 school days of the alleged discrimination. Any employee who has knowledge of conduct which may constitute discrimination shall immediately report such conduct to the Compliance Officer, the employee's supervisor, or to any other school or school division staff. Any employee who receives a complaint under this policy shall immediately forward the complaint to the Compliance Officer.

The complainant should use the "Complaint of Discrimination" form (see end of this policy) to make a complaint of discrimination. However, oral complaints shall also be accepted. The complaint should be filed with the school principal, other school or school division staff, or the Compliance Officer. School or school division staff receiving a complaint of discrimination shall forward it to the school principal; who shall immediately forward the complaint of discrimination to the Compliance Officer. Any complaint that involves the Compliance Officer shall be reported to the superintendent. Any complaint that involves the superintendent shall be reported to the School Board Chair.

The complaint and the identity of the complainant, the individual who is the subject of the complaint (if other than the complainant), and the persons

allegedly responsible for the discrimination will not be disclosed except as required by law or policy, as necessary to fully investigate the complaint or as authorized by the complainant.

## 2. Investigation

Upon receipt of a report or complaint of discrimination, the Compliance Officer shall immediately authorize or undertake an investigation. The investigation may be conducted by school staff or a third party designated by the school division. The investigation shall be completed as soon as practicable, but not later than 15 school days after receipt of the complaint of alleged discrimination by the Compliance Officer unless the extension below is exercised. Within 3 school days of receiving the complaint, the Compliance Officer shall send written notice that the complaint has been received to the complainant and the person or persons allegedly responsible for the discrimination (the accused).

Also upon receiving the complaint, the Compliance Officer shall determine whether interim measures should be taken pending the outcome of the investigation. If the Compliance Officer determines that more than 15 school days will be required to investigate the complaint, the Compliance Officer will notify the complainant and the persons allegedly responsible for the discrimination of the reasons for the extended investigation and of the date by which the investigation is projected to be concluded, which will be no longer than an additional 15 school days. The investigation may consist of personal interviews with the complainant, the persons allegedly responsible for the discrimination, and any others who may have knowledge of the alleged discrimination or the circumstances giving rise to the complaint. The investigation may also include the inspection of any documents or information deemed relevant by the investigator. The complainant and the accused shall have the right to identify witnesses and other relevant information as well as rebut evidence presented by opposing parties. The school division shall take necessary steps to protect the complainant and others pending the completion of the investigation.

Whether a particular action or incident constitutes a violation of this policy requires a case by case determination based on all of the facts and circumstances revealed by a complete and thorough investigation.

The Compliance Officer shall issue a written report to the superintendent upon completion of the investigation. If the complaint involves the superintendent, then the report shall be sent to the School Board. The report shall include a determination of whether the allegations are substantiated, whether this policy was violated and recommendations for corrective action, if any. The Compliance Officer's written report, and all written notices sent pursuant to this policy shall be maintained and distributed in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act. The report shall be issued to the superintendent, the complainant

and the accused within 20 school days of receipt of the complaint, unless additional time was utilized for the investigation in which case the report shall be issued within 35 school days of receipt of the complaint.

3. Action by the Superintendent

Within 10 school days of receiving the Compliance Officer's report, the superintendent or superintendent's designee shall issue a decision regarding: (1) whether this policy was violated and, if so (2) what action, if any, will be taken. This decision must be provided in writing to the complainant and the accused. If the superintendent determines that discrimination occurred, the school division shall take prompt, appropriate action to address and remedy the harm and prevent any recurrence. Such action may include discipline up to and including recommending that a student be expelled or that an employee be discharged.

4. Appeal

If the superintendent or designee determines that no discrimination occurred, the complainant may appeal this determination to the School Board within 5 calendar days of receiving the decision. Notice of appeal must be filed with the superintendent, who shall forward the Compliance Officer's report and any documentation or information deemed relevant by the Compliance Officer during the course of the investigation to the School Board. The School Board shall make a decision within 30 calendar days of receiving the record. The School Board may require oral or written argument from the complainant, the person or persons accused of discrimination, the superintendent, and any other individual it deems appropriate. An extension of the 30 calendar day time limit may occur if necessary as determined by the School Board Chair up to an additional 10 calendar days. The decision of the School Board shall be in writing and shall be provided to the complainant and the accused.

If the superintendent or designee determines that discrimination occurred and discipline is imposed, the disciplined person (i.e. student or employee) may appeal the disciplinary sanction in accordance with existing School Board policies and regulations.

5. Compliance Officer

The School Board shall at all times designate a Compliance Officer responsible for identifying, preventing and remedying discrimination as well as receiving complaints under this Policy. The name and contact information for the Compliance Officer shall be posted on the Division's website at all times. The Compliance Officer may be contacted at 175 Mayfield Drive, P. O . Box 190, Boydton, Virginia 23917 or by phone at 434-738-6111.

The Mecklenburg County School Board's Compliance Officer shall receive training and shall be knowledgeable about the requirements of Section 504 in order to impartially and equitably resolve complaints and ensure compliance with the law. In addition, the Compliance Officer shall:

- receive reports and complaints of discrimination,
- conduct or oversee the investigation of any alleged discrimination,
- assess the training needs of the school division in connection with this policy and
- arrange necessary training to achieve compliance with this policy.

## **B. INFORMAL PROCEDURE**

If the complainant and the persons allegedly responsible for the discrimination agree, the school principal, designee or the Compliance Officer may arrange for them to resolve the complaint informally with the assistance of a counselor, teacher or other school or school division staff.

If the complainant and the persons allegedly responsible for the discrimination agree to attempt to resolve the complaint informally, they shall each be informed that they have the right to abandon the informal procedure at any time in favor of the initiation of the above formal procedures.

If the complaint is resolved informally, the counselor, teacher or other school or school division staff shall notify the school principal of the resolution. The school principal shall notify the complainant, the persons allegedly responsible for the discrimination and the Compliance Officer in writing that the complaint has been resolved informally.

## **C. RETALIATION**

Retaliation against students, school staff or school division staff who report discrimination or participate in the related proceedings is prohibited. The school division shall take appropriate action against any student or employee who retaliates against another student or employee who reports alleged discrimination or participates in related proceedings.

## **D. FALSE CHARGES**

Students, school staff or school division staff who make false charges of discrimination shall be subject to disciplinary action.

Adopted: February 25, 2015  
Revised: April 17, 2017

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Legal Ref.: 29 U.S.C. § 794

34 C.F.R. Part 104.?(b)

Cross Ref:	GCPD	Professional Staff Discipline
	JB	Equal Educational Opportunities/Nondiscrimination
	JFC-R	Standards of Student Conduct
	JGD/JGE	Student Suspension/Expulsion
	JO	Student Records

## COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION

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Name of Complainant:

Student's School and Class :

Address :

Email Address:

Phone Number(s):

Name(s) of Parent/Legal Guardian:

Address(es):

Email address(es):

Phone Number(s):

Dates of Alleged Discrimination:

Names of the persons you believe discriminated against you or others:

Please describe in detail the incidents of alleged discrimination , including where and when the incidents occurred. Please name any witnesses that may have information regarding the alleged discrimination. Attach additional pages if necessary .

Please describe any past incidents that may be related to this complaint.

I certify that the information provided in this report is true, correct and complete to the best of my knowledge.

Signature of Complainant

\_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Complaint Received By:

\_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Compliance Officer

## SCHOOL ATTENDANCE AREAS

School attendance areas for each school are established by the School Board. Students attend the school in the attendance area in which they reside and to which they are assigned, unless special permission is granted by the School Board.

The superintendent is responsible for establishing an application process which may include the following

- A process by which a parent or guardian indicates a school preference for purposes of his child attending a school in the division but outside of the attendance area in which the child resides
- A requirement that the parent or guardian provide transportation for the student attending a school outside the attendance zone in which the child resides
- A requirement that the student may be disqualified from attending a school outside the attendance area in which the child resides if he has been subject to specified disciplinary actions
- A prohibition on the recruitment of a student from one school to another by a school division employee
- A limitation on participation in certain athletic activities for a student who chooses to attend a school outside the attendance zone in which he resides
- A random, unbiased selection process in the event enrollment requests exceed the capacity of a school
- A provision that a student will be permitted to remain at the receiving school until the student has completed the highest grade level in that school
- A preference to a student
  - who resides in a location that has been subject to a change in school attendance area during the previous two years
  - who has a sibling attending the receiving school, or
  - whose parent or guardian is an employee of the receiving school

Changes in attendance areas are determined by the School Board, upon recommendation of the superintendent based on the need to provide for the orderly administration of the schools, the competent instruction of the students and the health, safety, best interests and general welfare of all students.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: July 17, 2018

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §§ 22.1-7.1, 22.1-7.2, 22.1-78, 22.1-79, 22.1-253.13:7.



Cross Refs: JCA  
JCB

Transfers by Student Victims of Crime  
Transfers by Students in Persistently Dangerous Schools

## TRANSFERS BY STUDENT VICTIMS OF CRIME

Whenever any student has been the victim of any crime against the person pursuant to Chapter 4 of Title 18.2 of the Code of Virginia including crimes by mobs, crimes by gangs, terrorism offenses, kidnapping and related offenses, assaults and bodily woundings, robbery, extortion or other threats, or sexual assault, and such crime was committed:

- by another student attending classes in the school, or
- by any employee of the school board, or
- by any volunteer, contract worker or other person who regularly performs services in the school, or
- if the crime was committed upon the school property or on any school bus owned or operated by the school division

the student upon whom the crime was committed shall, upon written request from the student's parents, or the student, if such student is an emancipated minor, be permitted to transfer to another comparable school within the division if available. Any transportation services for such students shall be provided in accordance with School Board policies.

For purposes of this policy, "victim" means any student who has been the victim of a crime against the person pursuant to Chapter 4 of Title 18.2 of the Code of Virginia, and who has suffered physical, psychological, or economic harm as a direct result of the commission of such crime.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: July 20, 2015

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Legal Refs.: 20 U.S.C. § 7912.

Code of Virginia, §§ 22.1-3, 22.1-3.3.

Cross Refs.: JC  
JCB

Student Attendance Areas  
Transfers by Students in Persistently Dangerous Schools

TRANSFERS BY STUDENTS IN  
PERSISTENTLY DANGEROUS SCHOOLS

Any student attending a school which has been designated as a persistently dangerous school by the Virginia Department of Education will be offered the opportunity to transfer to another school in the division which is not so designated. If there is not another school in the division to which students may transfer, the division may explore other appropriate options such as an agreement with a neighboring division to accept transfer students.

In the event that a student elects to transfer, the transfer may remain in effect as long as the student's original school is identified as persistently dangerous.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: July 20, 2015

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Legal Refs.: 20 U.S.C. § 7912.

*Attachment A (No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 Unsafe School Choice Option Persistently Dangerous Schools Identification Process and Criteria) to Superintendent's Memo No. 86 (May 9, 2003).*

Cross Refs.: JC                      Student Attendance Areas  
                  JCA                      Transfers By Student Victims of Crime

## CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENTS FOR TWINS

A parent of twins or higher order multiples in the same grade level may request that the children be placed in the same classroom or in separate classrooms if they are at the same elementary school. A parent must request the classroom placement no later than 3 days after the first day of each school year or 3 days after the first day of attendance of the children during a school year. Schools may recommend classroom placement to the parent.

Schools must provide the placement requested by the children's parent, unless the division superintendent or his designee makes a classroom placement determination following the school principal's request, at the end of the initial grading period, and in consultation with the children's classroom teacher, based upon a determination that the requested classroom placement is disruptive to the school or is harmful to the children's educational progress.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: July 20, 2015

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, as amended, § 22.1-79.3.

## COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE

Every parent, guardian, or other person having control or charge of any child who will have reached the fifth birthday on or before September 30 of any school year and who has not passed the eighteenth birthday shall cause such child to attend a public school or otherwise provide the child with an education in accordance with state law unless the child is exempt from the state's compulsory attendance requirement.

Further, in the case of any five-year-old child, the requirements of this policy may be alternatively satisfied by causing the child to attend any public educational pre-kindergarten program, including a Head Start program, or in a private, denominational, or parochial educational pre-kindergarten program.

As used in this policy, "attend" includes participation in educational programs and courses at a site remote from the school with the permission of the school and in conformity with applicable requirements.

The requirements of this policy apply to

- any child in the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Corrections who has not passed his eighteenth birthday, and
- any child whom the division superintendent has required to take a special program of prevention, intervention, or remediation as provided in Va. Code §§ 22.1-253.13:1.C and 22.1-254.01.

The requirements of this policy do not apply to

- any person 16 through 18 years of age who is housed in an adult correctional facility when such person is actively pursuing the achievement of a passing score on a high school equivalency examination approved by the Board of Education but is not enrolled in an individual student alternative education plan, and
- any child who has obtained a high school diploma or its equivalent, a certificate of completion, a passing score on a high school equivalency examination approved by the Board of Education or who has otherwise complied with compulsory school attendance requirements.

### Individual Student Alternative Education Plan

The School Board may allow the compulsory attendance requirements to be met pursuant to an individual student alternative education plan developed in conformity with guidelines prescribed by the Board of Education under the following conditions:

1. The student must be at least sixteen years of age.
2. There shall be a meeting of the student, the student's parents, and the principal or principal's designee of the school in which the student is enrolled to develop the plan, which must include the following:

- career guidance counseling;

- mandatory enrollment and attendance in a preparatory program for passing a high school equivalency examination approved by the Board of Education or other alternative education program approved by the School Board, with attendance reported to the principal or principal's designee;
  - mandatory enrollment in a program to earn a Board of Education-approved career and technical education credential, such as the successful completion of an industry certification, a state licensure examination, a national occupational competency assessment, or the Virginia workplace readiness skills assessment;
  - successful completion of the course in economics and personal finance required to earn a Board of Education-approved high school diploma;
  - counseling on the economic impact of failing to complete high school; and
  - procedures for re-enrollment.
3. A student for whom such an individual student alternative education plan has been granted but who fails to comply with the conditions of the plan shall be in violation of the compulsory attendance laws, and the superintendent or attendance officer shall seek immediate compliance with such laws.

### Alternative Education Programs

The Superintendent, pursuant to regulations adopted by the School Board, may in accordance with the procedures set forth in Va. Code § 22.1-276.01 et seq. and School Board policy and upon a finding that a school-age child has been

- charged with an offense relating to the Commonwealth's laws, or with a violation of School Board policies, on weapons, alcohol or drugs, or intentional injury to another person;
- found guilty or not innocent of a crime that resulted in or could have resulted in injury to others, or of an offense that is required to be disclosed to the superintendent of the school division pursuant to subsection G of Va. Code § 16.1-260;
- suspended pursuant to Va. Code § 22.1-277.05; or
- expelled from school attendance pursuant to Va. Code §§ 22.1-277.06, 22.1-277.07, or subsection C of § 22.1-277,

require a student to attend an alternative education program as provided by Va. Code §§ 22.1-209.1:2 or 22.1-277.2:1.

Prior to requiring a student to attend an alternative education program, the Superintendent shall provide: (1) written notice to the student and his parent/guardian that the student will be required to attend an alternative education program and (2) written notice to the student and his parent/guardian of the right to a hearing before the superintendent or designee regarding the placement. The decision of the superintendent or his designee regarding such alternative education placement shall be final unless altered by the school board, upon timely written petition, as established in

regulation, by the student or his parent, for a review of the record by the school board.

Whenever a court orders any pupil into an alternative education program, including a program of general educational development, offered in the public schools, the School Board shall determine the appropriate alternative education placement of the pupil regardless of whether the pupil attends the public schools it supervises or resides within its school division.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: July 17, 2018

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-254.

Cross Refs.: JEG  
LBD

Exclusions and Exemptions from School Attendance  
Home Instruction

## ENTRANCE AGE/ADMISSION OF PERSONS NOT OF SCHOOL AGE

A child who will reach his or her fifth birthday on or before September 30 of the school year and is otherwise eligible for enrollment in school as specified in Policy JEC School Admission and Regulation JEC-R School Admission may be enrolled in school. The superintendent disseminates information received from the Superintendent of Public Instruction concerning the ages when children are required or eligible to attend school. This information is disseminated to parents of such children upon or prior to enrollment of such children in the public schools of the division.

An individual who resides within the school division and is beyond school age (who has not reached his or her fifth birthday on or before September 30 of the school year or who has reached his or her 20th birthday on or before August 1st of the school year) may, at the discretion of the School Board, be admitted into the division schools. Such individuals may be charged tuition at the discretion of the School Board as provided in Policy JEC School Admission and Regulation JEC-R School Admission.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: July 29, 2019

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-1, 22.1-3, 22.1-5, 22.1-199, 22.1-254.

Cross Refs.: JEC                      School Admission  
                  JEC-R                     School Admission



## SCHOOL ADMISSION

A person of school age (i.e., a person who will have reached his or her fifth birthday on or before September 30 of the school year and who has not reached 20 years of age on or before August 1st of the school year) is eligible for admission on a non-tuition basis if residing in the MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS School Division, or if eligible for admission under Policy JECA Admission of Homeless Children.

A person of school age is deemed to reside in the school division

- when the person is living with a natural parent, or a parent by legal adoption, in the MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS School Division;
  - when, in accordance with the provisions of Va. Code § 22.1-360, the person is living with a noncustodial parent or other person standing in loco parentis, not solely for school purposes, pursuant to a Special Power of Attorney executed under 10 United States Code § 1044b by the custodial parent;
  - when the parents of such person are dead and the person is living with a person in loco parentis who actually resides within the school division;
  - when the parents of such person are unable to care for the person and the person is living, not solely for school purposes, with another person who resides in the school division and is either
    - (i) the court-appointed guardian, or has legal custody of the person,
    - (ii) acting in loco parentis pursuant to placement of the person for adoption by a person or entity authorized to do so under Va. Code § 63.2-1200; or
    - (iii) an adult relative providing temporary kinship care as that term is defined in Va. Code § 63.2-100. Both parents and the relative providing kinship care must submit signed, notarized affidavits
      - (a) explaining why the parents are unable to care for the person,
      - (b) detailing the kinship care arrangement, and
      - (c) agreeing that the kinship care provider or a parent will notify the school within 30 days of when the kinship care arrangement ends.
- The parent must also provide a power of attorney authorizing the adult relative to make educational decisions regarding the person. A parent or the kinship care provider must also obtain written verification from the department of social services where the parent or parents live, and the department of social services where the kinship provider lives, that the kinship arrangement serves a legitimate purpose that is in the best interest of the person other than school enrollment. If the kinship care arrangement lasts more than one year, the school division must receive continued verification directly from both departments of social services that the parents are unable to care for the person and that the kinship care arrangement serves a legitimate purpose other than school enrollment.
- when the person is living in the school division not solely for school purposes, as an emancipated minor;

- when all or any portion of the building in which the person resides (i) with another person as set forth in the first through fourth bullets above or (ii) as an emancipated minor as set forth in the fifth bullet above is taxable by the locality in which the school division is located; or
- when the person has been placed in a foster care placement within the school division by a local social services agency. The sending and receiving school divisions will cooperate in facilitating the enrollment of any child placed in foster care across jurisdictional lines to enhance continuity of instruction. The child will be allowed to continue to attend the school in which he was enrolled prior to the most recent foster care placement, upon the joint determination of the placing social services agency and the school division that such attendance is in the best interest of the child. No person of school age who is the subject of a foster care placement will be charged tuition regardless of whether the child is attending the school in which he was enrolled prior to the most recent foster care placement or is attending a school in the receiving school division. These provisions apply to any student who was in in foster care upon reaching 18 years of age and has not reached 22 years of age.

Certain other students may be admitted into the public schools of the division and may be charged tuition in accordance with Va. Code § 22.1-5 and pursuant to MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS School Board Regulation JEC-R School Admission.

#### Children of Persons on Active Military Duty

##### No child of a person on active military duty

- who is attending a school free of charge in accordance with this policy shall be charged tuition by the school division upon such child's relocation to military housing located in another school division in the Commonwealth, pursuant to orders received by such child's parent to relocate to base housing. Such children shall be allowed to continue attending school in the school division and shall not be charged tuition for attending such school;
- who is attending a school free of charge in accordance with this policy shall be charged tuition upon such child's relocation pursuant to orders received by such child's parent to relocate to a new duty station or to be deployed. Such children shall be allowed to remain enrolled in the current school division free of tuition through the end of the school year; and
- who is eligible to attend school free of charge in accordance with this policy shall be charged tuition by a school division that will be the child's school division of residence once his service member parent is relocated pursuant to orders received. Such a child shall be allowed to enroll in the school division of the child's intended residence if documentation is provided, at the time of enrollment, of military orders of the service member parent or an official letter from the service member's command indicating such relocation. Documentation indicating a permanent address within the school division shall be provided to the school division within 120 days of a child's enrollment or tuition may be charged, including tuition for the days since the child's enrollment in school. In the event that the child's service member parent is ordered to relocate before the 120th day following the child's enrollment, the school division shall not charge tuition. Students eligible to enroll in the school division in accordance with this policy because they are the children of military personnel on active military duty who will reside in the division may register, remotely or in-person, for courses and other academic programs and participate in the lottery process for charter schools and college partnership laboratory schools in the school division at the same time and in the same manner as students who

reside in the division. The assignment of the school such child will attend shall be determined by the school division.

Such children shall be counted in the average daily membership of the school division in which they are enrolled. Further, the school division in which such children are enrolled subsequent to their relocation to base housing shall not be responsible for providing for their transportation to and from school.

#### ADDITIONAL ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Except as otherwise provided below, no pupil shall be admitted for the first time to any public school in any school division in Virginia unless the person enrolling the pupil presents, upon admission, a certified copy of the pupil's birth record. The principal or his designee shall record the official state birth number from the pupil's birth record into the pupil's permanent school record and may retain a copy in the pupil's permanent school record. If a certified copy of the pupil's birth record cannot be obtained, the person so enrolling the pupil shall submit an affidavit setting forth the pupil's age and explaining the inability to present a certified copy of the birth record. If the school division cannot ascertain a child's age because of the lack of a birth certificate, the child shall nonetheless be admitted into the public schools if the division superintendent determines that the person submitting the affidavit presents information sufficient to estimate with reasonable certainty the age of such child.
- B. If a certified copy of the birth record is not provided, the administration shall immediately notify the local law enforcement agency. The notice to the local law-enforcement agency shall include copies of the submitted proof of the pupil's identity and age and the affidavit explaining the inability to produce a certified copy of the birth record.
- C. Within 14 days after enrolling a transfer student, the administration shall request documentation that a certified copy of the pupil's birth record was presented when the pupil was enrolled in the former school.
- D. The School Board assigns a unique student identification number, determined in accordance with a system developed by the Department of Education, to each student enrolled in the division. No student identification number includes or is derived from the student's social security number. Each student retains the student's identification number for as long as the student is enrolled in a public elementary or secondary school in Virginia.
- E. Tuition rates are established each year in accordance with the provisions of Va. Code § 22.1-5.
- F. Prior to admission to the MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS School Division, the parent, guardian, or other person having control or charge of the child shall provide, upon registration,
  - a sworn statement or affirmation indicating whether the student has been expelled from school attendance at a private school or in a public school division of the Commonwealth or another state for an offense in violation of school board policies relating to weapons, alcohol or drugs, or for the willful infliction of injury to another

person. This document shall be maintained as a part of the student's scholastic record; and

- a sworn statement or affirmation indicating whether the student has been found guilty of or adjudicated delinquent for any offense listed in subsection G of Va. Code § 16.1-260 or any substantially similar offense under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or its territories. This document shall be maintained by the superintendent and by any others to whom he disseminates it, separately from all other records concerning the student.

However, if the school administrators or the School Board takes disciplinary action against a student based upon an incident which formed the basis for the adjudication of delinquency or conviction for an offense listed in subsection G of § 16.1-260, the notice shall become a part of the student's disciplinary record.

When the child is registered as a result of a foster care placement, the information required under this subsection must be furnished by the local social services agency or licensed child-placing agency that made the placement.

- G. A student, who has been expelled or suspended for more than thirty days from attendance at school by a school board or a private school in Virginia or in another state or for whom admission has been withdrawn by a private school in Virginia or another state may be excluded from attendance in the MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS School Division regardless of whether such student has been admitted to another school division or private school in Virginia or in another state subsequent to such expulsion, suspension, or withdrawal of admission upon a finding that the student presents a danger to the other students or staff of the school division after (i) written notice to the student and his/her parent that the student may be subject to exclusion, including the reasons therefore, and notice of the opportunity for the student or his parent to participate in a hearing to be conducted by the superintendent or his designee regarding such exclusion; and (ii) a hearing of the case has been conducted by the superintendent or his/her designee; and the decision has been to exclude the student from attendance. The student or his parent may file a written petition for review with the School Board within 15 days of notice of the decision of the superintendent or his/her designee. If the School Board grants a review of the record, the decision of the superintendent or his/her designee may be altered.

Upon the expiration of the exclusion period for an expulsion or a withdrawal of admission, which period shall be established by the School Board, committee thereof, or superintendent or his designee, as the case may be, at the relevant hearing, the student may petition the School Board for readmission. If the petition for readmission is rejected, the School Board shall identify the length of the continuing exclusion period and the subsequent date upon which such student may petition the School Board for readmission.

For the purposes of this section, the superintendent's designee shall be a (i) trained hearing officer or (ii) professional employee within the administrative offices of the school division who reports directly to the superintendent and who is not a school-based instructional or administrative employee.

In excluding any such expelled student from school attendance, the School Board may accept or reject any or all of any conditions for readmission imposed upon such student by the expelling school board pursuant to Va. Code § 22.1-277.06. The excluding School Board shall not impose additional conditions for readmission to school.

- H. This policy does not preclude contractual arrangements between the MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS School Board and agencies of the federal government or the school board of another jurisdiction to permit students not otherwise eligible to attend MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Public Schools.
- I. Prior to admission, the student must document compliance with, or eligibility for exemption from, the physical examination and immunization requirements contained in Va. Code §§ 22.1-270, 22.1-271.2 and 32.1-46 and policies JHCA Physical Examinations of Students and JHCB Student Immunizations.

If the person enrolling a child who has been placed in foster care by a local social services agency is unable to produce a report of a comprehensive physical examination and/or proof of immunization, the student shall be immediately enrolled; however, the person enrolling the child shall provide a written statement that, to the best of his knowledge, the student is in good health and is free from communicable or contagious disease. In addition, the placing social service agency shall obtain and produce the required documents or otherwise ensure compliance with the statutory requirements for the foster child within 30 days after the child's enrollment.

Adopted: July 20, 2015  
Revised: July 17, 2018; July 29, 2019

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Legal Refs.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-1, 22.1-3, 22.1-3.1, 22.1-3.2, 22.1-3.4, 22.1-5, 22.1-255, 22.1-260, 22.1-270, 22.1-271.2, 22.1-276.01, 22.1-277.2, 22.1-287.02, 22.1-288.2, 32.1-46, 63.2-100, 63.2-900, and 63.2-1200.

2007 Va. Opin. AG 07-015.  
1987-88 Va. Opin. AG 374.

Cross Refs.:	JEC-R	School Admission
	JECA	Admission of Homeless Children
	JHCA	Physical Examinations of Students
	JHCB	Immunization of Students
	JGD/JGE	Student Suspension/Expulsion

## SCHOOL ADMISSION

No person shall be charged tuition for admission or enrollment in the Mecklenburg County public schools, whether on a full-time or part-time basis, who is eligible for admission under Policies JEC or JECA. School officials may not inquire into the student's citizenship or B, C or D visa status in determining eligibility for tuition-free enrollment in the Mecklenburg County public schools.

However, the school division may admit and charge tuition to a student who:

- A. Is a resident of the school division but not of school age;
- B. Is of school age and not a resident of Virginia but is temporarily living with a non-parent who resides within the school division;
- C. Is of school age and resides beyond the boundaries of Virginia but near thereto in a state or the District of Columbia which grants equal attendance privileges to residents of the Commonwealth;
- D. Is of school age and resides on a military or naval reservation located wholly or partly within the geographical boundaries of the school division, is not a domiciled resident of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and is a student for whom federal funds provided under Public Law 874 of 1950, commonly known as Impact Aid, fund less than 50 percent of the total per capita cost of education in Mecklenburg County Public Schools exclusive of capital outlay and debt service; such students shall be eligible for interscholastic programs immediately upon enrollment, provided that such persons (i) satisfy all other requirements for eligibility and (ii) are dependents of a military service member required by the military to live on the military installation as evidenced by a statement on command letterhead signed by, or by direction of, the service member's commanding officer;
- E. Is of school age and attending a school in the division pursuant to a foreign student exchange program approved by the School Board;
- F. Is a resident of the Commonwealth but not of the school division, except as provided in Policy JEC School Admission;
- G. Is of school age and was enrolled in a public school within the division as a domiciled resident of the Commonwealth, and has been required as a result of military or federal orders issued to their parents to relocate and reside on federal property in another state or the District of Columbia, where such state or the District of Columbia is contiguous to the school division; or
- H. Is of school age and residing within the school division, and is enrolled in summer programs other than remediation required under Va. Code § 22.1-253:13.1, or is enrolled in local initiatives or programs not required by the Standards of Quality or the Standards of Accreditation,

Eligibility for consideration does not signify acceptance of the admission application of a student. Each application for admission will be considered on an individual basis. The

residency of persons in the above categories who reside in housing or temporary shelter, or on property located in multiple jurisdictions, shall be determined in the manner set forth in Policy JEC School Admission.

Foreign students in an F-1 immigration status or who obtain F-1 student visas shall not be admitted in the division's elementary schools or publicly funded adult education programs. Such students may be admitted, for a period up to twelve months, in the division's secondary schools only if they pre-pay the full, unsubsidized per capita cost of the education.

#### Procedure for Admission

The following procedure shall be followed for application and review of applications for admission of students who are not eligible for tuition-free enrollment.

A parent or guardian of a student shall apply for admission on behalf of his/her child by completing the division application. The application form shall contain information and agreements including, but not limited to:

- the current legal residence of the child and the school division in which he/she is currently enrolled, if any;
- the child's social security number, if applicable;
- the basis for requesting admission;
- the specific building and grade level (elementary) or course offerings (secondary) in which the student desires to be enrolled if accepted by the division; and,
- the agreement that the student is subject to all policies and regulations of the school division, including the Policy JFC Student Conduct and the Standards of Student Conduct.

Within 15 calendar days of receipt of the application, the Mecklenburg County Office of the school division shall provide the applicant with written notification of the approval or denial of the application. If the student is to be admitted, the superintendent or superintendent's designee shall notify the division which the student previously attended, if any, and make necessary arrangements for the transfer of student records. The notification of admission shall state the period for which the student is accepted and the subsequent conditions which could cause the acceptance to be terminated.

If the application is denied, the Mecklenburg County Office shall notify the parent or guardian of the right to have the decision reviewed by sending a written request to the superintendent/designee within seven calendar days. Applications denied based upon the student's suspension, expulsion, or withdrawal of admission shall be reviewed in as provided in Policy JEC School Admission. For all other denials of admission, the superintendent/designee shall respond in writing to the request for review within 10 calendar days.

#### Tuition Rate

The tuition rate shall be set by the superintendent for each academic year.

### Transportation

Transportation shall not be furnished to nonresident students except in those cases where:

- agreements between divisions specify transportation services;
- federal or state legislation mandates the provision of transportation services;  
or
- transportation services can be provided at no cost to the division.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: July 20, 2020

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Legal Refs: 8 CFR 214.2.

Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-3, 22.1-5 and 22.1-260.

1999 Va. Op. Atty. Gen. 105

Cross Refs.:	JEC	School Admission
	JECA	Admission of Homeless Children
	JFC	Student Conduct
	JO	Student Records



## ADMISSION OF HOMELESS CHILDREN

The Mecklenburg County Public School Board is committed to educating homeless children and youth. Homeless children and youth are not stigmatized or segregated on the basis of their status as homeless. The school division coordinates the identification and provision of services to such students with relevant local social services agencies and other agencies and programs providing services to such students, and with other school divisions as may be necessary to resolve interdivisional issues.

The Mecklenburg County Public School Division serves each homeless student according to the student's best interest and will

- continue the student's education in the school of origin for the duration of homelessness
  - if the student becomes homeless between academic years or during an academic year; or
  - for the remainder of the academic year, if the student becomes permanently housed during an academic year; or
- enroll the student in any public school that nonhomeless students who live in the attendance area in which the student is actually living are eligible to attend.

In determining the best interest of a homeless student, the Mecklenburg County School Board

- presumes that keeping the student in the school of origin is in the student's best interest, except when doing so is contrary to the request of the student's parent or guardian, or (in the case of an unaccompanied youth) the youth;
- considers student-centered factors related to the student's best interest, including factors related to the impact of mobility on achievement, education, health and safety of homeless students, giving priority to the request of the student's parent or guardian or (in the case of an unaccompanied youth) the youth;
- if, after conducting the best interest determination based on consideration of the presumption and the student-centered factors above, the Mecklenburg County Public School division determines that it is not in the student's best interest to attend the school of origin or the school requested by the parent or guardian, or (in the case of an unaccompanied youth) the youth, provides the student's parent or guardian or the unaccompanied youth with a written explanation of the reasons for its determination, in a manner and form understandable to such parent, guardian or unaccompanied youth, including information regarding the right to appeal; and
- in the case of an unaccompanied youth, ensures that the division homeless liaison assists in placement or enrollment decisions, gives priority to the views of such unaccompanied youth and provides notice to such youth of the right to appeal.

## Enrollment

The school selected in accordance with this policy immediately enrolls the homeless student, even if the student

- is unable to produce records normally required for enrollment, such as previous academic records, records of immunization and other required health records, proof of residency or other documentation; or
- has missed application or enrollment deadlines during any period of homelessness.

The enrolling school immediately contacts the school last attended by the student to obtain relevant academic and other records.

If the student needs to obtain immunizations or other required health records, the enrolling school immediately refers the parent or guardian of the student or, (in the case of an unaccompanied youth) the youth, to the division's homeless liaison, who assists in obtaining necessary immunizations or screenings, or immunization or other required health records.

If the documentation regarding the comprehensive physical examination required by Policy JHCA Physical Examinations of Students cannot be furnished for a homeless child or youth, and the person seeking to enroll the pupil furnishes to the school division an affidavit stating that the documentation cannot be provided because of the homelessness of the child or youth and also indicating that, to the best of his or her knowledge, such pupil is in good health and free from any communicable or contagious disease, the school division immediately refers the student to the division's homeless liaison who, as soon as practicable, assists in obtaining the necessary physical examination by the county or city health department or other clinic or physician's office and immediately admits the pupil to school.

The decision regarding placement is made regardless of whether the student lives with the homeless parents or has been temporarily placed elsewhere.

## Enrollment Disputes

If a dispute arises over eligibility, or school selection or enrollment in a school

- the homeless student is immediately enrolled in the school in which enrollment is sought, pending final resolution of the dispute, including all available appeals;
- the parent or guardian of the student or (in the case of an unaccompanied youth) the youth is provided with a written explanation of any decisions related to school selection or enrollment made by the school, the school division or the Virginia Department of Education, including the rights of the parent, guardian or student to appeal the decision;

- the student, parent or guardian is referred to the division's homeless liaison who carries out the appeal process as expeditiously as possible after receiving notice of the dispute; and
- in the case of an unaccompanied youth, the homeless liaison ensures that the youth is immediately enrolled in the school in which the youth seeks enrollment pending resolution of the dispute.

## Appeal Process

### Oral Complaint

In the event that an unaccompanied student or the parent or guardian of a student (hereinafter referred to as the Complainant) disagrees with a school's decision regarding the student's eligibility to attend the school, the Complainant shall orally present his position to the division's homeless liaison.

### Written Complaint

If the disagreement is not resolved within five (5) school days, the Complainant may present a written complaint to the homeless liaison. The written complaint must include the following information: the date the complaint is given to the homeless liaison; a summary of the events surrounding the dispute; the name(s) of the school division personnel involved in the enrollment decision; and the result of the presentation of the oral complaint to the homeless liaison.

Within five (5) school days after receiving the written complaint, the homeless liaison will reach a decision regarding the contested enrollment and shall provide a written statement of that decision, including the reasons therefore, to the Complainant. The liaison will inform the Superintendent of the formal complaint and its resolution.

### Appeal to Superintendent

If the Complainant is not satisfied with the written decision of the homeless liaison, the Complainant may appeal that decision to the Superintendent by filing a written appeal. The homeless liaison shall ensure that the Superintendent receives copies of the written complaint and the response thereto. The Superintendent or designee shall schedule a conference with the Complainant to discuss the complaint. Within five (5) school days of receiving the written appeal, the Superintendent, or designee, shall provide a written decision to the Complainant including a statement of the reasons therefore.

## Comparable Services

Each homeless student is provided services comparable to services offered to other students in the school attended by the homeless student including the following:

- transportation services;
- educational services for which the student meets the eligibility criteria, such as services provided under Title I, educational programs for children with disabilities and educational programs for English learners;
- programs in career and technical education;
- programs for gifted and talented students; and
- school nutrition programs.

## Transportation

At the request of the parent or guardian (or in the case of an unaccompanied youth, the liaison), transportation is provided for a homeless student to and from the school of origin as follows:

- if the homeless child or youth continues to live in the area served by the division in which the school of origin is located, the child's or youth's transportation to and from the school of origin is provided or arranged by the division in which the school of origin is located.
- if the homeless child's or youth's living arrangements in the area served by the division in which the school of origin is located terminate and the child or youth, though continuing his or her education in the school of origin, begins living in an area served by another division, the division of origin and the division in which the homeless child or youth is living must agree upon a method to apportion the responsibility and costs for providing the child with transportation to and from the school of origin. If the divisions are unable to agree upon such method, the responsibility and costs for transportation are shared equally.

## Definitions

The term "homeless student" means an individual who lacks a fixed, regular and adequate nighttime residence and includes:

1. children and youths, including unaccompanied youths who are not in the physical custody of their parents, who
  - a. are sharing the housing of other persons due to loss of housing, economic hardship or a similar reason; are living in motels, hotels, trailer parks or camping grounds due to the lack of alternative adequate accommodations or in emergency or transitional shelters; or are abandoned in hospitals;
  - b. have a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings; or

- c. are living in parked cars, parks, public spaces, abandoned buildings, substandard housing, bus or train stations or similar settings; and
2. migratory children who qualify as homeless for the purposes of this policy because the children are living in circumstances described above.

The term "migratory child" means a child who moved from one residence to another and from one school division to another in the preceding 36 months as a migratory agricultural worker or migratory fisher or with, or to join, a parent or spouse who is a migratory agricultural worker or a migratory fisher.

The term "school of origin" means the school that the student attended when permanently housed or the school in which the student was last enrolled.

The term "unaccompanied youth" includes a youth not in the physical custody of a parent or guardian.

Adopted: February 25, 2015  
Revised: May 21, 2018

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Legal Refs.: 20 U.S.C. § 6399.

42 U.S.C. §§ 11302, 11431, 11432, 11433, 11434a.

Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §§ 22.1-3, 22.1-70, 22.1-78, 22.1-253.13:1, 22.1-270.

Cross Ref.:	JEC	School Admission
	JHCA	Physical Examinations of Students

## ADMISSION OF NONPUBLIC STUDENTS FOR PART-TIME ENROLLMENT

### Generally

The Mecklenburg County School Board acknowledges the provisions for equivalent instruction under Virginia law.

The parents of students attending private school or being home schooled pursuant to Va. Code § 22.1-254.1 who wish to enroll their students on a part-time basis in the Mecklenburg County Public Schools for participation in academic and/or extracurricular/club activities shall, along with the students, comply with this policy.

### Admission

The parents shall identify their children as private school or home school students who desire part-time enrollment in academic courses of study. Students admitted under this policy are designated as part-time students. At the time of applying for admission, students shall designate the academic course(s) in which they want to enroll and each extracurricular or club activity in which they wish to participate.

### Enrollment

Students may enroll in one to three academic class(es) (high school) or one or more instructional unit(s) (elementary/middle school). Students wishing to participate in an academic class shall have completed all prerequisite course work or the equivalent required of full-time public school students wishing to enroll in the course. If part-time enrollment causes total enrollment in a class or grade level to exceed the maximum allowed by state or local policy (e.g. resulting in the need to employ another teacher) admission will be denied.

Once enrolled, the student shall comply with behavioral, disciplinary, attendance and other rules applicable to all students, including rules governing the use of the division's computer systems. If a student fails to comply, the school may withhold credit and/or terminate the student's participation in addition to taking any disciplinary action that would be taken against a full-time student for similar conduct.

### Activities

Students wishing to participate in a Virginia High School League (VHSL) governed extracurricular or club activity shall satisfy the same or equivalent criteria for such activities that full-time students must satisfy. Students admitted under this policy shall participate in any try-out or selection process required of full-time students.

### Transportation

The parents of the children for whom part-time admission is sought are responsible for the transportation of the child to and from school, including any expenses incident thereto.

### Academic Credit

Class ranking and grade-point-average are not computed for part-time students.

## JROTC Membership for Homeschooled Students

Membership in Junior Reserve Officer Training (JROTC) units is open to homeschooled students as provided in Policy LBD Home Instruction.

Adopted: April 22, 2019

Revised: June 15, 2020

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Legal Refs.: Code of Virginia, as amended, §§ 22.1-78, 22.1-254.1; 22.1-253.13:2.

1973-74 Ops. Va. Att'y Gen. 305.

Cross Refs.:	JECA	School Admission
	JHCB	Student Immunizations
	IGDA	Extracurricular Activities
	IHB	Class Size
	IIBEA	Acceptable Computer System Use
	JFC	Student Conduct
	LBD	Home Instruction

## STUDENT ABSENCES/EXCUSES/DISMISSALS

### I. Student Attendance Policy

Student attendance is a cooperative effort and the School Board involves parents and students in accepting the responsibility for good attendance.

Each parent/guardian or person having control or charge of a child within the compulsory attendance age is responsible for such child's regular and punctual attendance at school as required under provisions of the law.

Parents of students who are absent must inform the school of the reason for the absence no later than upon the student's return to school. Absences are excused for the following reasons:

- Illness (if over two days, the school may require a note from the physician);
- Medical and dental appointments;
- Court appearance;
- Death in the family;
- Observance of a religious holiday; and
- Extenuating circumstances as determined by the school administration

The superintendent, by regulation, establishes procedures for appropriate interventions when a student engages in a pattern of absences for less than a full day, the explanation of which, if it were a full-day absence, would not be an excused absence.

The superintendent's regulations include procedures for excusing students who are absent by reason of observance of a religious holiday. Such regulations ensure that a student is not deprived of any award or of eligibility or opportunity to compete for any award, or of the right to take an alternate test or examination, which the student missed by reason of such absence, if the absence is verified in an acceptable manner.

Students shall attend school for a full day unless excused by the principal or principal's designee.

High school students may spend a maximum of 10 school days each academic year participating in High School to Work Partnerships established pursuant to guidelines developed by the Board of Education. Students who miss a partial or full day of school while participating in Partnership programs are not counted as absent for the purposes of calculating average daily membership. The superintendent's regulations include procedures by which students may make up work missed while participating in a High School to Work Partnership.

An attendance officer, or a division superintendent or the superintendent's designee when acting as an attendance officer pursuant to Va. Code § 22.1-258, may complete, sign, and file with the intake officer of the juvenile and domestic relations district court, on forms approved by the Supreme Court of Virginia, a petition for a



violation of a school attendance order entered by the juvenile and domestic relations district court pursuant to Va. Code § 16.1-278.5 in response to the filing of a petition alleging the pupil is a child in need of supervision as defined in Va. Code § 16.1-228.

Nothing in this policy shall be construed to limit in any way the authority of any attendance officer or the division superintendent to seek immediate compliance with the compulsory school attendance law.

## II. Compulsory Attendance Procedures

Whenever a student fails to report to school on a regularly scheduled school day and no information has been received by school personnel that the student's parent is aware of and supports the absence, the school principal, principal's designee, attendance officer or other school personnel or volunteer notifies the parent by phone, email or other electronic means to obtain an explanation. School staff records the student's absence for each day as "excused" or "unexcused".

### A. Upon Fifth Absence Without Parental Awareness and Support

If (1) a student fails to report to school for a total of five scheduled school days for the school year, and (2) there is no indication that the student's parent is aware of and supports the absence; and (3) reasonable efforts to notify the parent of the absences have failed, then the principal or his designee or the attendance officer shall make a reasonable effort to ensure that direct contact is made with the parent, either in person or through telephone conversation, to obtain an explanation for the pupil's absence and to explain to the parent the consequences of continued nonattendance. The school principal, principal's designee or the attendance officer, the pupil, and the pupil's parent shall jointly develop a plan to resolve the pupil's nonattendance. Such plan shall include documentation of the reasons for the pupil's nonattendance.

### B. Upon Sixth Absence Without Parental Awareness and Support

If the pupil is absent an additional day after direct contact with the pupil's parent and the attendance officer has received no indication that the pupil's parent is aware of and supports the pupil's absence, the school principal, principal's designee or the attendance officer shall schedule a conference within ten school days, which must take place no later than the fifteenth school day after the sixth absence. At the conference, the pupil, his parent, and school personnel, shall meet to resolve issues related to the pupil's nonattendance. Other community service providers may also be included in the conference.

### C. Upon Additional Absence Without Parental Awareness and Support

Upon the next absence after the conference without indication to the attendance officer that the pupil's parent is aware of and supports the pupil's absence, the principal or principal's designee shall notify the attendance officer or superintendent or superintendent's designee who shall enforce the

compulsory attendance rules by either or both of the following: (i) filing a complaint with the juvenile and domestic relations court alleging the pupil is a child in need of supervision as defined in Va. Code §16.1-228 or (ii) instituting proceedings against the parent pursuant to Va. Code §§18.2-371 or 22.1-262. In filing a complaint against the student, the attendance officer shall provide written documentation of the efforts already undertaken to resolve the pupil's absence. If the student's parents have joint physical custody of the student and the school has notice of the custody arrangement, then both parents shall be notified at their last known addresses.

#### D. Parental Cooperation in Remediating Excessive Unexcused Absences

It is expected that parents will cooperate with the attendance officer and other school officials to remedy the student's attendance problem. Where direct contact with a parent cannot be made, despite reasonable efforts, or where parents otherwise fail to cooperate in remediating the student's attendance problem, the superintendent or the superintendent's designee may seek immediate compliance with the compulsory school attendance laws. The attendance officer, with the knowledge and approval of the Superintendent, shall institute proceedings against any parent who fails to comply with the requirements of the compulsory attendance laws. Where the complaint arises out of the parent's failure to comply with the requirements of § 22.1-258, the attendance officer shall document the school division's compliance with this Code section.

#### III. Report for Suspension of Driver's License

In addition to any other actions taken pursuant to this policy, if a student who is under 18 years of age has 10 or more unexcused absences from school on consecutive school days, the principal may notify the juvenile and domestic relations court, which may take action to suspend the student's driver's license.

#### IV. Attendance Reporting

Student attendance is monitored and reported as required by state law and regulations. At the end of each school year, each public school principal reports to the superintendent the number of pupils by grade level for whom a conference was scheduled pursuant to Part II (B) above. The superintendent compiles this information and provides it annually to the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

#### V. Dismissal Precautions

Principals do not release a student during the school day to any person not authorized by the student's parent/guardian to assume responsibility for the pupil. Students are released only on request and authorization of parent or guardian. The superintendent establishes procedures for release of pupils who are not residing with or under the supervision of a parent/guardian. The burden of proof on the authority of the person to receive the student is on the requesting party. A formal check-out system is maintained in each school.

Adopted: February 25, 2015  
Revised: April 16, 2018; July 20, 2020

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-254, 22.1-258, 22.1-260, 22.1-279.3, 46.2-323, 46.2-334.01, and 54.1-3900.

8 VAC 20-230-20.

8 VAC 20-730-10.

Cross Refs.: IGAJ

Driver Education

JFC

Student Conduct

STUDENT ABSENCES/EXCUSES/DISMISSALS  
REGULATIONS

**Absences/Excuses:**

- A. Students are expected to make up all work missed within 3-5 days of return. The principal or designee, however, may consider extenuating circumstances in extending the time limit.
- B. Excused absences in accordance with MCPS Policy JED may be considered excused upon receipt of a valid written note (5 per semester) or other form of notice approved by the school from the parent or guardian on the day or within 3 days of the student's return to school.
- C. The principal or designee may require documentation beyond the written excuse (dr. note) if more than 5 (five) handwritten notes have been sent for that semester.
- D. Any student whose absences exceed, during a school year, 20 school days in a year or 20 class periods of a course scheduled daily or 10 class periods for a block class may not receive credit for the course. The principal may require the parent, guardian, and student to attend a conference whereby documentation can be discussed for the days absent. The principal may waive this requirement upon consideration of extenuating circumstances. This consequence complies with the state Standards for Accrediting Public Schools that define the standard for awarding course credit for graduation. For elementary and middle school students, excessive absences may be a factor in decisions regarding a student's promotion to the next grade.
- E. Any decision to deny credit or promotion may be appealed to the Superintendent or his/her Designee for final disposition.
- F. Any student who displays a pattern of excessive absences, tardies, or early dismissals, whether excused or not, may be referred to the principal or designee for truancy. They shall investigate and recommend appropriate corrective action, including a conference with the parent or guardian, alternative placement, or referral to the appropriate agencies.

Each Principal will ensure that teachers are accountable for the following:

- A. Each teacher shall keep an accurate daily or class record of attendance of all children assigned.
- B. Each teacher shall communicate with a student's parents if poor attendance is affecting the student's progress and maintain a log of those contacts.

**Dismissal:**

- A. A student will not be released in the custody of anyone other than the student's legal parent or guardian unless the school has received permission from the student's legal parent or guardian for such a release. In cases where recognition is not certain definite identification shall be established.
  
- B. Any student who needs to be released during the school day prior to dismissal shall bring a written request for such dismissal. This request must be signed by the student's legal parent or guardian and should be presented to the principal's office at least one day in advance of the dismissal, if possible. By exception, the principal can grant this type of request without a formal written request. In cases where the validity of the request is questionable, verification shall be obtained.
  
- C. Each school will maintain a formal checkout system to ensure this requirement is met.

Adopted: May 21, 2018

## EXCLUSIONS AND EXEMPTIONS FROM SCHOOL ATTENDANCE

The School Board shall excuse from attendance at school:

1. Any student who, together with the student's parents, by reason of bona fide religious training or belief is conscientiously opposed to attendance at school.
2. On the recommendation of the juvenile and domestic relations court of the city or county in which the student resides, and for such period of time as the court determines appropriate, any student who, together with the student's parents, is opposed to attendance at a school by reason of concern for the student's health as verified by competent medical evidence, or by reason of such pupil's reasonable apprehension for personal safety when such concern or apprehension in that pupil's specific case is determined by the court, upon consideration of the recommendation of the principal and division superintendent, to be justified.

The School Board may excuse from attendance at school:

1. On recommendation of the principal and the superintendent and with the written consent of the parent or guardian, any student who the school board determines, in accordance with regulations of the Board of Education, cannot benefit from education at school; or
2. On recommendation of the juvenile and domestic relations district court of the city or county in which the student resides, any student who, in the judgment of the court, cannot benefit from education at school.

Any request for exemption from attendance shall be presented annually in writing to the superintendent or superintendent's designee.

The compulsory education requirements do not apply to

- Children suffering from contagious or infectious diseases;
- Children whose immunizations against communicable diseases have not been completed;
- Children under 10 years of age who live more than two miles from a public school unless public transportation is provided within one mile of the place where such children live; and
- Children between the ages of 10 and 17, inclusive, who live more than 2.5 miles from a public school unless public transportation is provided within 1.5 miles of the place where such children live.

In addition, any child who will not have reached the child's sixth birthday on or before September 30 of each school year whose parent or guardian notifies the school board that the parent does not wish the child to attend school until the following year because the child, in the opinion of the parent or guardian, is not mentally, physically, or emotionally prepared to attend school, may delay the child's attendance for one year.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: July 20, 2020

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-254.

Cross Refs.:	JEA	Compulsory Attendance
	JHCB	Immunization of Students
	JHCC	Communicable Diseases
	LBD	Home Instruction



## STUDENT INVOLVEMENT IN DECISION MAKING

The School Board recognizes the student body as a significant part of the community and in the decision making process.

Student input is important in the data collection process, and on relevant issues students' views will be sought and considered by the superintendent and the School Board.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

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Legal Refs.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-78.

Cross Refs.: AE                      School Division Goals and Objectives  
                  BBBB                     Student Liaison to the School Board

## STUDENT CONDUCT

### Generally

The Mecklenburg County School Board establishes expectations for student conduct so that public education is conducted in an atmosphere free of disruption and threat to persons or property and supportive of individual rights.

In addition to the types of conduct prohibited below, the superintendent issues Standards of Student Conduct and a list of possible actions for violations of those Standards.

This Policy and the Standards of Student Conduct apply to all Mecklenburg County school students. They are enforced when the student's conduct occurs when the student is

- On school property.
- Traveling to school or from school.
- Traveling to, at, and from bus stops.
- In School Board vehicles.
- In attendance at any school-sponsored activity.
- Off school property if the conduct disrupts the learning environment.

The School Board and superintendent biennially review the model student conduct code developed by the Virginia Board of Education to incorporate into policy and the Standards of Student Conduct a range of discipline options and alternatives to preserve a safe and non-disruptive environment for effective learning and teaching.

### Parental Involvement and Responsibility

Each parent of a student enrolled in Mecklenburg County Public schools has a duty to assist in enforcing this policy, the Standards of Student Conduct and compulsory school attendance in order that education may be conducted in an atmosphere free of disruption and threat to persons or property and supportive of individual rights. This policy, the Standards of Student Conduct, a notice of the requirements of Va. Code § 22.1-279.3, and a copy of the compulsory school attendance law is sent to all parents within one calendar month of the opening of schools simultaneously with any other materials customarily distributed at that time. A statement for the parent's signature acknowledging the receipt of this policy, the Standards of Student Conduct, the requirements of Va. Code § 22.1-279.3 and the compulsory school attendance law is also sent. Parents are notified that by signing the statement of receipt, they are not deemed to waive, but expressly reserve, their rights protected by the constitution or laws of the United States or Virginia. Each school maintains records of the signed statements.

The school principal may request the student's parent or parents, if both have legal and physical custody, to meet with the principal or principal's designee to review this policy, the Standards of Student Conduct and the parent's or parents' responsibility to participate with the school in disciplining the student and maintaining order, to ensure the student's compliance with compulsory school attendance law and to discuss improvement of the child's behavior, school attendance and educational progress.

The school principal may notify the parents of any student who violates a School Board policy, the Standards of Student Conduct, or the compulsory school attendance requirements when such violation could result in the student's suspension or the filing of a court petition, whether or not the school administration has imposed such disciplinary action or filed such a petition. The notice shall state (1) the date and particulars of the violation; (2) the obligation of the parent to take actions to assist the school in improving the student's behavior and ensuring compliance with compulsory school attendance; (3) that, if the student is suspended, the parent may be required to accompany the student to meet with school officials; and (4) that a petition with the juvenile and domestic relations court may be filed under certain circumstances to declare the student a child in need of supervision.

The principal or principal's designee notifies the parent of any student involved in an incident required to be reported to the superintendent and Virginia Board of Education as described in Policy CLA Reporting Acts of Violence and Substance Abuse.

If a parent fails to comply with the requirements of this Policy, the School Board may ask the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court to proceed against the parent in accordance with the requirements of the Code of Virginia.

A parent, guardian or other person having control or charge of a student is notified in writing of any disciplinary action taken with regard to any incident upon which an adjudication of delinquency or conviction for an offense listed in Va. Code § 16.1-260.G was based and the reasons therefor. The parent or guardian is also notified of the parent or guardian's right to review, and to request an amendment of, the student's scholastic record, in accordance with regulations of the Board of Education governing the management of scholastic records.

#### Prevention, Intervention, and Treatment Activities and Programs

Any student involved in a reportable drug or violent incident, as described in Policy CLA Reporting Acts of Violence and Substance Abuse, participates in prevention and intervention activities deemed appropriate by the superintendent or superintendent's designee. Further, any student who has been found to be in possession of or under the influence of drugs or alcohol on school property or at a school sponsored activity may be required to (1) undergo evaluation for drug or alcohol abuse and (2) participate in a drug and/or alcohol treatment program if recommended by the evaluator and if the parent consents.

#### Prohibited Conduct

The following conduct is prohibited. Students engaging in such conduct are subject to disciplinary action.

##### Bullying and Use of Electronic Means for Bullying

Bullying is prohibited. "Bullying" means any aggressive and unwanted behavior that is intended to harm, intimidate, or humiliate the victim; involves a real or perceived power imbalance between the aggressor or aggressors and victim; and is

repeated over time or causes severe emotional trauma. "Bullying" includes cyber bullying. "Bullying" does not include ordinary teasing, horseplay, argument or peer conflict.

### Gang Activity

Gang activity, as defined in Policy JFCE Gang Activity or Association, is prohibited.

### Harassment

As provided in Policy JFHA/GBA Prohibition Against Harassment and Retaliation, students are prohibited from harassing other students, school staff, volunteers, student teachers or any other person present in school facilities or at school functions.

### Hazing

Hazing is prohibited.

Hazing means to recklessly or intentionally endanger the health or safety of a student or students or to inflict bodily harm on a student or students in connection with or for the purpose of initiation, admission into or affiliation with or as a condition for continued membership in a club, organization, association, fraternity, sorority, or student body regardless of whether the student or students so endangered or injured participated voluntarily in the relevant activity.

### Intentional Injury of Others

Students are prohibited from intentionally injuring others.

### Self-defense

Whether a student acted in self-defense is considered when the student's conduct is evaluated for disciplinary action.

### Threats: Intimidation

Students are prohibited from making any verbal, written or physical threat of bodily injury to another person.

### Trespassing

Students, including students who have been suspended or expelled, are subject to disciplinary action for trespassing on school property

Use and/or Possession of Alcohol, Tobacco Products, Nicotine Vapor Products, Anabolic Steroids, and Other Drugs

Students are prohibited from possessing, using, or distributing any of the restricted substances listed below on school property, on school buses or during school activities, on or off school property.

Students are prohibited from attempting to possess, use, consume, procure and/or purchase, any of the restricted substances listed below or what is represented by or to the student to be any of the restricted substances listed below or what the student believes is any of the restricted substances listed below.

Students are prohibited from being under the influence of any of the restricted substances listed below, regardless of whether the student's condition amounts to legal intoxication.

Restricted substances include but are not limited to alcohol, tobacco products as defined in Policy JFCH Tobacco Products and Nicotine Vapor Products, nicotine vapor products as defined in Policy JFCH Tobacco Products and Nicotine Vapor Products, inhalant products, and other controlled substances defined in the Drug Control Act, Chapter 15.1 of Title 54 of the Code of Virginia, such as anabolic steroids, stimulants, depressants, hallucinogens, marijuana, imitation and look-alike drugs, drug paraphernalia and any prescription or non-prescription drug possessed in violation of School Board policy.

In addition to any other consequences which may result, a student who is a member of a school athletic team will be ineligible for two school years to compete in interscholastic athletic competition if the school principal and the superintendent determine that the student used anabolic steroids during the training period immediately preceding or during the sport season of the athletic team, unless such steroid was prescribed by a licensed physician for a medical condition.

#### Use of Profane or Obscene Language and Conduct

Students are prohibited from using profane or obscene language or engaging in profane or obscene conduct.

#### Vandalism

Students are prohibited from vandalizing school property and the property of any School Board staff member or any other person.

The School Board may recover damages sustained because of the willful or malicious destruction or, or damage to, public property pursuant to Policy ECAB Vandalism.

Adopted: 2018

Revised: September 16, 2019; June 15, 2020

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Legal Refs.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§16.1-260, 18.2-56, 18.2-308.1, 18.2-308.7, 22.1-78, 22.1-200.1, 22.1-253.13:7.C.3; 22.1-254, 22.1-276.3, 22.1-277, 22.1-277.08, 22.1-277.2, 22.1-279.1, 22.1-279.3, 22.1-279.3:1, 22.1-279.6, 22.1-288.2.

Model Guidance for Positive and Preventive Code of Student Conduct Policy and Alternatives to Suspension, Virginia Board of Education January 2019.

Cross Refs.:	CLA	Reporting Acts of Violence and Substance Abuse
	EBB	Threat Assessment Teams
	ECAB	Vandalism
	IIBEA/GAB	Acceptable Computer System Use
	IIBEA-R/GAB-R	Technology Use Guidelines
	JFCE	Gang Activity or Association
	JFCF	Drugs in School
	JFG	Search and Seizure
	JFHA/GBA	Prohibition Against Harassment and Retaliation
	JGA	Corporal Punishment
	JGD/JGE	Student Suspension/Expulsion
	JGDA	Disciplining Students with Disabilities
	JGDB	Discipline of Students with Disabilities for Infliction of Serious Bodily Injury
	JN	Student Fees, Fines and Charges

## STUDENT SUBSTANCE ABUSE and DRUG TESTING REGULATION

### I. Purpose and Intent

In keeping with the mission of Mecklenburg County Public Schools, the Student Substance Abuse and Drug Testing Regulation is to protect student health, safety, welfare, and to strengthen partnerships among faculty, administrators, coaches, parents, and students in order to reduce drug related barriers and hazards to academic, athletic and personal development success. A part of the intent of this policy is also to ensure that student athletes and other extracurricular activity participants set an appropriate example for fellow students for whom they are a role model. Mecklenburg County Public Schools realizes students who use alcohol or other drugs put themselves and their fellow students at risk.

This policy is based on the following facts:

- Student participation in extracurricular activities is voluntary. Students who choose to participate do so with the understanding that their participation is a privilege based on their adherence to high moral, ethical, and academic standards.
- Medical studies have established that drug use affects motor skills, learning, memory retention, reasoning ability, and coordination.
- Except in extreme cases, drug use is difficult for laymen, or even physicians, to detect by casual observation.
- No safe level of drug use has been established. Any measurable amount of a mind-altering drug or alcohol in a person's body can cause some degree of impairment, even if that impairment is not readily apparent to the layman.
- The use of alcohol is illegal for anyone under the age of 21.
- All drug use without a prescription is illegal.

### II. Definitions

The terms used in this policy shall have the meanings assigned to them in this section. All other terms used herein shall have their common or ordinary meanings unless defined elsewhere in policy applicable to all students and all school properties, functions, and events.

- a. Student Participant - Any sixth through twelfth grade enrolled in Mecklenburg County Public Schools student participating in any middle school sports, in any Virginia High School League event or other sport as an established athlete or eligible participant at the junior varsity or varsity level, or a member of any extracurricular school club or organization. An established athlete or participant is one who is on a Virginia High School League (VHSL) Master Eligibility List (MEL) which encompasses all students participating in VHSL endorsed athletics and activities. The student athlete retains established status until the

next MEL for any VHSL sanctioned activity is submitted to the VHSL. For extracurricular school clubs or organizations, official rosters will be provided by the club/organization sponsors.

- b. Extracurricular – Any sport, club, organization, or activity that is not linked to an academic grade but that is under the purview of Mecklenburg County Public Schools.
- c. Prohibited Substance - Prohibited substances are controlled substances, imitation controlled substances, performance enhancing drugs, illegal drugs, alcohol, tobacco, nicotine, and any illegal drugs. Some substances are prohibited substances even though they may not be illegal or controlled in some circumstances such as nicotine and tobacco. Nicotine and tobacco are prohibited substances. Tobacco is a prohibited substance even if the user is otherwise legally permitted to use tobacco. Certain performance enhancing drugs, as defined herein, also are prohibited substances.
- d. Controlled Substances - Controlled substances are substances the use of which is regulated or controlled by law. These include but are not limited to prescription medications including but not limited to Loratab, Xanax, and Oxycontin. Prescription drugs used without a valid prescription or in excess of prescribed dosages are considered prohibited substances for purposes of this policy.
- e. Illegal Drugs - Illegal drugs are any substance the possession of which or the use of which is a criminal offense in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Illegal drugs include but are not limited to cocaine, heroin, marijuana, methamphetamines, and includes synthetic drugs. Alcohol is deemed an illegal drug for purposes of this policy. Some common names for some illegal drugs include "coke", "crack", "meth", "crystal meth", and "pot".
- f. Performance Enhancing Drugs - Performance enhancing drugs are substances, including anabolic steroids, the use of which by student athletes is prohibited by the VHSL.
- g. Positive Test Result - A test result showing the presence of a prohibited substance.
- h. Tested Substances - Tested substances are prohibited substances the use of which random drug tests described herein are designed to indicate. The substances commonly tested for, but not limited to, are: alcohol, nicotine, tobacco, performance enhancing drugs, controlled substances, imitation controlled substances, and other illegal drugs.
- i. Reasonable Suspicion - Reasonable suspicion pursuant to this policy shall mean a specific, objective reason to suspect a student participant has used a prohibited substance, including but not limited to the student participant self-reporting use of a prohibited substance, a parent or legal guardian of a student participant reporting the student participant has used a prohibited substance, and the student participant's refusal to provide a test sample when the student participant has been randomly selected for testing pursuant to this policy.
- j. Random Selection - Random selection is the method for selecting student participants to be tested for prohibited substances without reasonable suspicion. All student participants are subject to being randomly selected for testing. For purposes of this policy random selection will include ten percent (10%) of the total eligible student participant population chosen at random by a third party administrator per each random testing event. The eligible population



per random testing event shall be the population of student participant's whose activity or sport occur or take place during the fall, winter, or spring..

- k. Prohibited Substance Use Test or Prohibited Substance Test - A prohibited substance use test or prohibited substance test is a collection of a saliva specimen from a student participant chosen by random selection which is administered by a third party as hereinafter provided.
- l. Substance Abuse Violation - A Substance Abuse Violation is the use of a Prohibited Substance by a Student Participant regardless of where the use occurred. Whether a Substance Abuse Violation has occurred is determined by the Principal of the school the Student Participant attends. A Substance Abuse Violation may be proven solely by a Positive Test Result. A Substance Abuse Violation may also be proven solely by the Student Participant's admission to use of a Prohibited Substance.

### III. Requirements

The Student Substance Abuse and Drug Testing Regulation requires the Mecklenburg County Schools Student Participant Pledge and Consent (JFC-R4), which is the requirement of a signed acknowledgement and agreement by the Student and their parent/guardian that the student is governed by and will comply with this policy.

To participate in any VHSL activity, athletics, or extracurricular club or organization the student must:

1. Along with his/her parent(s) attend seasonal meetings to receive information about the pledge program and the associated process for random drug testing.
2. Read this policy, and document by their signature their pledge (JFC-R4) acknowledging they understand the Student Substance Abuse and Drug Testing Regulation and agree that they will comply with the terms of this policy. The parent/guardian of the student participant also must read this policy and sign to acknowledge they understand this policy, and pledge and agree that they will consent to the enforcement of this policy. Refusal by the student or the parent/guardian(s) of the student to execute such pledge will preclude the student's participation in VHSL activities and athletics or the extracurricular organization or club at the school until the pledge is executed and presented.
3. Refrain from the use of any prohibited substance. Any student who is an adult, having reached the age of eighteen, still must refrain from the use of any prohibited substance which may be legal for that student to use: this includes tobacco and nicotine. Any student who uses a prohibited substance violates this policy and is subject to the consequences prescribed by this policy.
4. Execute the pledge and agree to be subject to testing for prohibited substances either by random selection or upon reasonable suspicion. Any student, regardless of age, who has a positive test result for a prohibited substance may be deemed to have committed a substance abuse violation and be subject to the consequences below set forth.

This policy applies to the student wherever or whenever any use of a prohibited substance occurs. A student's violation of this policy may occur off of school

grounds and outside of, or not during, any school related activity. This policy will apply to the behavior of the student with respect to the use of prohibited substances without respect to the time or location that the use may occur.

#### IV. Interaction with other policies.

In the event that a substance abuse violation occurs on school property, in a school vehicle, at any school-sponsored event, going to or from school, or while participating in school sanctioned activities, then the student shall be subject to the substance use policies applicable to all students, (JFC, JFCF, and JFC-R) in addition to this policy. However, the procedures prescribed by the substance abuse policies applicable to all students shall be followed in such circumstances.

If substance abuse violation occurs other than as provided above, then procedures set forth in this policy shall be followed and only the consequences set forth in this policy shall be enforced.

#### V. Procedures

##### Consent and Eligibility for Testing

Participation in extracurricular organizations and athletics in Mecklenburg County Public Schools is a privilege. For the safety of the student participant and others, all student athletes and those involved in extracurricular clubs or organizations must consent to a) random drug testing b) drug testing due to reasonable suspicion and c) voluntary student or parent disclosure of student drug use. Parents/Guardians must likewise provide their consent for their student participant to be subject to the Mecklenburg County Student Substance Abuse and Drug Testing Regulation

Mecklenburg County students in grades six through twelve who choose to participate in extracurricular activities not required by the Board of Education for graduation will be required to participate in the random testing program in order to participate in their chosen activity.

Students become eligible for testing upon submission of a consent form. Students must submit a consent form immediately following the Student Pledge Program Parent Meeting for their season or before their next practice or meeting following the Pledge Program Meeting.

Students remain eligible for random drug and alcohol testing from the date the consent form is turned in through the end of their sport or extracurricular activity season. In the event that a student eligible for random drug and alcohol, testing ceases to participate or withdraws from an athletic team or extra-curricular activity, he or she will no longer be subject to random drug, and alcohol testing associated with this program.

##### Suspicion Based Testing

In the event that a coach, sponsor, or other school staff has reasonable suspicion to believe that a member of a team or extracurricular activity has been using drugs or alcohol, he/she will provide the name of the player to the Pledge Program Committee.

In the event a parent/guardian suspects their child of drug use, they may likewise provide that information to a member of the Pledge Program Committee. Upon receiving such referral, The Pledge Program Committee will meet with the player to further investigate the suspected use. If the committee believes there is reasonable suspicion of the use of alcohol or drugs, the administration will contact the student's parents to inform them that the student will be required to submit to a drug screen which will be administered according to the procedures outlined below.

For what Substances will Students be Tested?

In administering the program, the division will test for the presence of certain substances that include, but are not limited to, the following substances or their metabolites: alcohol, marijuana (THC), synthetic cannabinoids, opiates, cocaine, methamphetamines, nicotine, anabolic steroids and phencyclidine (a/k/a PCP), MDMA (a/k/a Ecstasy), and/or any other substance defined as a "controlled substance" by either Virginia or Federal law.

Pledge Program Committee and Testing Protocol

The administration of each school will create a Pledge Program Committee comprised of the building principal, the athletic director, and at least one other MCPS employee. The Pledge Program Committee, in coordination with an independent and qualified Third Party Administrator (TPA) will ensure the protocols are followed. The TPA will be contracted to conduct all testing and will be responsible for the random selection with replacement and testing process.

Selection of Students and Random Testing

A confidential testing schedule will be created by the TPA to ensure that seasonal testing of eligible students is conducted in a manner that is random. Testing will be performed at a minimum of two testing sessions on a sample population and test minimally 10% of the total population of student-participants per sport/group, per school, per season (e.g. Fall, Winter, Spring). For students who are in extracurricular clubs or organizations, testing will likewise be performed at a minimum of two testing sessions on a sample population and test minimally 10% of the total population of the students in that club/organization.

A copy of the Middle School Team Roster List and the Virginia High School League (VHSL) Master Eligibility List, identifying athletes for every sport, per sports season, will be used to determine who will be eligible for testing. For the purpose of confidentiality, student-athletes will be identified by a unique number as designated by the school. Selection of eligible students for testing will be conducted using random selection with replacement basis by the TPA selected by

Mecklenburg County Public Schools to administer the random drug and alcohol testing program. A separate group of students will be selected by sport or activity and designated as alternates to be used in the event of student absence. A copy of the membership rosters of all MCPS authorized extracurricular clubs/organizations will be used to determine who will be eligible for testing and handled likewise.

Pledge Program Committee members will notify the individual(s) selected for testing and escort them to the designated location for testing. Drug testing will be performed by collecting a saliva sample.

Testing will take place at each school.

The participant shall complete a specimen control form for the saliva sample. All students selected for testing must remain at the testing site under the direct supervision of the administration or a designee until the testing is complete. Any attempt by a participant to tamper with the specimen collection process or refusal by the participant to provide a sample, will be treated as a resignation from all extracurricular activities for a period of 365 days except in cases where a positive sample would constitute a 3rd violation. In such cases, the student will be banned from any further participation for the remainder of his/her enrollment in the Mecklenburg County School Division.

All efforts will be made to minimize the instructional impact of testing and to maintain the confidentiality and privacy rights of participants.

Specimens that test positive for the presence of illegal or synthetic drugs, alcohol, or their metabolites will be kept by the testing facility for at least one hundred eighty (180) days pending an appeal of the test result.

Students will remain under school supervision until an adequate sample can be provided. If a student has not provided a reliable sample by the end of the school day, then the student will be ineligible to participate in the remaining portion of that sports season absent extenuating circumstances.

The TPA will provide testing materials, testers and a Medical Review Officer (MRO).

In the event of a positive test result, the MRO will make direct contact with the parent/guardian to resolve any extenuating circumstances, medical or other, that may have contributed to an inability to provide a sample, or a positive test result. Mecklenburg County Public Schools will not be involved in resolving positive testing results.

After all testing and test results have been verified, the final report will be provided by the TPA to the Superintendent/Designee.

The names and/or any other personally identifiable information of the students selected for testing will remain confidential. The division respects the privacy of its

students and shall maintain confidentiality regarding any alcohol and drug testing for this program. The results will only be released to designated division personnel. Randomly selected student participants are encouraged to protect their own confidentiality.

#### Notification of Testing & Testing Results

The Superintendent/Designee will provide the results to each school's principal. The principal will share the results with the athletic director.

When a participant tests positive for an illegal drug or alcohol the participant's parent(s) or guardian(s) will be contacted directly by the athletic director or designee. Parents will have 5 business days to provide documentation of a legal prescription that may have caused the positive test.

Results of student tests confirmed by the lab will be provided to the athletic director or designee and discussed with school administration.

All records and subsequent actions shall be kept by the administration in a file separate from the student's school records. The administration will not release records of drug and alcohol tests or any resulting action to anyone other than designated school personnel and the student and/or his/her parent/guardian without written authorization from the student and/or his/her parent/guardian in accordance with 42C.F.R. – Part II.

Student drug testing information will not be turned over to any law enforcement authorities except under circumstances in which the division is legally compelled to surrender or disclose such test results.

The administration will destroy all records for each student when they have no remaining eligibility to participate in VHSL activities due to the fact that they have graduated, they are over the maximum age for participation, or they have completed four years of eligibility.

The testing company will maintain testing records according to their records retention policies.

#### Appeal Procedure

A student or his/her parent(s) or guardian(s) may request a retest of his/her specimen at their own expense at a laboratory of their choice which follows federal Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) standards concerning drug testing protocols and procedures. A written request must be made within twenty-four (24) hours of receiving the results of the drug test from the administration. The specimen previously submitted will be forwarded to the approved lab in cooperation with the division approved independent lab.

Results of the re-test will be provided to the administration by the approved laboratory. During the appeal period students may not participate in athletics or

VHSL-sanctioned, competitive, extra-curricular activities.  
The student will be ineligible to participate during the appeal.

## VI. Consequences

Consequences will result from the following:

- a confirmed positive test for alcohol or illegal or synthetic drugs;
- refusal to participate in testing when selected; and/or
- tampering with the specimen collection process

Students will be ineligible for participation in any athletic or VHSL-sanctioned competitive extra-curricular activities and/or any club/organization activity unless they and their parents complete the Mecklenburg County Schools pledge and random testing for illegal or synthetic drugs and alcohol consent to test form (JFC-R4).

Any attempt by a participant to tamper with the specimen collection process or refusal by the participant to provide a sample, will be treated as a resignation from all extracurricular activities for a period of 365 days except in cases where a positive sample would constitute a 3rd violation. In such cases, the student will be banned from any further participation for the remainder of his/her enrollment in the Mecklenburg County School Division.

Upon confirmation of a positive test or a student's confession of illegal drug and alcohol use as a result of an investigation based on suspicion of use, the student will be ineligible to participate in athletics or extracurricular activities until they adhere to the consequences outlined below. It should be noted that the consequences outlined below are cumulative across each participant's athletic and/or extracurricular "career" in the Mecklenburg County School Division. Each student's "career" begins in the 6th grade or upon initial participation in an athletic and/or VHSL-sanctioned, extracurricular, competitive activity, or other extracurricular club/organization, and ends when they graduate or cease to participate in athletics or VHSL-sanctioned, extracurricular, competitive activities, or other extracurricular clubs/organizations. For example, if a student has a positive test for an illegal drug or alcohol in the 8th grade and, a second positive test for an illegal drug or alcohol in the 11th grade, they will be subject to the consequences outlined for a second offense.

Consequences –

### A. First Offense

Step 1 Upon confirmation of a positive screen for illegal or synthetic drugs, alcohol, or the student's admission of continued use of illegal or synthetic drugs or alcohol, the administration will schedule a meeting with the student, his/her parents, and the principal on the first school day following the confirmation of illegal drug use to impose a suspension from athletic/extracurricular participation. A minimum 20 day suspension will begin at that time. During this time, the student may continue to attend scheduled meetings, practices, and contests associated with his/her

activity. However, they may not participate in any manner. Written notification will be provided to parents that will detail the conditions and the endpoint of the suspension which will be a minimum of twenty calendar days after its imposition.

Step 2 The administration will conduct a screening interview with the student and parents within the 20 day suspension. Based on the interview, the administration will design an intervention program suitable for the student.

Step 3 After the 20 day suspension and prior to resuming full participation in the privileged activity, the student will be required to take an additional screen to prove that he/she no longer has any trace of illegal substances in his/her system. Any positive results at the time of the follow up tests will be considered the student's second positive drug test result.

Step 4 The student and parents must participate in the recommended intervention program at their expense. Progress reports will be provided to the administration to document the student's successful participation.

Step 5 The student and his/her parents must agree to regular testing for illegal and synthetic drugs and alcohol for the student for the remainder of the his/her activity season.

Step 6 Upon satisfactorily attending all the prescribed intervention sessions, the student will be provided with a letter of reinstatement from the Administration indicating that he/she is a "student in good standing" and eligible to resume regular participation with his/her privileged activity.

Note: Once a student has been reinstated, it will be up to the head coach/sponsor to determine when the student is ready to resume full participation based on his/her assessment of readiness through careful observation and assessment in practice.

## B. Second Offense

Step 1 Upon confirmation of a second positive test or second refusal for illegal or synthetic drugs, alcohol, or the student's admission of continued use of illegal or synthetic drugs or alcohol, the administration will schedule a meeting with the student, his/her parents, and the principal on the first school day following the confirmation of illegal drug or alcohol use to impose a twelve week (84 day) suspension. Written notification will be provided to the parents that will detail the conditions and the endpoint of the suspension which will be a minimum of eighty-four calendar days after its imposition.

Step 2 The administration will conduct a screening interview with the student and parents within two weeks of the beginning of the suspension. Based on the interview, the administration will design an intervention program suitable for the student.

Step 3 The student and parents must participate in, and complete, the

recommended intervention program at their expense. Progress reports will be provided to the Administration and the school in order to document the student's and parent's successful participation.

Step 4 The student and his/her parents must agree to regular testing for illegal and synthetic drugs and alcohol for the student during the 84 day suspension and for the remainder of his/her activity season.

Step 5 Following the 84 day suspension, and prior to resuming full participation with his/her privileged activity, the student will be required to take an additional screen for illegal and synthetic drugs and alcohol to prove that he/she no longer has any trace of illegal substances in his/her system.

Step 6 Upon satisfactorily attending all the prescribed intervention sessions, the student will be provided with a letter of reinstatement from the Administration indicating that he/she is a "student in good standing" and eligible to participate in privileged activities.

#### C. Third Offense

Upon confirmation of a third positive test or third refusal for illegal or synthetic drugs, alcohol, or the student's admission of continued use of illegal or synthetic drugs or alcohol, the administration will schedule a meeting with the student, his/her parents, and the principal on the first school day following the confirmation of illegal drug or alcohol use to suspend the student from any further athletic and/or extracurricular participation while enrolled in the Mecklenburg County School Division.

Adopted: February 19, 2019



Mecklenburg County Public Schools  
Student Participant  
Pledge and Consent for Random Drug Testing Agreement

I, \_\_\_\_\_, have received a copy of the Mecklenburg County Public Schools' Student Substance Abuse and Drug Testing Regulation (JFC-R2) and pledge to abstain from use of any substance that would be in conflict with these policies. I understand if I choose to break this pledge I am responsible for the consequences of my actions as outlined in the Student Substance Abuse and Drug Testing Regulation (JFC-R2). If randomly chosen to represent my extracurricular activity, I agree to be drug tested in accordance with Mecklenburg County Public Schools' Student Substance Abuse and Drug Testing Regulation (JFC-R2).

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Student / Participant Signature

Date

I have read, understand, and support Mecklenburg County Public Schools' Student Substance Abuse and Drug Testing Regulation (JFC-R2) as being necessary for the physical and mental well-being of my son / daughter as he/she pursues his/her career as a student in Mecklenburg County Public Schools choosing to participate in extracurricular activities. If randomly chosen, I give permission for my child to be drug tested in accordance with Mecklenburg County Public Schools' Student Substance Abuse and Drug Testing Regulation (JFC-R2)

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Parent / Guardian Signature

Date

Adopted: February 19, 2019

## TEACHER REMOVAL OF STUDENTS FROM CLASS

Teachers have the initial authority to remove students from class for disruptive behavior. "Disruptive behavior" means a violation of School Board policies or regulations issued by the superintendent governing student conduct that interrupts or obstructs the learning environment.

### Criteria for Removal

In order for a teacher to remove a student from class for disruptive behavior

- removal of the student from the class must be necessary to restore a learning environment free from interruptions and obstructions caused by the student's behavior
- interventions by the teacher and/or administrators have been attempted and failed to end the student's disruptive behavior, and
- notice of the student's disruptive behavior and the opportunity to meet with the teacher and/or school administrators must have been provided to the student's parents as described below.

When all of the above criteria have been satisfied, a teacher may remove a student from class.

### Requirements for Incident Reports

Teachers should write incident reports regarding all incidents of disruptive behavior. The reports will be filed with the school administration and provided to the student's parents within 24 hours of the incident. The parents must be given the opportunity to meet with the teacher and/or school administrator to discuss the student's behavior and the possible consequences if the behavior continues. The teacher will document, in writing, his or her attempts to request and encourage the parents to meet with him or her or school administrators.

A student may not be removed from class for disruptive behavior unless two written incident reports have been filed with school administrators and provided to the student's parents concerning two prior incidents of disruptive behavior. Upon removal, the teacher shall file a "Student Removal Form" (JFCA-E) with school administrators. The teacher will include any other documentation supporting the removal including, but not limited to, the previous two incident reports.

### Procedures for Written Notification of Student and Parents

The teacher shall provide copies of any incident report and Student Removal Form to the student and his or her parents and notify them of the opportunity to meet with the teacher and/or school administrators to discuss the behavior and the possible consequences if the behavior continues. Such notice shall be provided within twenty-four hours of each incident. The teacher shall document, in writing, his or her attempts to request and encourage the parents to meet with school administrators and/or the

teacher. Such notice and documentation shall be required for each incident report and student removal.

#### Guidelines for Alternative Assignment and Instruction of Removed Students

The principal shall determine the appropriate placement of any student removed from class by a teacher. The principal may

1. assign the student to an alternative program
2. assign the student to another class
3. send the student to the principal's office or study hall. If the principal chooses this option, the teacher shall provide and evaluate appropriate make-up work for the student
4. suspend the student or recommend the student for expulsion. If the principal chooses this option, alternative instruction and assignment, if any, shall be provided according to School Board policy and in the case of students with disabilities, in accordance with federal law
5. return the student to class in accordance with the procedures below

#### Procedure for the Student's Return to Class

The principal shall determine, after consultation with the teacher, the duration of the student's removal from class. The principal shall notify the teacher of the decision to return the student to class. If the teacher disagrees with the principal's decision to return a student to the class

- the teacher and principal shall discuss the teacher's objection to returning the student to class and the principal's reason for returning the student.
- the teacher, after meeting with the principal, may appeal the principal's decision to the superintendent or designee within one school day. The incident reports and removal form must accompany the appeal. After discussion with the principal and teacher or receiving their written comments, the decision of the superintendent or designee shall be final. The decision shall be made within forty-eight hours of the teacher's appeal. During the appeal process, the student shall not be returned to class and the principal will determine an appropriate placement for the student.

Once the decision has been made to return the student to class, the teacher and principal shall develop a plan to address future disruptive behavior.

## Other Provisions

The principal shall ensure that students removed from class under this policy continue to receive an education in accordance with School Board policies.

Application of this policy to students with disabilities shall be consistent with federal and state law and regulations as well as School Board policy regarding students with disabilities.

Teacher deficiencies in classroom management shall be addressed in teacher evaluations pursuant to Policy GCN Evaluation of Professional Staff.

This policy does not limit or restrict the ability of School Board employees to apply other policies, regulations or laws for maintaining order in the classroom.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: June 15, 2020; July 20, 2020

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Legal Ref: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-276.01, 22.1-276.2

Cross Refs: GCN Evaluation of Professional Staff  
JFC Student Conduct  
JGDA Disciplining Students with Disabilities  
JGDB Discipline of Students with Disabilities for Infliction of Serious Bodily Injury  
JGD/JGE Student Suspension/Expulsion

**STUDENT REMOVAL FORM**

School Name:

Student:

Teacher:

Class:

Date:

Description of Behavior:

Administrative and/or Teacher Interventions Attempted Prior to Removal and Results

Date of Prior Incident Reports:  
(Note: Prior incident reports must be attached.)

Signature of Teacher:

**STUDENT REMOVAL FORM**

School Name:

Student:

Teacher:

Class:

Date:

Description of Behavior:

Administrative and/or Teacher Interventions Attempted Prior to Removal and Results

Date of Prior Incident Reports:  
(Note: Prior incident reports must be attached.)

Signature of Teacher:

## SPORTSMANSHIP, ETHICS AND INTEGRITY

The School Board recognizes the value of extracurricular activities in the educational process and the values that students develop when they have the opportunity to participate in an organized activity outside of the traditional classroom.

Participants and responsible adults involved in School Board approved extracurricular activities are expected to demonstrate the same level of responsibility and behavior at practice and competitions as is expected in the classroom. The School Board further encourages the development and promotion of sportsmanship, ethics and integrity in all phases of the educational process and in all segments of the community, including administrators, participants, adult supervisors, parents, fans, spirit groups and support/booster groups.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §§ 22.1-78.

Cross Ref.:	JFC	Student Conduct
	JFC-R	Standards of Student Conduct
	JFCC	Student Conduct on School Buses
	KQ	Commercial, Promotional, and Corporate Sponsorships and Partnerships

## STUDENT CONDUCT ON SCHOOL BUSES

Students are required to conduct themselves on school buses in a manner consistent with established standards for classroom behavior.

The school principal may suspend or revoke the riding privileges of students and/or take other disciplinary actions for students who are disciplinary problems on the bus. Parents (or guardians) of children whose behavior and misconduct on school buses violates the Student Code of Conduct or otherwise endangers the health, safety and welfare of other riders shall be notified that their child/children face the loss of school bus riding privileges and/or other disciplinary actions.

If a student's riding privileges are suspended or revoked, the student's parents are responsible for seeing that the student gets to and from school safely.

The bus driver is responsible for maintaining the orderly behavior of students on school buses and shall report misconduct to the student's principal and provide a copy of the report to the transportation office.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: June 15, 2020

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §§ 22.1-78, 22.1-176, 22.1-293.

Cross Refs.:	CLA	Reporting Acts of Violence and Substance Abuse
	EEA	Student Transportation Services
	JFC	Student Conduct
	JFCD	Weapons in School
	JGD/JGE	Student Suspension/Expulsion
	JGDA	Disciplining Students with Disabilities



## WEAPONS IN SCHOOL

### I. Generally

Carrying, bringing, using or possessing any firearm, dangerous device, or dangerous or deadly weapon in any school building, on school grounds, in any school vehicle or at any school-sponsored activity without the authorization of the school principal or the superintendent or superintendent's designee is prohibited, and grounds for disciplinary action. The superintendent or superintendent's designee is permitted to give authority to possess a firearm on school property only to persons expressly authorized by statute to possess a firearm on school property.

Such weapons include, but are not limited to:

- ⑩ any pistol, shotgun, stun weapon, revolver, or other firearm listed in Va. Code § 22.1-277.07, designed or intended to propel a projectile of any kind, including a rifle,
- ⑩ unloaded firearms in closed containers,
- ⑩ any air rifle or BB gun,
- ⑩ toy guns and look-alike guns,
- ⑩ any dirk, bowie knife, switchblade knife, ballistic knife, machete, knife or razor,
- ⑩ slingshots,
- ⑩ spring sticks,
- ⑩ brass or metal knuckles, blackjacks,
- ⑩ any flailing instrument consisting of two or more rigid parts connected in such a manner as to allow them to swing freely, which may be known as a nun chahka, nun chuck, nunchaku, shuriken, or fighting chain,
- ⑩ any disc, of whatever configuration, having at least two points or pointed blades, and which is designed to be thrown or propelled and which may be known as a throwing star or oriental dart,
- ⑩ explosives, and
- ⑩ destructive devices as defined in Va. Code § 22.1-277.07
- ⑩ other dangerous articles.

### II. Expulsion for Possession of Firearms

A student who has possessed a firearm on school property or at a school-sponsored activity as prohibited by Va. Code § 18.2-308.1 or who has possessed a firearm or destructive device as defined in Va. Code § 22.1-277.07, or a firearm muffler or firearm silencer, or a pneumatic gun as defined in Va. Code § 15.2-915.4 on school property or at a school-sponsored activity may be expelled for at least one year in accordance with Policy JGD/JGE Student Suspension/Expulsion. The School Board may determine, based on the facts of a particular situation, that special circumstances exist and no disciplinary action or another disciplinary action or another term of expulsion is appropriate. The School Board may promulgate guidelines for determining what constitutes special circumstances.

### III. Students with Disabilities

- A. Students with disabilities are subject this policy and may be disciplined to the same extent as a nondisabled student provided the manifestation review committee determines that the violation was not a manifestation of the student's disability. The provisions of Policy JGDA Disciplining Students with Disabilities will be followed in addition to the regular disciplinary procedures.
- B. Additional authority to remove a student with a disability from school for a weapons violation.
1. In addition to the authority granted in subsection A above, a student with a disability may also be removed without parent consent and assigned to an interim alternative education program by school personnel for not more than forty-five (45) school days when the student carries or possesses a weapon to or at school, on school premises, or to or at a school function under the jurisdiction of a state or local educational agency. This option is available regardless of whether a manifestation exists. The removal should not be in excess of any removal imposed on a student without a disability for the same offense.
  2. For purposes of this forty-five (45) school day removal, the weapon must meet the following definition:  
  
"a weapon, device, instrument, material or substance, animate or inanimate, that is used for, or is readily capable of, causing death or serious bodily injury, except that such term does not include a pocket knife with a blade of less than 2 ½ inches in length."

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: July 20, 2015; June 15, 2020

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Legal Refs.: 18 U.S.C. § 930.

20 U.S.C. § 1415.

Code of Virginia, §§ 15.2-915.4, 18.2-308, 18.2-308.1, 18.2-308.7, 22.1-277.07:1, 22.1-280.2:4.

8 VAC 20-81-10.

Cross Refs.:	GBEB	Staff Weapons in School
	JGD/JGE	Student Suspension/Expulsion
	JFC	Student Conduct
	JGDA	Disciplining Students with Disabilities

JGDB

Discipline of Students with Disabilities for Infliction of  
Serious Bodily Injury

## GANG ACTIVITY OR ASSOCIATION

The Mecklenburg County School Board recognizes the existence of gangs in the community and the threat they pose to the educational environment. Therefore, students shall not engage in gang activity on school grounds, on school buses or on any school sponsored activity. In addition, students shall not engage in gang activity using the School Division computer system at any time. A gang is defined as any group of three or more persons whose purpose includes:

- commission of illegal acts
- participation in activities that threaten the safety of persons or property
- disruption of the school environment
- creation of an atmosphere of fear and intimidation.

Students are subject to disciplinary action in accordance with Policy and Regulation JFC for participating in gang activity. Gang activity is defined as:

- wearing, using, distributing, displaying, or selling any clothing, jewelry, emblem, badge, symbol, sign, or other thing that is evidence of membership or affiliation in any gang;
- committing any act or omission, or using any speech, either verbal or non-verbal (such as gestures or hand-shakes) showing membership or affiliation in a gang;
- using any speech or committing any act or omission in furtherance of the interests of any gang, including: (a) soliciting, hazing and initiating others for membership in any gang, (b) requesting any person to pay protection or otherwise intimidating or threatening any person, (c) committing any other illegal act or other violation of school policy and inciting other students to act with physical violence;
- inappropriate congregating, bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, intimidation, degradation, disgrace and/or related activities which are likely to cause bodily danger, physical harm, or mental harm to students, employees or visitors.

The superintendent shall, in cooperation with local law enforcement and/or juvenile agencies, develop a regulation listing known gang clothing, jewelry, emblems, badges, signs, gestures, handshakes and symbols. The list shall be updated regularly.

The superintendent shall provide in-service training in gang behavior and characteristics to facilitate staff identification of students at-risk of gang involvement and promote membership in authorized school groups and/or activities as an alternative.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

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Legal Refs.: Code of Virginia, as amended, §§ 18.2-46.1, 22.1-70, 22.1-78, 22.1-79(2),  
§ 22.1-276.01

## DRUGS IN SCHOOL

### I. Generally

Possession of a controlled substance, imitation controlled substance or marijuana, as defined in Va. Code § 18.2-247, on school property or at a school-sponsored activity is prohibited.

#### A. Expulsion

A student who is determined to have brought a controlled substance, imitation controlled substance or marijuana onto school property or to a school-sponsored activity may be expelled in accordance with Policy JGD/JGE Student Suspension/Expulsion. The superintendent may determine, based on the facts of the particular case, that special circumstances exist and another form of discipline is appropriate. Any such disciplinary action shall be taken in accordance with Article 3 of Chapter 14 of Title 22.1 of the Code of Virginia.

#### B. Prevention and Intervention

Any student who violates this policy shall participate in the prevention and intervention activities identified in Mecklenburg County's drug and violence prevention plan.

Students involved in extracurricular activities from grades six through twelve must complete a pledge form (JFC-R3) and submit to random drug testing in order to participate in extracurricular activities. Any failure to submit to testing or positive finding from a drug test will result in substantial consequences. The requirements, process, and consequences are detailed in JFC-R2.

The School Board may require any student who is in possession of or under the influence of drugs at school or school-sponsored activities to:

(1) undergo evaluation for drug abuse and (2) participate in a drug treatment program if recommended by the evaluator and if the student's parent consents.

#### C. Required Reporting to Parents and Local Law Enforcement

The Principal shall report a violation of this policy to parents and local law enforcement as required by Policy CLA.

### II. Students with Disabilities

A. Students with disabilities are subject to the provisions of Section I of this policy and may be disciplined to the same extent as a nondisabled student provided the manifestation review committee determines that the violation was not a manifestation of the student's disability. The provisions of Policy JGDA Disciplining Students with Disabilities will be followed in addition to the regular disciplinary procedures.

- B. Additional authority to remove a student with a disability from school for a drug violation.

1. In addition to the authority granted in subsection A above, a student with a disability may be removed without parent consent and assigned to an interim alternative education program by school personnel for not more than forty-five (45) school days when the student knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs, or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance, while at school, on school premises, or at a school function under the jurisdiction of a state or local educational agency. This option is available regardless of whether a manifestation exists. The removal should not be in excess of any removal imposed on a student without a disability for the same offense.
2. For purposes of this forty-five (45) school day removal, “illegal drugs” and “controlled substance” are defined as follows:
  - a. Controlled substance means a drug or other substance identified under schedules I, II, III, IV, or V in § 202(c) of the Controlled Substances Act at 21 U.S.C. § 812(c).
  - b. Illegal drug means a controlled substance, but does not include a controlled substance that is legally possessed or used under the supervision of a licensed health-care professional or that is legally possessed or used under any other authority under the Controlled Substances Act or under any other provision of federal law.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: February 19, 2019

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Legal Refs: 20 U.S.C. §§1415(k)(1)(G)(ii), 1415(k)(7)(A), 1415(k)(7)(B).

21 U.S.C. § 812(c).

Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 18.2-247, 18.2-250, 18.2-250.1, 18.2-255.2, 22.1-277.08.

8 VAC 20-81-10.

Cross Refs:	CLA	Reporting Acts of Violence and Substance Abuse
	JGD/JGE	Student Suspension/Expulsion
	JFC	Student Conduct
	JFC-R	Standards of Student Conduct
	JGDA	Disciplining Students with Disabilities



## TOBACCO PRODUCTS AND NICOTINE VAPOR PRODUCTS

### Generally

Students are prohibited from possessing any tobacco product or nicotine vapor product on a school bus, on school property, or at an on-site or off-site school sponsored activity.

In addition, the use or distribution of any tobacco product or nicotine vapor product, on a school bus, on school property, or at an on-site or off-site school-sponsored activity is prohibited.

The superintendent is responsible for developing a regulation which contains

- provisions for the enforcement of this policy among students, employees, and visitors, including the enumeration of possible sanctions or disciplinary actions, and
- referrals to resources to help staff and students overcome tobacco addiction.

### Definitions

"Nicotine vapor product" means any noncombustible product containing nicotine that employs a heating element, power source, electronic circuit, or other electronic, chemical, or mechanical means, regardless of shape or size, that can be used to produce vapor from nicotine in a solution or other form. "Nicotine vapor product" includes any electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, electronic pipe, or similar product or device and any cartridge or other container of nicotine in a solution or other form that is intended to be used with or in an electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, electronic pipe, or similar product or device. "Nicotine vapor product" does not include any product regulated by the FDA under Chapter V (21 U.S.C. § 351 et seq.) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

"Tobacco product" means any product made of tobacco and includes cigarettes, cigars, smokeless tobacco, pipe tobacco, bidis, and wrappings. "Tobacco product" does not include any nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine product, or product that is regulated by the FDA under Chapter V (21 U.S.C. § 351 et seq.) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

Adopted: December 15, 2014

Revised: September 24, 2018; July 29, 2019

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Legal Refs.: 20 U.S.C. §§ 6083, 7183.

Cross Refs.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 18.2-371.2, 22.1-79.5, 22.1-279.6.  
CLA Reporting Acts of Violence and Substance Abuse  
GBEC/KGC Tobacco Products and Nicotine Vapor Products  
JFC-R Standards of Student Conduct  
JFCH-R Tobacco Products and Nicotine Vapor Products Regulation

KG            Community Use of School Facilities  
KGB           Public Conduct on School Property

## SUBSTANCE ABUSE - STUDENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

The primary responsibility for helping students who are involved with substance abuse lies with the students and their parents. Nevertheless, the School Board strives to provide a supportive school environment for students involved with substance use or abuse.

The School Board supports substance abuse programs which vary according to individual needs. Included among these are programs for persons who desire more information, and for those who need help with intervention activities and programs.

The School Board supports efforts to help students during the school day as well as to reinforce programs provided by other sources. To that end, individual school substance abuse programs may provide group experiences, individual counseling and other programs.

Students are prohibited from possessing, using, or distributing restricted substances in accordance with Policy JFC Student Conduct.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: June 15, 2020

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §§ 22.1-78, 16.1-305.1.

Cross Refs.:	CLA	Reporting Acts of Violence and Substance Abuse
	IGAG	Teaching about Drugs, Alcohol and Tobacco
	JFC	Student Conduct
	JFCF	Drugs in School
	JGD/JGE	Student Suspension/Expulsion
	GAE	Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting
	JO	Student Records

WRITTEN NOTIFICATION OF VIOLATION OF SCHOOL POLICIES BY  
STUDENTS IN ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAMS

The School Board requires written notification of an offense to the parent, guardian or other person having charge or control of a pupil in an alternative education program as described in Va. Code § 22.1-209.1:2 when

- a pupil commits an offense in violation of School Board policies and school officials determine the offense was committed without the willful intent to violate such policies, or
- the offense did not endanger the health and safety of the individual or other persons.

The notification shall be made no later than two school days following the incident. The School Board requires the principal of the school the child attends, or other appropriate school personnel, to develop appropriate measures, in conjunction with the pupil's parent or guardian, for correcting such behavior.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-209.1:2(D).

NOTIFICATION REGARDING PROSECUTION OF JUVENILES AS ADULTS

The Mecklenburg County School Board will annually provide information developed by the Office of the Attorney General to students regarding laws governing the prosecution of juveniles as adults for the commission of certain crimes.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

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Legal Refs.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-279.4.

## SEARCH AND SEIZURE

A search involves an invasion of privacy. Whether a search of a student is permissible depends on a balancing of the student's right to privacy and freedom from unreasonable search and seizure against the school division's responsibility to protect the health, safety and welfare of all persons in the school community and to carry out its educational mission. To maintain order and discipline in the schools and to protect the health, safety and welfare of students and school personnel, school authorities may search a student, student belongings, student lockers or student automobiles under the circumstances outlined below and may seize any illegal, unauthorized or contraband materials discovered in the search.

As used in this policy, the term "unauthorized" means any item dangerous to the health or safety of students or school personnel, or disruptive of any lawful function, mission or process of the school or any item described as unauthorized in school rules available beforehand to the student.

The locations at which searches of students and student property may be conducted are not limited to the school building or school property. Searches may be conducted wherever the student is involved in a school-sponsored function.

### PERSONAL SEARCHES

A student's person and/or personal effects (e.g. purse, book bag, etc.) may be searched by a school official whenever the official has reasonable suspicion to believe that the student has violated or is about to violate the law or a school rule and that the search will yield evidence of the violation.

All individual searches of students must be based on reasonable suspicion. In order to be permissible, the search must be:

- justified at its inception and
- reasonably related in scope to the circumstances justifying the search.

An individual search is justified at its inception when a school official has reasonable grounds, based on the totality of the known circumstances, for suspecting that the search will reveal evidence that the student has violated or is violating either the law or the rules of the school. A search is reasonable in scope when it is reasonably related to the objectives of the search and is not excessively intrusive in light of the age and sex of the student and the nature of the suspected infraction.

A personal search may include requiring a student to be scanned with a metal detector.

Additionally, all students in grades six through twelve who participate in extracurricular activities must submit to random drug testing as outlined in JFC-R2.

A pat down search of a student may only be conducted if a school administrator has established a high level of reasonable suspicion that evidence will be found to corroborate suspicion that a law or school rule has been broken. If a pat down search of a student's person is conducted, it will be conducted in private by a school official of the same sex and with an adult witness of the same sex present.

Strip searches involve an extreme intrusion into the rights of a student and may only be conducted when an extremely serious situation exists requiring immediate action because of an imminent threat of death or great bodily injury to a person or persons. If a strip search is necessary the school official should contact the appropriate law enforcement official, and

the search should be conducted by a sworn law enforcement officer of the same sex, in the presence of a same sex adult witness. School officials may only conduct a strip search in cases where it is necessary to avoid the imminent threat of death or great bodily injury to the student or another person. If a strip search must be conducted by a school official, it must be by a same sex official with a same sex adult witness, and the school official must have the prior approval of the superintendent or superintendent's designee, unless the health or safety of the student is endangered by the delay.

## LOCKER AND DESK SEARCHES

Student lockers and desks are school property and remain at all times under the control of the school; however, students are expected to assume full responsibility for the security of their lockers and are responsible for the content of their assigned locker at all times. Periodic general inspections of lockers and desks may be conducted by school authorities for any reason at any time without notice, without student consent and without a search warrant.

## AUTOMOBILE SEARCHES

Students are permitted to park on school premises as a matter of privilege, not of right. The school retains authority to conduct routine patrols of student parking lots and inspections of the exteriors of student automobiles on school property. The interiors of student vehicles may be inspected whenever a school official has reasonable suspicion to believe that the student has violated or is about to violate the law or a school rule and that the search will yield evidence of the violation, or that illegal or unauthorized materials or other evidence of illegal or otherwise prohibited activities are contained inside the automobile. Such patrols and inspections may be conducted without notice, without student consent and without a search warrant.

## COMPUTER SEARCHES

The school computer system, as defined in Policy GAB/IIBEA Acceptable Computer System Use, is school property. Students are only authorized to use the school's computer system and other similar educational technology consistent with the educational mission of the school and in accordance with Policy GAB/IIBEA Acceptable Computer System Use. School officials may search school computers, software and internet access records at any time for any reason and without student consent.

## CONSENT SEARCHES

If a student gives a school official consent for a search the school official does not need to demonstrate reasonable suspicion. A student's consent is only valid if given willingly and with knowledge of the meaning of consent. Students should be told of their right to refuse to be searched, and students must not perceive themselves to be at risk of punishment for refusing to grant permission for the search.

## SEIZURE OF ILLEGAL MATERIALS

If a properly conducted search yields illegal or contraband materials, such findings shall be turned over to proper legal authorities for ultimate disposition.

Adopted: February 25, 2015  
Revised: February 19, 2019; July 29, 2019

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Legal Refs.: New Jersey v. T.L.O., 469 U.S. 325 (1985).  
U.S. Const. amend IV.  
Va. Const. art.I, § 10.  
Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-279.7, 22.1-280.2:3.  
Virginia School Search Resource Guide (Virginia Department of Education Oct. 2000).

Cross Ref.:	CLA	Reporting Acts of Violence and Substance Abuse
	EGAA	Reproduction and Use of Copyrighted Materials
	GAB/IIBEA	Acceptable Computer System Use
	JFC	Student Conduct
	JFC-R	Standards of Student Conduct
	JFC-R2	Student Substance Abuse and Drug Testing
	JFCD	Weapons in School
	JFCF	Drugs in School
	KNAJ	Relations with Law Enforcement Authorities



## PROHIBITION AGAINST HARASSMENT AND RETALIATION

### I. Policy Statement

The Mecklenburg School Board is committed to maintaining an educational environment and workplace that is free from harassment. In accordance with law, the Board prohibits harassment against students, employees or others on the basis of sex, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, race, color, national origin, disability, religion, ancestry, age, marital status, pregnancy, childbirth or related medical conditions, status as a veteran, genetic information or any other characteristic protected by law or based on a belief that such characteristic exists, hereinafter referred to as protected group status, at school or any school sponsored activity

It is a violation of this policy for any student or school personnel to harass a student or school personnel based on protected group status at school or any school sponsored activity. Further, it is a violation of this policy for any school personnel to tolerate harassment based on a student's or employee's protected group status at school or any school sponsored activity, by students, school personnel or third parties participating in, observing or otherwise engaged in school sponsored activities.

For the purpose of this policy, school personnel includes School Board members, school employees, agents, volunteers, contractors or other persons subject to the supervision and control of the school division.

#### The school division

- Promptly investigates all complaints, written or verbal, of harassment based on protected group status at school or any school sponsored activity;
- promptly takes appropriate action to stop any harassment;
- takes appropriate action against any student or school personnel who violates this policy; and
- takes any other action reasonably calculated to end and prevent further harassment of school personnel or students.

### II. Definitions

#### A. Harassment Based on Sex

Harassment based on sex consists of unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, sexually motivated physical conduct or other verbal or physical

conduct or communication, which may include use of cell phones or the internet, of a sexual nature when

- submission to that conduct or communication is made a term or condition, either explicitly or implicitly, of obtaining or retaining employment or education;
- submission to or rejection of the conduct or communication by an individual is used as a factor in decisions affecting that individual's employment or education; or
- that conduct or communication substantially or unreasonably interferes with an individual's employment or education, or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive employment or educational environment (i.e. the conduct is sufficiently serious to limit a student's or employee's ability to participate in or benefit from the educational program or work environment).

Examples of conduct which may constitute harassment based on sex if it meets the immediately preceding definition include:

- unwelcome sexual physical contact
- unwelcome ongoing or repeated sexual flirtation or propositions, or remarks
- sexual slurs, leering, epithets, threats, verbal abuse, derogatory comments or sexually degrading descriptions
- graphic comments about an individual's body
- sexual jokes, notes, stories, drawings, gestures or pictures
- spreading sexual rumors
- touching an individual's body or clothes in a sexual way
- displaying sexual objects, pictures, cartoons or posters
- impeding or blocking movement in a sexually intimidating manner
- sexual violence
- display of written materials, pictures, or electronic images
- unwelcome acts of verbal, nonverbal, written, graphic, or physical conduct based on sex or sex stereotyping

#### B. Harassment Based on Race, National Origin, Disability or Religion

Harassment based on race, national origin, disability or religion consists of physical or verbal conduct, which may include use of cell phones or the internet, relating to an individual's race, national origin, disability or religion when the conduct

- creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working or educational environment;
- substantially or unreasonably interferes with an individual's work or education; or
- otherwise is sufficiently serious to limit an individual's employment opportunities or to limit a student's ability to participate in or benefit from the education program.

Examples of conduct which may constitute harassment based on race, national origin, disability or religion if it meets the immediately preceding definition include:

- graffiti containing racially offensive language
- name calling, jokes or rumors
- physical acts of aggression against a person or his property because of that person's race, national origin, disability or religion
- hostile acts which are based on another's race, national origin, religion or disability
- written or graphic material which is posted or circulated and which intimidates or threatens individuals based on their race, national origin, disability or religion

### C. Additional Prohibited Behavior

Behavior that is not unlawful may nevertheless be unacceptable for the educational environment or the workplace. Demeaning or otherwise harmful actions are prohibited, particularly if directed at personal including socioeconomic level regardless of whether the personal characteristic is protected by law.

## III. Complaint Procedure

### A. Formal Procedure

#### 1. File Report

Any student or school personnel who believes he or she has been the victim of harassment prohibited by law or by this policy by a student, school personnel or a third party should report the alleged harassment to one of the Compliance Officers designated in this policy or to any school personnel. The alleged harassment should be reported as soon as possible, and the report generally should be made within fifteen (15) school days of the occurrence. Further, any student who has knowledge of conduct which may constitute prohibited harassment should report such conduct to one of the Compliance Officers designated in this policy or to any school personnel. Any school personnel who has notice that a student or other school personnel may have been a victim of prohibited harassment shall immediately report the alleged harassment to one of the Compliance Officers designated in this policy.

The reporting party should use the form, Report of Harassment, GBA-F/JFHA-F, to make complaints of harassment. However, oral reports and other written reports are also accepted. The complaint should be filed with either the building principal or one of the Compliance Officers designated in this policy. The principal shall immediately forward any report of alleged prohibited harassment to the Compliance Officer. Any complaint that involves the Compliance Officer or principal shall be reported to the superintendent.

The complaint, and identity of the complainant and alleged harasser, will be disclosed only to the extent necessary to fully investigate the complaint and only when such disclosure is required or permitted by law. Additionally, a complainant who wishes to remain anonymous shall be advised that such confidentiality may limit the School Division's ability to fully respond to the complaint.

## 2. Investigation

Upon receipt of a report of alleged prohibited harassment, the Compliance Officer shall immediately authorize or undertake an investigation. The investigation may be conducted by school personnel or a third party designated by the school division. The investigation shall be completed as soon as practicable, which generally should be not later than 14 school days after receipt of the report by the Compliance Officer. Upon receiving the complaint, the Compliance Officer shall acknowledge receipt of the complaint by giving written notice that the complaint has been received to both the person complaining of harassment and the person accused of harassment. Also upon receiving the complaint, the Compliance Officer shall determine whether interim measures should be taken pending the outcome of the investigation. Such interim measures may include, but are not limited to, separating the alleged harasser and the complainant and, in cases involving potential criminal conduct, determining whether law enforcement officials should be notified. If the Compliance Officer determines that more than 14 school days will be required to investigate the complaint, the complainant and the accused shall be notified of the reason for the extended investigation and of the date by which the investigation will be concluded. If the alleged harassment may also constitute child abuse, then it must be reported to the Department of Social Service in accordance with Policy JHG, Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting.

The investigation may consist of personal interviews with the complainant, the alleged harasser and any others who may have knowledge of the alleged harassment or the circumstances giving rise to the complaint. The investigation will consider witnesses and evidence from both the alleged harasser and the person allegedly harassed. The investigation may also consist of the inspection of any other documents or information deemed relevant by the investigator. The school division shall take necessary steps to protect the complainant and others pending the completion of the investigation.

In determining whether alleged conduct constitutes a violation of this policy, the division shall consider, at a minimum: (1) the surrounding circumstances; (2) the nature of the behavior; (3) past incidents or past or continuing patterns of behavior; (4) the relationship between the parties; (5) how often the

conduct occurred; (6) the identity of the alleged perpetrator in relation to the alleged victim (i.e. whether the alleged perpetrator was in a position of power over the alleged victim); (7) the location of the alleged harassment; (8) the ages of the parties and (9) the context in which the alleged incidents occurred. Whether a particular action or incident constitutes a violation of this policy requires a case by case determination based on all of the facts and circumstances revealed after a complete and thorough investigation.

The Compliance Officer shall issue a written report to the superintendent upon completion of the investigation. If the complaint involves the superintendent, then the report shall be sent to the School Board. The report shall include a determination of whether the allegations are substantiated, whether this policy was violated and recommendations for corrective action, if any.

All employees shall cooperate with any investigation of alleged harassment conducted under this policy or by an appropriate state or federal agency.

### 3. Action by Superintendent

Within 5 school days of receiving the Compliance Officer's report, the superintendent or superintendent's designee shall issue a decision regarding whether this policy was violated. This decision must be provided in writing to the complainant and the alleged perpetrator. If the superintendent or superintendent's designee determines that it is more likely than not that prohibited harassment occurred, the Mecklenburg School Division shall take prompt, appropriate action to address and remedy the violation as well as prevent any recurrence. Such action may include discipline up to and including expulsion or discharge. Whether or not the superintendent or superintendent's designee determines that prohibited harassment occurred, the superintendent or superintendent's designee may determine that school-wide or division-wide training be conducted or that the complainant receives counseling.

### 4. Appeal

If the superintendent or superintendent's designee determines that no prohibited harassment occurred, the employee or student who was allegedly subjected to harassment may appeal this finding to the School Board within 5 school days of receiving the decision. Notice of appeal must be filed with the superintendent who shall forward the record to the School Board. The School Board shall make a decision within 30 calendar days of receiving the record. The School Board may ask for oral or written argument from the aggrieved party, the superintendent and any other individual the School Board deems relevant. Written notice of the School Board's decision will be given to both the alleged harasser and the person allegedly harassed.

If the superintendent or superintendent's designee determines that prohibited harassment occurred and discipline is imposed, the disciplined person may appeal the disciplinary sanction in the same manner as any other such sanction would be appealed.

Employees may choose to pursue their complaints under this policy through the relevant employee grievance procedure instead of the complaint procedure in this policy.

#### Compliance Officer and Alternate Compliance Officer

The School Board designates a Compliance Officer responsible for identifying, preventing and remedying discrimination as well as receiving complaints under this Policy. The name and contact information for the Compliance Officer is posted on the Division's website at all times. The Compliance Officer may be contacted at [placks@mcpsweb.org](mailto:placks@mcpsweb.org). Complaints of harassment may also be made to the Alternate Compliance Officer at [ajeffers@mcpsweb.org](mailto:ajeffers@mcpsweb.org).

#### The Compliance Officer

- receives reports or complaints of harassment;
- conducts or oversees the investigation of any alleged harassment;
- assesses the training needs of the school division in connection with this policy;
- arranges necessary training to achieve compliance with this policy; and
- ensures that any harassment investigation is conducted by an impartial investigator who is trained in the requirements of equal employment/education opportunity and has the authority to protect the alleged victim and others during the investigation.

#### B. Informal Procedure

If the complainant and the person accused of harassment agree, the student's principal or principal's designee may arrange for them to resolve the complaint informally with the help of a counselor, teacher or administrator.

If the complainant and the person accused of harassment agree to resolve the complaint informally, they shall each be informed that they have the right to abandon the informal procedure at any time in favor of the initiation of the Formal Procedures set forth herein. The principal or principal's designee shall notify the complainant and the person accused of harassment in writing when the complaint has been resolved. The written notice shall state whether prohibited harassment occurred.

#### IV. Retaliation

Retaliation against students or school personnel who report harassment or participate in any related proceedings is prohibited. The school division shall take appropriate action against students or school personnel who retaliate against any

student or school personnel who reports alleged harassment or participates in related proceedings. The Compliance Officer will inform persons who make complaints, who are the subject of complaints, and who participate in investigations, of how to report any subsequent problems.

#### V. Right to Alternative Complaint Procedure

Nothing in this policy shall deny the right of any individual to pursue other avenues of recourse to address concerns relating to prohibited harassment including initiating civil action, filing a complaint with outside agencies or seeking redress under state or federal law.

#### VI. Prevention and Notice of Policy

Training to prevent harassment prohibited by law or by this policy is included in employee and student orientations as well as employee in-service training.

This policy is (1) displayed in prominent areas of each division building in a location accessible to students, parents and school personnel (2) included in the student and employee handbooks; and (3) sent to parents of all students within 30 calendar days of the start of school. Further, all students, and their parents/guardians, and employees are notified annually of the names and contact information of the Compliance Officers.

#### VII. False Charges

Students or school personnel who knowingly make false charges of harassment shall be subject to disciplinary action as well as any civil or criminal legal proceedings.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: July 20, 2015; August 20, 2018

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Legal Refs: 20 U.S.C. §§ 1681-1688.  
 29 U.S.C. § 794.  
 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000d-2000d-7.  
 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000e-2000e-17.  
 42 U.S.C. § 2000ff-1.

34 C.F.R. 106.9.

Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §§ 2.2-3900, 2.2-3901, 2.2-3902.

Cross Refs:	AC	Nondiscrimination
	AD	Educational Philosophy
	GAB/IIBEA	Acceptable Computer System Use
	GB	Equal Employment Opportunity/Nondiscrimination
	GBM	Professional Staff Grievances
	GBMA	Support Staff Grievances
	JB	Equal Educational Opportunities/Nondiscrimination
	JFC	Student Conduct
	JFHA-F/GBA-F	Report of Harassment
	GCPD	Professional Staff Discipline
	GAE	Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting
	KKA	Service Animals in Public Schools



REPORT OF HARASSMENT

Name of Complainant:

\_\_\_\_\_

For Students, School Attending:

\_\_\_\_\_

For Employees, Position and Location:

\_\_\_\_\_

Address, Phone Number and Email Address:

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Date(s) of Alleged Incident(s) of Harassment:

\_\_\_\_\_

Name of person(s) you believe harassed you or others:

\_\_\_\_\_

If the alleged harassment was toward another, please identify that person:

\_\_\_\_\_

Please describe in detail the incident(s) of alleged harassment, including where and when the incident(s) occurred. Please note any witnesses that may have observed the incident(s). Please include a description of any past incidents that may be related to this complaint. Attach additional pages if necessary.

I certify that the information provided in this report is true, correct and complete to the best of my knowledge:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Complainant                      Date

Complaint Received By: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Principal or Compliance Officer)                      Date

## CORPORAL PUNISHMENT

No teacher, principal or other person employed by the School Board shall subject a student to corporal punishment. This prohibition does not prohibit the use of incidental, minor or reasonable physical contact or other actions designed to maintain order and control or the use of reasonable and necessary force

- to quell a disturbance or remove a student from the scene of a disturbance which threatens physical injury to persons or damage to property;
- to prevent a student from inflicting physical harm on himself;
- for self-defense or the defense of others; or
- to obtain possession of weapons or other dangerous objects or controlled substances or paraphernalia which are upon the person of the student or within his control.

For the purposes of this policy, "corporal punishment" means the infliction of, or causing the infliction of, physical pain on a student as a means of discipline. "Corporal punishment" does not include physical pain, injury, or discomfort caused by participation in practice or competition in an interscholastic sport, or participation in physical education or an extracurricular activity.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950 as amended, §§ 22.1-78, 22.1-279.1.

Cross Ref.: JM Restraint and Seclusion of Students

## STUDENT SUSPENSION/EXPULSION

### I. DEFINITIONS

As used in this Policy,

“Alternative education program” includes night school, adult education, or another education program designed to offer instruction to students for whom the regular program of instruction may be inappropriate.

“Destructive device” means (1) any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, bomb, grenade, rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces, missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter ounce, mine, or other similar device; (2) any weapon, except a shotgun or a shotgun shell generally recognized as particularly suitable for sporting purposes, by whatever name known that will, or may be readily converted to, expel a projectile by the action of an explosive or other propellant, and that has any barrel with a bore of more than one-half inch in diameter that is homemade or was not made by a duly licensed weapon manufacturer, any fully automatic firearm, any sawed-off shotgun or sawed-off rifle as defined in Va. Code § 18.2-299 or any firearm prohibited from civilian ownership by federal law; and (3) any combination of parts either designed or intended for use in converting any device into any destructive device described herein and from which a destructive device may be readily assembled. “Destructive device” does not include any device that is not designed or redesigned for use as a weapon, or any device originally designed for use as a weapon and that is redesigned for use as a signaling, pyrotechnic, line-throwing, safety, or other similar device, nor shall it include any antique firearm as defined in subsection G of Va. Code § 18.2-308.2:2.

“Disruptive behavior” means a violation of school board policies or the Standards of Student Conduct issued by the superintendent pursuant to Policy JFC Student Conduct that interrupts or obstructs the learning environment.

“Exclusion” means a Virginia school board’s denial of school admission to a student who has been expelled or has been placed on a long-term suspension of more than thirty calendar days by another school board or a private school, either in Virginia or another state, or for whom admission has been withdrawn by a private school in Virginia or another state.

“Expulsion” means any disciplinary action imposed by a school board or a committee thereof, as provided in school board policy, whereby a student is not permitted to attend school within the school division and is ineligible for readmission for 365 calendar days after the date of the expulsion.

“Firearm” means (1) any weapon, including a starter gun, that will, or is designed or may readily be converted to, expel single or multiple projectiles by the action of an explosion of a combustible material; (2) the frame or receiver of any such weapon; or

(3) any unloaded firearm in a closed container. "Firearm" does not include any pneumatic gun as defined in this Policy.

"Long-term suspension" means any disciplinary action whereby a student is not permitted to attend school for 11 to 45 school days.

"One year" means 365 calendar days as required in federal regulations.

"Pneumatic gun" means any implement, designed as a gun, that will expel a BB or a pellet by action of pneumatic pressure. "Pneumatic gun" includes a paintball gun that expels by action of pneumatic pressure plastic balls filled with paint for the purpose of marking the point of impact.

"School property" means any real property owned or leased by the School Board or any vehicle owned or leased by the School Board or operated by or on behalf of the School Board.

"Short-term suspension" means any disciplinary action whereby a student is not permitted to attend school for a period not to exceed ten school days.

In Sections II, IV, VI, and VIII of this Policy, "superintendent's designee" means a 1) trained hearing officer or 2) professional employee in the administrative offices of the school division who reports directly to the superintendent and who is not a school-based instructional or administrative employee.

## II. SUSPENSIONS AND EXPULSIONS OF STUDENTS GENERALLY

Pupils may be suspended or expelled from attendance at school for sufficient cause; however, in no case may sufficient cause for suspension include only instances of truancy.

Except as provided in subsection C of Va. Code § 22.1-277 or Va. Code §§ 22.1-277.07 or 22.1-277.08, no student in preschool through grade three is suspended for more than three school days or expelled from attendance at school, unless (i) the offense involves physical harm or credible threat of physical harm to others or (ii) the School Board or the superintendent or superintendent's designee finds that aggravating circumstances exist, as defined by the Virginia Department of Education.

Any student for whom the superintendent has received a report pursuant to Va. Code § 16.1-305.1 of an adjudication of delinquency or a conviction for an offense listed in subsection G of Va. Code § 16.1-260 may be suspended or expelled from school attendance.

The authority of teachers to remove students from their classes in certain instances of disruptive behavior shall not be interpreted to affect the operation of this Policy.

The superintendent is responsible for creating procedures to ensure that

suspended students are able to access and complete graded work during and after the suspension.

### III. SHORT-TERM SUSPENSIONS

A pupil may be suspended for not more than ten school days by either the school principal, any assistant principal, or, in their absence, any teacher. The principal, assistant principal or teacher may suspend the pupil after giving the pupil oral or written notice of the charges against him and, if he denies them, an explanation of the facts as known to school personnel and an opportunity to present his version of what occurred. In the case of any pupil whose presence poses a continuing danger to persons or property, or whose presence is an ongoing threat of disruption, the pupil may be removed from school immediately and the notice, explanation of facts and opportunity to present his version shall be given as soon as is practical thereafter.

Upon suspension of any pupil, the principal, assistant principal or teacher responsible for such suspension reports the facts of the case in writing to the superintendent or superintendent's designee and the parent of the pupil suspended. The superintendent or superintendent's designee reviews forthwith the action taken by the principal, assistant principal or teacher upon a petition for such review by any party in interest and confirms or disapproves such action based on an examination of the record of the pupil's behavior.

The decision of the superintendent or superintendent's designee is final and may not be appealed.

Any oral or written notice to the parent of a student who is suspended from school attendance for not more than ten days includes notification of the length of the suspension, information regarding the availability of community-based educational programs, alternative education programs or other educational options, and of the student's right to return to regular school attendance upon the expiration of the suspension. The costs of any community-based educational program or alternative education program or educational option, which is not a part of the educational program offered by the school division, are borne by the parent of the student.

### IV. LONG-TERM SUSPENSION

A pupil may be suspended from attendance at school for 11 to 45 school days after written notice is provided to the pupil and the pupil's parent of the proposed action and the reasons therefore and of the right to a hearing before the superintendent or superintendent's designee. The decision of the superintendent or superintendent's designee may be appealed to the full School Board. Such appeal shall be decided by the School Board within thirty days.

The written notice of a suspension for 11 to 45 school days includes notification of the length of the suspension and provides information concerning the availability of community-based educational, alternative education or intervention programs. Such notice also states that the student is eligible to return to regular school attendance upon the expiration of the suspension or to attend an appropriate alternative education

program approved by the School Board during or upon the expiration of the suspension. The costs of any community-based educational, alternative education, or intervention program that is not a part of the educational program offered by the school division that the student may attend during his suspension is borne by the parent of the student.

A long-term suspension may extend beyond a 45-school-day period but shall not exceed 364 calendar days if (i) the offense is one described in Va. Code §§ 22.1-277.07 or 22.1-277.08 or involves serious bodily injury or (ii) the School Board or division superintendent or superintendent's designee finds that aggravating circumstances exist, as defined by the Virginia Department of Education.

Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the School Board from permitting or requiring students suspended pursuant to this section to attend an alternative education program provided by the School Board for the term of such suspension.

## V. EXPULSION

### A. Generally

Pupils may be expelled from attendance at school after written notice to the pupil and the pupil's parent of the proposed action and the reasons therefor and of the right to a hearing before the School Board. The School Board confirms or disapproves of the proposed expulsion regardless of whether the pupil has exercised the right to a hearing.

The written notice given to the pupil and the pupil's parent includes notification of the length of the expulsion and provides information to the parent of the student concerning the availability of community-based educational, training and intervention programs. The notice also states whether or not the student is eligible to return to regular school attendance, or to attend an appropriate alternative education program approved by the School Board, or an adult education program offered by the school division, during or upon the expiration of the expulsion, and the terms or conditions of such readmission. The costs of any community-based educational, training, or intervention program that is not a part of the educational program offered by the school division that the student may attend during the student's expulsion is borne by the parent of the student.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the School Board from permitting or requiring students expelled pursuant to this Policy to attend an alternative education program provided by the School Board for the term of such expulsion.

If the School Board determines that the student is ineligible to return to regular school attendance or to attend during the expulsion an alternative education program or an adult education program in the school division, the written notice also advises the parent of such student that the student may petition the School Board for readmission to be effective one calendar year from the date of the expulsion, and of the conditions, if any, under which readmission may be granted.

Such students may apply and reapply for readmission to school according to the schedule established by the superintendent.

#### B. Conduct Giving Rise to Expulsion

Recommendations for expulsions for actions other than those specified below are based on consideration of the following factors:

- the nature and seriousness of the conduct;
- the degree of danger to the school community;
- the student's disciplinary history, including the seriousness and number of previous infractions;
- the appropriateness and availability of an alternative education placement or program;
- the student's age and grade level;
- the results of any mental health, substance abuse or special education assessments;
- the student's attendance and academic records; and
- other appropriate matters.

No decision to expel a student shall be reversed on the grounds that such factors were not considered. Nothing in this subsection precludes the School Board from considering any of the factors listed above as "special circumstances" for purposes of expulsions discussed in the following subsections.

#### Firearms, Destructive Devices and Pneumatic Guns

The School Board shall expel from school attendance for a period of not less than one year any student whom the School Board has determined to have possessed a firearm on school property or at a school-sponsored activity as prohibited by Va. Code § 18.2-308.1, or to have possessed a firearm or destructive device as defined in this policy, a firearm muffler or firearm silencer or a pneumatic gun as defined in this policy on school property or at a school-sponsored activity. A school administrator or the School Board may, however, determine, based on the facts of a particular situation, that special circumstances exist and no disciplinary action or another disciplinary action or another term of expulsion is appropriate. The School Board may promulgate guidelines for determining what constitutes special circumstances. In addition, the School Board authorizes the superintendent or superintendent's designee to conduct a preliminary review of such cases to determine whether a disciplinary action other than expulsion is appropriate. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a student's expulsion regardless of the facts of the particular situation.

The exemptions set out in Va. Code § 18.2-308 regarding concealed weapons apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to the provisions of this Policy. The provisions of this section do not apply to students who possess such firearm or firearms or pneumatic guns as a part of the curriculum or other programs sponsored by the schools in the school

division or any organization permitted to use school premises.

## Drug Offenses

The School Board shall expel from school attendance any student whom the School Board has determined to have brought a controlled substance, imitation controlled substance or marijuana as defined in Va. Code § 18.2-247 onto school property or to a school-sponsored activity. The School Board may, however, determine, based on the facts of the particular case that special circumstances exist and another disciplinary action is appropriate. In addition, the School Board authorizes the superintendent or the superintendent's designee to conduct a preliminary review of such cases to determine whether a disciplinary action other than expulsion is appropriate. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a student's expulsion regardless of the facts of the particular situation.

### C. Procedure for School Board Hearing

The procedure for the School Board hearing is as follows:

- The School Board determines the propriety of attendance at the hearing of persons not having a direct interest in the hearing. The hearing is private unless otherwise specified by the School Board.
- The School Board may ask for opening statements from the principal or principal's representative and the student or student's parent(s) (or their representative) and, at the discretion of the School Board, may allow closing statements.
- The parties then present their evidence. Because the principal has the ultimate burden of proof, he presents his evidence first. Witnesses may be questioned by the School Board members and by the parties (or their representative). The School Board may, at its discretion, vary this procedure, but it shall afford full opportunity to both parties for presentation of any material or relevant evidence and shall afford the parties the right of cross-examination provided, however, that the School Board may take the testimony of student witnesses outside the presence of the student, the student's parent(s) and their representative if the School Board determines, in its discretion, that such action is necessary to protect the student witness.



- The parties shall produce such additional evidence as the School Board may deem necessary. The School Board is the judge of the relevancy and materiality of the evidence.
- Exhibits offered by the parties may be received in evidence by the School Board and, when so received, are marked and made part of the record.
- The School Board may, by majority vote, uphold, reject or alter the recommendations.
- The School Board transmits its decision, including the reasons therefor, to the student, the student's parent(s), the principal and superintendent.

## VI. ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM

The School Board may require any student who has been

- charged with an offense relating to the laws of Virginia, or with a violation of School Board policies, on weapons, alcohol, or drugs, or intentional injury to another person, or with an offense that is required to be disclosed to the superintendent pursuant to Va. Code § 16.1-260.G;
  - found guilty or not innocent of an offense relating to Virginia's laws on weapons, alcohol, or drugs, or of a crime that resulted in or could have resulted in injury to others, or of an offense that is required to be disclosed to the superintendent pursuant to Va. Code § 16.1-260.G;
  - found to have committed a serious offense or repeated offenses in violation of School Board policies;
  - suspended pursuant to Va. Code § 22.1-277.05; or
  - expelled pursuant to Va. Code § 22.1-277.06, 22.1-277.07, or 22.1-277.08 or subsection C of Va. Code § 22.1-277,
- to attend an alternative education program.

The School Board may require such student to attend such programs regardless of where the conduct occurred.

The School Board may require any student who has been found to have been in possession of, or under the influence of, drugs or alcohol on a school bus, on school property, or at a school-sponsored activity in violation of School Board policies, to undergo evaluation for drug or alcohol abuse, or both, and, if recommended by the evaluator and with the consent of the student's parent, to participate in a treatment program.

The School Board authorizes the superintendent or superintendent's designee to require students to attend an alternative education program consistent with the provisions of the previous paragraph after (i) written notice to the student and the student's parent that the student will be required to attend an alternative education program and (ii) notice of the opportunity for the student or the student's parent to participate in a hearing to be conducted by the superintendent or the superintendent's designee regarding such placement. If the student or parent wants to participate in a hearing regarding the placement, the student or parent must notify the superintendent or superintendent's designee within two days of receiving the written notice of the student's assignment to the

alternative education program. The decision of the superintendent or superintendent's designee regarding such alternative education placement is final unless altered by the Board upon written petition by the student or student's parent for a review of the record by the School Board. Such petition must be received by the superintendent or superintendent's designee within two days after receiving written notice of the decision after the hearing.

A principal or principal's designee may impose a short-term suspension, pursuant to Va. Code § 22.1-277.04, upon a student who has been charged with an offense involving intentional injury enumerated in Va. Code § 16.1-260.G, to another student in the same school pending a decision as to whether to require that such student attend an alternative education program.

As used herein, "charged" means that a petition or warrant has been filed or is pending against a pupil.

## VII. REPORTING

A. Except as may otherwise be required by federal law, regulation or jurisprudence, reports are made to the superintendent and to the principal or principal's designee on all incidents involving

- (1) the assault, or assault and battery, without bodily injury, of any person on a school bus, on school property or at a school-sponsored activity;
- (2) the assault and battery which results in a bodily injury, sexual assault, death, shooting, stabbing, cutting, or wounding of any person, abduction of any person as described in Va. Code § 18.2-47 or Va. Code § 18.2-48, or stalking of any person as described in Va. Code § 18.2-60.3, on a school bus, on school property or at a school-sponsored activity;
- (3) any conduct involving alcohol, marijuana, a controlled substance, imitation controlled substance, or an anabolic steroid on a school bus, on school property or at a school-sponsored activity, including the theft or attempted theft of student prescription medications;
- (4) any threats against school personnel while on a school bus, on school property or at a school-sponsored activity;
- (5) the illegal carrying of a firearm as defined in Va. Code § 22.1-277.07 onto school property;
- (6) any illegal conduct involving firebombs, explosive materials or devices, or hoax explosive devices, as defined in Va. Code § 18.2-85 or explosive or incendiary devices, as defined in Va. Code § 18.2-433.1, or chemical bombs, as described in Va. Code § 18.2-87.1, on a school bus, on school property or at a school-sponsored activity;
- (7) any threats or false threats to bomb, as described in Va. Code § 18.2-83, made against school personnel or involving school property or school buses;
- (8) the arrest of any student for an incident occurring on a school bus, on school property or at a school sponsored activity, including the charge therefor; and
- (9) any illegal possession of weapons, alcohol, drugs or tobacco products.

B. The superintendent and the principal or principal's designee receive reports

made by local law enforcement authorities on offenses, wherever committed, by students enrolled at the school if the offense would be a felony if committed by an adult or would be a violation of the Drug Control Act, Va. Code § 54.1-3400 et seq., and occurred on a school bus, on school property, or at a school-sponsored activity, or would be an adult misdemeanor involving any incidents described in the clauses (1) through (8) of subsection VII.A. of this policy, and whether the student is released to the custody of the student's parent or, if 18 years of age or more, is released on bond. A superintendent who receives notification that a juvenile has committed an act that would be a crime if committed by an adult pursuant to subsection G of Va. Code § 16.1-260 reports such information to the principal of the school in which the juvenile is enrolled.

- C. The principal or principal's designee submits a report of all incidents required to be reported pursuant to subsection VII.A.(1-8) of this policy to the superintendent. The superintendent annually reports all such incidents to the Department of Education.

In submitting reports of such incidents, principals and superintendents accurately indicate any offenses, arrests, or charges as recorded by law-enforcement authorities and required to be reported by such authorities pursuant to subsection VII.B. of this policy.

- D. The principal or principal's designee also notifies the parent of any student involved in an incident required by this subsection to be reported, regardless of whether disciplinary action is taken against such student or the nature of the disciplinary action. Such notice relates to only the relevant student's involvement and does not include information concerning other students.
- E. Whenever any student commits any reportable incident as set forth in this subsection, such student is required to participate in such prevention and intervention activities as deemed appropriate by the superintendent or superintendent's designee.
- F. Except as may otherwise be required by federal law, regulation or jurisprudence, a principal immediately reports to the local law-enforcement agency any act enumerated in clauses (2) through (7) of subsection VII.A. of this policy that may constitute a felony offense and may report to the local law enforcement agency any incident described in clause (1) of subsection VII.A. of this policy.

In addition, except as may be prohibited by federal law, regulation or jurisprudence, the principal also immediately reports any act enumerated in clauses (2) through (5) of subsection VII.A of this policy that may constitute a criminal offense to the parents of any minor student who is the specific object of such act. Further, the principal reports that the incident has been reported to local law enforcement as required by law and that the parents may contact local law enforcement for further information, if they so desire.

- G. For purposes of this section, "parent" or "parents" means any parent, guardian or other person having control or charge of a child.

## VIII. RE-ADMISSION OF SUSPENDED AND/OR EXPELLED STUDENTS

Any student who has been suspended from a school of this division is not eligible to attend any other school within the division until eligible to return to the student's or her regular school.

Any student who has been expelled or suspended for more than thirty days from attendance at school by a school board or a private school in this Commonwealth or in another state or for whom admission has been withdrawn by a private school in this Commonwealth or in another state may be excluded from attendance in the Mecklenburg County Public Schools, in accordance with Policy JEC School Admission. In the case of a suspension of more than thirty days, the term of the exclusion may not exceed the duration of such suspension.

In excluding any such expelled student from school attendance, the School Board may accept or waive any or all of any conditions for readmission imposed upon such student by the expelling school board pursuant to Va. Code § 22.1-277.06. The School Board shall not impose additional conditions for readmission to school.

No suspended student is admitted to the regular school program until such student and the student's parent have met with school officials to discuss improvement of the student's behavior, unless the school principal or principal's designee determines that re-admission, without parent conference, is appropriate for the student.

If the parent fails to comply with this policy or Policy JEC School Admission, the School Board may ask the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court to proceed against the parent for willful and unreasonable refusal to participate in efforts to improve the student's behavior.

Upon the expiration of the exclusion period for an expulsion or a withdrawal of admission, which period shall be established by the School Board or superintendent or superintendent's designee, as the case may be at the relevant hearing, the student may re-petition the School Board for admission. If the petition for admission is rejected, the School Board shall identify the length of the continuing exclusion period and the subsequent date upon which such student may re-petition the School Board for admission.

The School Board may permit students excluded pursuant to this subsection to attend an alternative education program provided by the School Board for the term of such exclusion.

## IX. DISCIPLINING STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

Students with disabilities are disciplined in accordance with Policy JGDA Disciplining Students with Disabilities.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: July 20, 2015; December 17, 2018; June 15, 2020; July 20, 2020

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Legal Refs.: 20 U.S.C. § 7151.

Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 15.2-915.4, 16.1-260, 18.2-119, 18.2-308.1, 18.2-308.7, 18.2-308.2:2, 22.1-200.1, 22.1-254, 22.1-276.01, 22.1-276.2, 22.1-277, 22.1-277.04, 22.1-277.05, 22.1-277.06, 22.1-277.07, 22.1-277.07:1, 22.1-277.08, 22.1-277.2, 22.1-277.2:1, 22.1-279.3:1.

8 VAC 20-560-10.

Cross Refs.:	IGBH	Alternative School Programs
	JEC	School Admission
	JFCD	Weapons in School
	JGDA	Disciplining Students with Disabilities
	JGDB	Discipline of Students with Disabilities for Infliction of Serious Bodily Injury
	KG	Community Use of School Facilities

## STUDENT SUSPENSION/EXPULSION

### Suspension

The following violations of the Code of Student Conduct and School Board policy are grounds for suspension: Please see student handbook.

The decision of the superintendent or his/her designee regarding a suspension for 10 days or less may not be appealed to the School Board. The decision of the superintendent or designee is final.

In the case of a suspension for more than ten days, the student and his parent(s), guardian, or person having control or charge of the student may appeal the decision to the School Board Disciplinary Committee pursuant to Policy JGD/JGE. The School Board Disciplinary Committee decision shall be final and may not be appealed to the full School Board if it is unanimous. If the School Board Disciplinary Committee decision is not unanimous, it may be appealed to the full School Board pursuant to Policy JGD/JGE. If appealed to the full School Board, the appeal shall be decided by the School Board within thirty days.

### Expulsion

The following violations of the Code of Student Conduct and School Board policy are grounds for expulsion: please see student handbook.

In the case of expulsion, the decision may be appealed to the School Board Disciplinary Committee. The Disciplinary Committee's decision may not be appealed to the full School Board if it is unanimous. If the School Board Disciplinary Committee decision is not unanimous, it may be appealed to the full School Board pursuant to Policy JGD/JGE. If appealed to the full School Board, the appeal shall be decided by the School Board within thirty days.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

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## DISCIPLINING STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

Students with disabilities, who violate the student code of conduct, or engage in conduct for which they may be disciplined, will be disciplined in accordance with this policy. Additionally, the regular disciplinary procedures must be followed. School personnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case-by-case basis when determining whether to order a change in placement for a child with a disability as a result of discipline.

### I. Long-Term Suspensions, Expulsions or Short-Term Suspensions Which Constitute a Pattern are Long Term Removals and Considered a Disciplinary Change in Placement

For the purpose of removing students with disabilities from their current educational placements, a disciplinary change in placement occurs when:

- (1) the removal is for more than 10 consecutive school days at a time; or
- (2) Pattern analysis: there is a series of removals during the school year, each of which is for 10 days or less and they cumulate to more than 10 days in a school year and constitute a pattern because of:
  - (a) the length of each removal,
  - (b) the proximity of the removals to each other,
  - (c) the total time the student is removed, and
  - (d) the child's behavior is substantially similar to the child's behavior in the series of removals for previous incidents in the school year.
- (e) The pattern analysis determination is made and documented by the administration.

If the disciplinary action will result in a long term removal, the student's parents must be sent notice of the recommendation of discipline the same day as the decision is made for the disciplinary change in placement and must be provided with a copy of the procedural safeguards. The procedures outlined in Section IV must also be followed.

A parent may request a due process hearing to challenge the pattern analysis determination. For any disciplinary change in placement, a Manifestation Determination Review ("MDR") must be held and the Individualized Education Program (IEP) team must meet to determine the educational services to be provided during the long-term removal.

### II. Short-Term Suspensions

A short-term suspension is a suspension of 10 consecutive days or less at a time.

School authorities may remove a student with a disability from his or her current educational setting for up to 10 school days cumulative in a school year to

the extent that such removals would be applied to students without disabilities and for additional short-term suspensions during the school year provided no pattern exists. Short term suspensions which constitute a pattern will be handled through long term removal procedures.

No MDR or IEP meeting is required for a short term removal, although an IEP meeting may be held if needed. Educational services are provided for each day of removal after the first ten days of removal in a school year. Educational services should also be provided during the first ten days of removal if services are provided to a student without disabilities in the same circumstances.

### III. Functional Behavior Assessments and Behavior Intervention Plans

If the MDR team members determine that a manifestation exists, the IEP team must:

- conduct a Functional Behavioral Assessment (FBA) and implement a Behavioral Intervention Plan (BIP), if no FBA was conducted previously; or,
- if the student already has an FBA and a BIP in place, review and modify the BIP, as necessary to address the behavior.

If a manifestation is found, the school division and the parent may still agree to a change in placement made through the IEP process. Without this agreement, the student must return to the placement from which the student was removed. Nothing in this section limits the authority of the school division for the first ten days of removal in a school year or for applicable forty-five school day removals.

If the MDR team members determine that there is no manifestation, then the IEP team should decide whether there is a need to conduct or review an FBA and BIP.

### IV. Educational Services While Disciplined

For the first 10 days of removal in a school year, the School Board is not required to provide educational services to the student with a disability if services are not provided to students without disabilities who have been similarly removed.

After the first 10 days of removal in a school year, the School Board shall provide educational services to the student during the period of removal. The services must enable the student to:

- 1) continue to progress in the general curriculum, although in another setting, and
- 2) make progress toward meeting the goals set out in the student's IEP.

The determination of the educational services is made by the IEP team if the discipline constitutes a change in placement. For a short term removal which is not



a change in placement, the determination of the education services is made by school personnel in consultation with the student's special education teacher.

#### V. Manifestation Determination Review

When a disciplinary action is proposed that will result in a disciplinary change of placement, an MDR shall be conducted within 10 school days after the date on which the decision to take disciplinary action is made. This review shall be conducted by the Manifestation Team which consists of a local educational agency representative, the parent(s) and relevant members of the IEP team (as determined by the parent and the school division).

The Manifestation Team may determine that the behavior of the student was not a manifestation of such child's disability only if the Team:

- 1) considers all relevant information in the student's file, including the student's IEP, any teacher observations, and any relevant information supplied by the parents; and
- 2) determines that:
  - (a) the conduct in question was not caused by, or did not have a direct and substantial relationship to, the student's disability; and
  - (b) the conduct in question was not the direct result of the school division's failure to implement the IEP.

#### VI. Disciplinary Action Following an MDR Determination that there is No Manifestation

If the behavior is not a manifestation of the student's disability, the disciplinary procedures will be applied in the same manner as applied to students without disabilities. The student must continue to receive the educational services necessary to enable the student to continue to participate in the general curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the student's IEP. In addition, the special education and disciplinary records of the student must be made available to the person who makes the final decision regarding the imposition of discipline.

A parent may request an expedited due process hearing if the parent disagrees with the determination that the behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability or if the parent disagrees with any decision regarding the placement of the student while disciplined. During any appeal, the student will remain in the interim alternative education setting unless reversed by decision of the hearing officer; provided, however, the student may still serve the balance of any applicable forty-five school day removal. The placement may also be changed through the IEP process with the consent of the parent.

#### VII. Disciplinary Action Following MDR Determination that there is a Manifestation

A student with a disability whose behavior is determined to be a manifestation of his or her disability may not be disciplined except to the extent a removal is otherwise permitted by law. The student may be removed to a more restrictive placement by following change in placement procedures through the IEP process. The IEP team must conduct or review an FBA and/or BIP as provided in Section III.

#### VIII. Interim Alternative Educational Settings for Weapons, Drugs and Infliction of Serious Bodily Injury

Students with disabilities 1) who carry or possess a weapon to or at school, or on school premises, or to or at a school function under the jurisdiction of a state or local educational agency; 2) who knowingly possess or use illegal drugs or sell or solicit the sale of a controlled substance, while at school, on school premises, or at a school function under the jurisdiction of a state or local educational agency; or 3) who inflict serious bodily injury upon another person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function under the jurisdiction of a state or local educational agency may be disciplined pursuant to Policies JFCD Weapons in School, JFCF Drugs in School or JGDB Discipline of Students with Disabilities for Infliction of Serious Bodily Injury and may be placed in an interim alternative educational setting for up to forty-five school days. These options are available even if a manifestation exists. If no manifestation is found, the student may be disciplined to the extent a student without disabilities would be disciplined.

Weapons, controlled substance and serious bodily injury have the meaning given under state regulations in 8 VAC 20-81-10.

Any interim alternative educational setting shall be selected, by the IEP team, so as to enable the student to continue to progress in the general curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the student's IEP. The student must also receive, as appropriate, an FBA, behavioral intervention services and modifications designed to address the behavior so it does not recur.

#### IX. Change of Placement by Hearing Officer

In addition to the other options for removal, a hearing officer through an expedited due process hearing requested by the school division, may order a change in the placement for a student with a disability to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than forty-five (45) school days if the hearing officer determines that maintaining the current placement of such student is substantially likely to result in injury to the student or others. Additional forty-five (45) school day removals may be authorized by the hearing officer as appropriate.

#### X. Placement During Appeals

During the course of any appeals, the student's placement shall be in accordance with the provisions of state and federal law unless the parent and the school division agree otherwise. Students with disabilities are also entitled to the due process rights available to a non-disabled student who is subject to discipline. In addition, students with disabilities are entitled to the due process procedures available under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, as amended, and any state procedures.

#### XI. Students Not Yet Identified as Disabled

Students for whom the parents assert there is a disability but who have not yet been identified as disabled may be subjected to the same measures applied to students without disabilities if the school division did not have knowledge of the disability before the behavior that precipitated the disciplinary action occurred. A school division will be found to have knowledge of the student's disability if, before the behavior that precipitated the disciplinary action occurred, one of the following occurred:

- (1) the parent expressed concern in writing to supervisory or administrative personnel of the school division, or to a teacher of the student, that the student is in need of special education and related services; or
- (2) the parent requested an evaluation of the student for special education eligibility; or
- (3) the student's teacher or other school personnel expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the student directly to the director of special education or to other supervisory personnel of the school division that suggests the presence of a disability.

A school division would not be found to have knowledge of a student's disability if:

- (1) the parents refused to allow an evaluation of the student or refused special education services; or
- (2) the student was evaluated and found not eligible for special education services.

If a request for an initial evaluation is made during the period ~~such a~~ a student is subject to disciplinary measures, the evaluation shall be conducted in an expedited manner. If the student is found eligible as a child with a disability, taking into consideration information from the evaluation conducted by the school division and information provided by the parents, then the student must be provided special education and related services, although in another setting. Pending the results of the evaluation, the student shall remain in the educational placement determined by the school authorities which placement can include suspension or expulsion without services.

#### XII. Disciplining Certain Section 504 Students Who Violate Alcohol and Drug Policies

Students who are identified as disabled solely under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, and who are currently engaging in the illegal use of drugs or alcohol, may be disciplined for violating the division's alcohol and drug policies to the same extent as non-disabled students. The student is not entitled to a due process hearing under special education procedures in this circumstance but does retain the protections afforded to regular education students.

### XIII. Reporting of Crimes

Nothing in these procedures prevents the reporting of a crime to appropriate authorities or prevents state law enforcement and judicial authorities from exercising their responsibilities.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: May 21, 2018

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Legal Refs.: 20 U.S.C. § 1415(k).

29 U.S.C. § 705(20)(C)(iv)

34 C.F.R. 300.530-300.536.

8 VAC 20-81-160.

Cross Ref.:	JFC	Student Code of Conduct
	JFCD	Weapons in School
	JFCF	Drugs in School
	JGD/JGE	Student Suspensions/Expulsions
	JGDB	Discipline of Students with Disabilities for Infliction of Serious Bodily Injury

DISCIPLINE OF STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES FOR  
INFLICTION OF SERIOUS BODILY INJURY

A student with a disability may be removed without parent consent and assigned to an interim alternative education program by school personnel for not more than forty-five (45) school days when the student has inflicted serious bodily injury upon another person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function under the jurisdiction of a state or local educational agency. This option is available regardless of whether a manifestation exists. If no manifestation is found, the student may be disciplined to the extent that a student without disabilities would be disciplined.

In addition, the applicable procedures of Policies JGDA and JGD/JGE will be followed.

The term serious bodily injury has the same meaning given the term “serious bodily injury” under paragraph (3) of subsection (h) of section 1365 of title 18 of the United States Code.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

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Legal Refs: 18 U.S.C. § 1365(h)(3).  
20 U.S.C. § 1415(k)(1)(G)(iii).

Cross Refs: JFCD            Weapons in School  
              JFCF            Drugs in School  
              JGD/JGE        Student Suspension/Expulsion  
              JGDA            Disciplining Students with Disabilities

## STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES AND REQUIREMENTS

The Mecklenburg County School Board may employ school nurses, physicians, physical therapists, occupational therapists and speech therapists who meet such standards as may be determined by the Board of Education. Subject to the approval of the local appropriating body, a local health department may provide personnel for health services for the school division.

With the exception of school administrative personnel and employees who have the specific duty to deliver health-related services, no licensed instructional employee, instructional aide, or clerical employee shall be disciplined, placed on probation, or dismissed on the basis of such employee's refusal to (i) perform nonemergency health-related services for students or (ii) obtain training in the administration of insulin and glucagon. However, instructional aides and clerical employees may not refuse to dispense oral medications.

For the purposes of this policy, "health-related services" means those activities which, when performed in a health care facility, must be delivered by or under the supervision of a licensed or certified professional.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-274.

Cross Refs.:	EBBA	First Aid/CPR Certified Personnel
	GCPD	Professional Staff Discipline
	GCPF	Suspension of Staff Members
	JHCA	Physical Examinations of Students
	JHCB	Student Immunizations
	JHCC	Communicable Diseases
	JHCCA	Blood Borne Contagious or Infectious Diseases
	JHCD	Administering Medicines to Students

## PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS OF STUDENTS

No pupil is admitted for the first time to any public kindergarten or elementary school in MECKLENBURG COUNTY School Division unless such pupil furnishes, prior to admission,

- a report from a qualified licensed physician, or a licensed nurse practitioner or licensed physician assistant acting under the supervision of a licensed physician, of a comprehensive physical examination of a scope prescribed by the State Health Commissioner performed within the 12 months prior to the date such pupil first enters such public kindergarten or elementary school; or
- records establishing that such pupil furnished such report upon prior admission to another school or school division and providing the information contained in such report.

If the pupil is a homeless child or youth as defined in Va. Code § [22.1-3](#), and for that reason cannot furnish the required report or records, and the person seeking to enroll the pupil furnishes to the school division an affidavit so stating and also indicating that, to the best of his knowledge, such pupil is in good health and free from any communicable or contagious disease, the school division immediately refers the student to the division's homeless liaison, who, as soon as practicable, assists in obtaining the necessary physical examination by the local health department or other clinic or physician's office and immediately admits the pupil to school.

The health care provider making a report of a physical examination shall, at the end of such report, summarize the abnormal physical findings, if any, and shall specifically state what, if any, conditions are found that would identify the child as handicapped.

Physical examination reports are placed in the child's health record at the school and made available for review by any employee or official of the State Department of Health or any local health department at the request of such employee or official.

A physical examination is not required of any child whose parent or guardian objects on religious grounds and who shows no visible evidence of sickness. The parent or guardian shall state in writing that, to the best of his or her knowledge, the child is in good health and free from any communicable or contagious disease.

The health departments of the counties and cities of the Commonwealth conduct such required physical examinations for medically indigent children, upon request, without charge and may provide such examinations to others on such uniform basis as the departments establish.

Parents/guardians of students entering school shall complete a health information form as required by state law. Such forms shall be returned within 15 days of receipt unless reasonable extensions have been granted by the superintendent or superintendent's designee. Upon failure of the parent to complete such form within the extended time, the superintendent may send the parent written notice of the date he intends to exclude the child from school; however, no child who is a homeless child or youth as defined in subdivision 6 of Va. Code § [22.1-3](#) shall be excluded from school for such failure to complete such form.

Adopted: February 25, 2015  
Revised: May 20, 2019

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-270.

Cross Refs.: JEC School Admission  
JECA Admission of Homeless Students



## STUDENT IMMUNIZATIONS

No student shall be admitted by a school unless at the time of admission the student or his parent submits documentary proof of immunization as required by Va. Code §§ 22.1-271.2 and 32.1-46 to the admitting official of the school or unless the student is exempted from immunization as described below or is a homeless child or youth as defined in Va. Code § 22.1-3.

If a student does not have documentary proof of immunization, the school will notify the student or his parent

- (i) that it has no documentary proof of immunization for the student;
- (ii) that it may not admit the student without proof unless the student is exempted, including any homeless child or youth as defined in Va. Code § 22.1-3;
- (iii) that the student may be immunized and receive certification by a licensed physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, registered nurse or an employee of a local health department; and
- (iv) how to contact the local health department to learn where and when it performs these services.

Any parent, guardian, or other person having control or charge of a child being home instructed or exempted or excused from school attendance shall comply with immunization requirements provided in Va. Code §§ 22.1-271.4 and 32.1-46 in the same manner and to the same extent as if the child has been enrolled in and is attending school.

### Conditional Enrollment

Any student whose immunizations are incomplete may be admitted conditionally if he provides documentary proof at the time of enrollment of having received at least one dose of the required immunizations accompanied by a schedule for completion of the required doses within 90 calendar days. If the student requires more than two doses of hepatitis B vaccine, the conditional enrollment period will be 180 calendar days.

The immunization record of each student admitted conditionally will be reviewed periodically until the required immunizations have been received.

Any student admitted conditionally who fails to comply with his schedule for completion of the required immunizations will be excluded from school until his immunizations are resumed.

### Exemptions

No certificate of immunization is required for the admission to school of any student if

- (i) the student or his parent submits an affidavit to the admitting official stating that the administration of immunizing agents conflicts with the student's religious tenets or practices; or

- (ii) the school has written certification from a licensed physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or local health department that one or more of the required immunizations may be detrimental to the student's health, indicating the specific nature and probable duration of the medical condition or circumstance that contraindicates immunization.

#### Homeless Pupils

If a student is a homeless child or youth as defined in Va. Code § 22.1-3 and

- (a) does not have documentary proof of necessary immunizations or has incomplete immunizations and
- (b) is not exempted from immunization,

the school division will immediately admit such student and will immediately refer the student to the local school division homeless liaison who will assist in obtaining the documentary proof of, or completing, immunization.

#### Immunization Record

Every school records each student's immunizations on the school immunization record. The school immunization record is a standardized form provided by the State Department of Health, which will be a part of the mandatory permanent student record. Such record is open to inspection by officials of the State Department of Health and the local health departments.

The school immunization record will be transferred by the school whenever the school transfers any student's permanent academic or scholastic records.

Within 30 calendar days after the beginning of each school year or entrance of a student, each admitting official will file a report with the local health department. The report will be filed on forms prepared by the State Department of Health and will state the number of students admitted to school with documentary proof of immunization, the number of students who have been admitted with a medical or religious exemption and the number of students who have been conditionally admitted, including those students who are homeless children or youths as defined in Va. Code § 22.1-3.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-271.2, 22.1-271.4, 32.1-46, 54.1-2952.2, 54.1-2957.02.

12 VAC 5-110-10.

Cross Refs.:	JEC	School Admission
	JECA	Admission of Homeless Students
	JO	Student Records
	LBD	Home Instruction

## COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

The Mecklenburg School Board recognizes the importance of protecting its students and employees from the transmission of communicable diseases which present a threat to their health and safety while also protecting the legitimate interests and rights of students and employees with communicable diseases. The Board directs the superintendent to act in compliance with applicable law to exclude from school attendance or work in the school setting any person who has a communicable disease. Both the decision to remove the student or employee and the decision to readmit the student or to permit the employee to return to work are made by the superintendent based upon consultation with the local health department, the student's or employee's physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner and/or other medical authorities. (See policy JHCCA Blood Borne Contagious or Infectious Diseases).

The identity of a student who has a communicable disease is kept confidential and revealed only in accordance with state law. An alternative educational program is made available to any student whose removal pursuant to this policy is expected to result in a prolonged absence from school or where otherwise required by law.

Administrative procedures concerning the exclusion of employees and students with communicable diseases are consistent with the requirements of law, including the policies of the Virginia Department of Education and reflect current medical knowledge and research.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: July 20, 2015

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-254, 22.1-271.3, 22.1-272, 32.1-36.1, 54.1-2952.2, 54.1-2957.02.

8 VAC 20-131-180.

Cross Ref.:	EBAB	Possible Exposure to Viral Infections
	EBBB	Personnel Training—Viral Infections
	IGBG	Homebound, Correspondence and Alternative Means of Instruction
	JHCCA	Blood Borne Contagious or Infectious Diseases

## BLOOD BORNE CONTAGIOUS OR INFECTIOUS DISEASES

The attendance at school of students who suffer from blood borne diseases which are infectious or contagious, such as AIDS and Hepatitis B, and which may be transmitted by the exchange of body secretions is determined by the superintendent on a case-by-case basis. The superintendent obtains the advice of the local department of health to assist with the determination. The student may be excluded from school and school-related functions pending the superintendent's decision. The superintendent issues regulations setting forth the procedures to be followed to effectuate this policy.

The identity of a student who has tested positive for human immunodeficiency virus is confidential in accordance with law.

An alternative educational program is made available to any student whose removal pursuant to this policy is expected to result in a prolonged absence from school or where otherwise required by law.

Training in the use of universal precautions for handling blood is conducted periodically in accordance with state and federal law. Universal precautions for handling blood are implemented within the school setting and on buses in accordance with state and federal law.

The school board adopts guidelines for school attendance for children with human immunodeficiency virus. Such guidelines are consistent with the model guidelines for such school attendance developed by the Board of Education.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

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Legal Refs.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-271.3, 32.1-36.1, 32.1-45.2.

Model Guidelines for School Attendance for Children with Human Immunodeficiency Virus (Attachment to Virginia Department of Education Superintendent's Memo #32 (Feb. 13, 2004)).

Cross Ref:	EBAB	Possible Exposure to Viral Infections
	EBBB	Personnel Training—Viral Infections
	IGBG	Off-Site Instruction and Virtual Courses
	JHCCA-E	Guidelines for School Attendance for Students with Human Immunodeficiency Virus

## GUIDELINES FOR SCHOOL ATTENDANCE FOR STUDENTS WITH HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS

The MECKLENBURG COUNTY School Board recognizes its dual obligations to protect the rights of individual students infected with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and to provide a safe environment for students, staff, and the public. Because HIV is not transmitted through casual contact, any student who is HIV-infected continues in a regular classroom assignment unless the student's health significantly interferes with the student's ability to benefit from the educational program.

MECKLENBURG COUNTY Public Schools works cooperatively with the local health department with regard to the school attendance of students infected with HIV. To enhance the school attendance of students who are HIV-infected, the school division collaborates with public and private organizations in the provision of support services to HIV-infected students.

All students are expected to satisfy the immunization requirements of Virginia Code § 22.1-271.2 unless a required immunization would be harmful to the health of the student. Students who are HIV-infected or have acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) may be exempted from obtaining immunizations which would otherwise be required. School personnel cooperate with public health personnel regarding exemptions from the requirements.

Mandatory screening for HIV infection is not warranted as a condition of school attendance. Upon learning that a student is HIV-infected or has AIDS, the superintendent may consult with the student's family, the student's family physician, or an official from the local department of health to determine whether the student is well enough to stay in school. If a change in the student's program is necessary because of the student's health, the superintendent or superintendent's designee will work with the student's family, family physician or local health official to develop an educational plan for the student.

Any school board employee or volunteer who has any information regarding a student's HIV-infected status treats that information as confidential.

Despite the extremely remote risk that exposure of skin to blood could result in infection, the following universal precautions for handling blood are implemented within schools and on school buses:

- persons involved in cleaning surfaces exposed to blood and persons rendering first aid to bleeding students should wear disposable gloves to avoid exposure of open skin lesions and mucous membranes to blood;
- surfaces contaminated with blood should be promptly cleaned with household bleach (1 part bleach to 9 parts water) using disposable towels and tissues;
- hands must be washed after gloves are removed;
- if one person's skin is exposed to the blood of another person, the exposed areas should be washed with soap and water.

Universal precautions do not apply to feces, nasal secretions, saliva, sputum, sweat, tears, urine, and vomitus unless they contain blood.

To ensure implementation of the proper procedures for all body fluids, training is provided to all school personnel. Training includes information regarding the following: etiology, transmission, prevention, and risk reduction of HIV; standard procedures for

handling blood and body fluids; community resources available for information and referral; and school board policies.

Comprehensive and age-appropriate instruction on the principal modes by which HIV is spread and the best methods for the reduction and prevention of AIDS is provided.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: May 20, 2019

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## ADMINISTERING MEDICINES TO STUDENTS

### Medications Prescribed for Individual Students

Employees of Mecklenburg County Public School Board may give medication prescribed for individual students only pursuant to the written order of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner and with written permission from the student's parent or guardian. Such medicine must be in the original container and delivered to the principal, school nurse, or school division designee by the parent or guardian of the student.

### Nonprescription Medications

Employees of Mecklenburg County Public School Board may give nonprescription medication to students only with the written permission of the parent or guardian. Such permission shall include the name of the medication, the required dosage of the medication, and the time the medicine is to be given. Such medicine must be in the original container and delivered to the principal, school nurse, or school division designee by the parent or guardian of the student.

### Self-Care and Self-Administration of Medication

Each enrolled student who is diagnosed with diabetes, with parental consent and written approval from the prescriber, is permitted to

- carry with him and use supplies, including a reasonable and appropriate short-term supply of carbohydrates, an insulin pump, and equipment for immediate treatment of high and low blood glucose levels, and
- self-check his own blood glucose levels on school buses, on school property, and at school-sponsored activities.

A School Board employee, as defined in Va. Code § 22.1-274.E, who is a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, or certified nurse aide and who has been trained in the administration of insulin, including the use and insertion of insulin pumps, and the administration of glucagon may assist a student who is diagnosed with diabetes and who carries an insulin pump with the insertion or reinsertion of the pump or any of its parts. Prescriber authorization and parental consent shall be obtained for any such employee to assist with the insertion or reinsertion of the pump or any of its parts. Nothing in this policy requires any employee to assist with the insertion or reinsertion of the pump or any of its parts.

Students may be permitted to carry and self-administer other medications when the following conditions are met:

- Written parental permission for self-administration of specified non-prescription medication is on file with the school.



- The non-prescription medication is in the original container and appropriately labeled with the manufacturer's directions.
- The student's name is affixed to the container.
- The student possesses only the amount of non-prescription medicine needed for one school day/activity.

Sharing, borrowing, distributing, manufacturing or selling any medication is prohibited. Permission to self-administer non-prescription medication may be revoked if the student violates this policy and the student may be subject to disciplinary action in accordance with the Standards of Student Conduct.

### Self-Administration of Asthma Medications and Auto-Injectable Epinephrine

Students with a diagnosis of asthma or anaphylaxis, or both, are permitted to possess and self-administer inhaled asthma medications or auto-injectable epinephrine, or both, as the case may be, in accordance with this policy during the school day, at school-sponsored activities, or while on a school bus or other school property. A student may possess and self-administer asthma medication, or auto-injectable epinephrine, or both, when the following conditions are met:

- Written parental consent that the student may self-administer inhaled asthma medications or auto-injectable epinephrine, or both, is on file with the school.
- Written notice from the student's health care provider is on file with the school, indicating the identity of the student, stating the diagnosis of asthma or anaphylaxis, or both, and approving self-administration of inhaled asthma medications or auto-injectable epinephrine, or both, that have been prescribed for the student; specifying the name and dosage of the medication, the frequency in which it is to be administered and the circumstances which may warrant its use; and attesting to the student's demonstrated ability to safely and effectively self-administer the medication.
- An individualized health care plan is prepared, including emergency procedures for any life-threatening conditions.
- There is a consultation with the student's parent before any limitations or restrictions are imposed on a student's possession and self-administration of inhaled asthma medications and auto-injectable epinephrine, and before the permission to possess and self-administer inhaled asthma medications and auto-injectable epinephrine at any point during the school year is revoked.
- Self-administration of inhaled asthma medications and auto-injectable epinephrine is consistent with the purposes of the Virginia School Health Guidelines and the Guidelines for Specialized Health Care Procedure Manual, which are jointly issued by the Virginia Department of Education and the Virginia Department of Health.
- Information regarding the health condition of the student may be disclosed to school board employees in accordance with state and federal law governing the disclosure of information contained in student scholastic records.

Permission granted to a student to possess and self-administer asthma medications or auto-injectable epinephrine, or both, will be effective for a period of 365 calendar days, and must be renewed annually. However, a student's right to possess and self-administer inhaled asthma medication or auto-injectable epinephrine, or both, may be limited or revoked after appropriate school personnel consult with the student's parents.

### Epinephrine

Pursuant to an order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course of his professional practice, any school nurse, School Board employee, employee of a local appropriating body or employee of a local health department who is authorized by a prescriber and trained in the administration of epinephrine may possess epinephrine and administer it to any student believed to be having an anaphylactic reaction.

### Regulation

The superintendent shall develop a regulation for administration of medicines to students. The regulation shall include provisions for the handling, storage, monitoring, documentation and disposal of medication.

Adopted: February 25, 2015  
Revised: May 21, 2018

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Legal Refs.: Code of Virginia, as amended, §§ 22.1-78, 22.1-274, 22.1-274.01:1, 22.1-274.2, 54.1-2952.2, 54.1-2957.02, 54.1-3408.

Manual for Training Public School Employees in the Administration of Insulin and Glucagon (Virginia Department of Education Revised 2015).

Cross Refs.: EBBA           Emergency First Aid, CPR and AED Certified Personnel  
              JFC-R           Standards of Student Conduct  
              JHCE           Recommendation of Medication by School Personnel  
              JO             Student Records

## **ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES FOR ADMINISTERING, HANDLING, STORAGE, MONITORING, DOCUMENTATION AND DISPOSAL OF MEDICATIONS TO STUDENTS.**

### **Administering Medication to students**

MCPS recommends, whenever possible, medication doses be scheduled other than school hours. We recognize that this is not always possible and will cooperate in the administration of medication that must be given during school hours. Our regulations include:

Employees of Mecklenburg County School Board may give medication prescribed for individual students only pursuant to the written order of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner and with written permission from the student's parent or guardian. Designated MCPS personnel for medication administration: refer to policy JHC.

#### **Prescription medication**

- All medications sent to school must be in the original container labeled with the student's name and in-date.
- All medications are to be delivered to the principal, school nurse, or school division designee by the parent or guardian of the student through grade 8. High school students may deliver to school nurse or designee.
- Prescription medications must be accompanied with a note from the parent authorizing the administration of the medication.
- Prescription medications must have a physician's order specifying the: name of student, duration of the order, medication name, dosage, route, and dosing interval.
- All medication orders must be renewed every school year
- Not more than one month's supply of a prescribed medication shall be stored in the clinic at all times.
- With written parental consent and health care provider approval, students with a diagnosis of diabetes, asthma (or other pulmonary condition) and/or allergic reactions are permitted to self-check and self-administer: insulin, asthma inhalers, and epinephrine on school buses, school property and at school sponsored activities.
  - Student may self-carry: supplies, including an insulin vial with syringe, insulin pen, or insulin pump; a reasonable and appropriate short-term supply of carbohydrates and equipment for immediate treatment of high and low blood glucose levels.
  - Student may self-carry asthma inhaler.
  - Student may self-carry auto-injectable epinephrine.
  - Permission granted to a student to possess and self-administer insulin, asthma medications or auto-injectable epinephrine, will be effective one school calendar year, and must be renewed

- annually.
- Sharing of insulin syringes, lancets and other diabetic supplies is prohibited. Such activities will be discussed with the parent and may result in storage of insulin and supplies in the nurse clinic.
- Sharing of inhalers or auto-injectable epinephrine is prohibited. Such activities will be discussed with the parent and may result in storage of inhalers and auto-injectable epinephrine in the nurse clinic.
- Appropriate prescription medication consents are available and may be obtained through the school nurse.

### **Non-prescription medication or “Over-the-Counter”**

- All medications sent to school must be in the original container labeled with the student’s name and in-date.
- All non-prescription medication is to be delivered to the principal, school nurse, or school division designee by the parent or guardian of the student through grade 8. High school students must deliver to school nurse or designee.
- Non-prescription medicines can only be administered when accompanied by written permission of the parent.
- Parental note must include the type of medication, dosage to be administered, dosage time, and expected duration of medication.
- Dosages greater than the manufacturer’s recommended age appropriate dose (labeled) will require a physician’s order.
- Unless contraindicated, one age appropriate dose of the following OTC medications will be provided by the school nurse on a non-routine basis: Acetaminophen (Tylenol); Cough Drop or Syrup; Diphenhydramine (Benadryl); Ibuprofen (Advil); Antibiotic Ointment (small wound care); Anti-itch gel/cream (small rashes); Lip Ointment (chapped/dry lips).
- Parents will provide non-prescription medicines for multiple, non-routine dosing.
- Appropriate non-prescription consent forms are available and may be obtained from the school nurse.

Sharing, borrowing, distributing, manufacturing or selling any medication is prohibited. All prescription and non-prescription medication must be administered by the school nurse, school administration, or school division designee with the exception of high school students who meet the requirements for self-administration of non-prescription medications per MCPS Policy JCHD. Students found in violation of this policy will be subject to disciplinary action in accordance with the Standards of Student Conduct.

### **Self-Administration of Medication**

Students above eighth grade level may be permitted to carry and self-

administer non-prescription medications when the following conditions are met:

- There is written parental permission for self-administration of the specified non-prescription medication on file with the school nurse.
- The non-prescription medication is in the original container and appropriately labeled with the manufacturer's directions.
- The student's name is affixed to the container.
- The student possesses only the amount of non-prescription medicine needed for one school day/activity.
- Self-administration of any medication is prohibited for students in grades kindergarten through eighth grade.
- Middle school level: self-administration of any medication is also prohibited, with the exception of insulin, asthma inhalers and/or auto-injectable epinephrine.
- High school level, self-administration of any prescription medication is prohibited, with the exception of insulin, inhalers and/or auto-injectable epinephrine.
- Appropriate consents for self-administration are available and may be obtained from the school nurse.

Sharing, borrowing, distributing, manufacturing or selling any medication is prohibited. All prescription and non-prescription medication must be administered by the school nurse, school administration, or school division designee with the exception of high school students who meet the requirements for self-administration of non-prescription medications. Students found in violation of this policy will be subject to disciplinary action in accordance with the Standards of Student Conduct. Permission to self-administer non-prescription medication may be revoked if the student violates this policy and the student may be subject to disciplinary action in accordance with the Standards of Student Conduct.

### **Monitoring and Documentation**

- The school nurse or designee will maintain documentation of receipt of medication to include amounts, proper labeling, dispensing instruction, storage and disposition of all medications.
- Documentation will be done on individual health records via nursing documentation system(s) to include:
  - Name of student, name of medication, dosage amount, date and time of administration, and route of administration.
  - Name of prescribing health care provider, amount of medication received in clinic and expected duration of administration.
  - Name of school nurse, principal or other school employee administering the medication.

- The specific written order of the physician and written authorization of the parent will be kept on file in the clinic.
- All physician and parental consents or authorizations must be renewed every school year.

### **Handling and storage**

- All medicine must be in the original container and delivered to the principal, school nurse, or school division designee by the parent or guardian of the student through grade 8. High school students may deliver to school nurse or designee.
- With the exception of “self-carry”, all prescription and non-prescription medication storage is to be maintained in designated locked cabinet located in the medical clinic.
- Medications requiring refrigeration will be stored in refrigerators located in the medical clinic.
- No more than one month’s supply of a prescribed medication shall be stored in the clinic at all times.
- The school nurse will maintain possession of keys to the medical clinic and medication storage areas.
- In the absence of the school nurse or nurse substitute, medication keys will be in the possession of the principal or designee.

### **Disposal**

- All parents will be notified by the school nurse whenever a medication is out of date, no longer active, and/or needs to be returned or discarded.
- For students through eighth grade level, parents or other adult designated by the parent must pick up medication(s).
- After the nurse or designated employee notifies the parent, medications may be given to high school students to be returned.
- If the medication remains in the medical clinic for 2 weeks after parent notification for pick-up, medications will be destroyed.
- All medications left in the clinic after the last day of student attendance for the school year, will be disposed of by the nurse or designated employee.
- Proper disposal method will be done per VDOE Superintendent’s Memo # 159-15.
- Medications will not be saved or carried-over to the next school year.
- Documentation of disposed medication will be done via nursing documentation system(s).

Approved: May 21, 2018

RECOMMENDATION OF MEDICATION  
BY SCHOOL PERSONNEL

School personnel are prohibited from recommending the use of psychotropic medications for any student. School health staff, classroom teachers, or other school professionals may recommend that a student be evaluated by an appropriate medical practitioner. In addition, school personnel may consult with a medical practitioner who is serving the student with the written consent of the student's parent.

For the purpose of this policy, "psychotropic medications" means those medications that are prescribed with the intention of altering mental activity or state, including, but not limited to, antipsychotic, antidepressant, and anxiolytic medication and behavior-altering medication.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

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Legal Refs.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-274.3.

Superintendent's Memorandum No. 54 (August 16, 2002).

Cross Ref.: JHCD          Administering Medicine to Students

## MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS WELLNESS POLICY

### Policy Statement

The Mecklenburg County School Board recognizes the link between student health and learning and desires to provide a comprehensive program promoting healthy eating and physical activity in division students.

This policy outlines the District's approach to ensuring environments and opportunities for all students to practice healthy eating and physical activity behaviors throughout the school day.

### I. Nutrition Promotion and Education

All schools within the District participate in USDA child nutrition programs, including the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), the School Breakfast Program (SBP), the Fresh Fruit & Vegetable Program (FFVP), Summer Food Service Program (SFSP), and Supper programs. The District also operates additional nutrition-related programs and activities including, Breakfast in the Classroom and Grab 'n' Go Breakfast. All schools within the District are committed to offering school meals through the NSLP and SBP programs, and other applicable Federal child nutrition programs, that:

- Are accessible to all students;
- Are appealing and attractive to children;
- Are served in clean and pleasant settings.

Students receive nutrition education that teaches the skills they need to adopt and maintain healthy eating behaviors.

Nutrition education is offered in the school cafeteria as well as in the classroom, with coordination between the foodservice staff and other school personnel, including teachers.

Students receive consistent nutrition messages from all aspects of the school program.

Division health education curriculum standards and guidelines address both nutrition and physical education.

Nutrition is integrated into the health education or core curricula (e.g., math, science, language arts).

All snacks offered on school campus will meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards.

Schools link nutrition education activities with the coordinated school health program.

Students will be allowed at least 10 minutes to eat breakfast and at least 20 minutes to eat lunch, counting from the time they have received their meal and are seated.

The level of student participation in the school breakfast and school lunch programs is



appropriate.

The school meals meet or exceed current nutrition requirements established by local, state and federal statutes and regulations.

All staff members, especially those serving, have been trained to politely prompt students to select and consume the daily vegetable options with their meal. School meals are administered by a team of child nutrition professionals.

Schools are enrolled as Team Nutrition Schools, and they conduct nutrition education activities and promotions that involve parents, students, and the community.

The District will make drinking water available where school meals are served during mealtimes. To promote hydration, free, safe, unflavored drinking water will be available to all students throughout the school day. Water cups/jugs will be available in the cafeteria if a drinking fountain is not present.

## **II. Celebrations and Rewards**

**Celebrations and parties:** The District will provide a list of healthy party ideas to parents and teachers, including non-food celebration ideas. Healthy party ideas are also available from the Alliance for a Healthier Generation and from the USDA. Any food items that are used need to meet the nutrition standards or be purchased from the Smart Snack list.

**Classroom snacks brought by parents:** The District will provide a list of foods and beverages to parents that meet Smart Snacks nutrition standards.

**Rewards and incentives:** The District will provide teachers and other relevant school staff a list of alternative ways to reward children. Foods and beverages will not be used as a reward or withheld as punishment for any reason such as for performance or behavior.

## **III. Marketing in Schools**

The District is committed to providing a school environment that ensures opportunities for all students to practice healthy eating and physical activity behaviors throughout the school day while minimizing commercial distractions.

Any foods and beverages marketed or promoted to students on the school campus during the school day will meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards.

School-based marketing of foods and beverages, such as through advertisements in school publications, school buildings, athletic fields, and/or other areas accessible to students, and activities such as incentive programs, has been considered.

## **IV. Fundraising**

The District will make available to parents and teachers a list of healthy fundraising ideas that can be sold during the school day.

Schools will be encouraged to use non-food fundraisers and promote physical activity such as walk-a-thons, Jump Rope for Heart, and fun runs.

Schools are permitted to allow 30 school-sponsored fundraisers per site during the school day to be exempt from Smart Snack Standards.

Exempt fundraisers are tracked and monitored by the school principal and records are kept on file in the Main Office.

## **V. Physical Activity**

The Mecklenburg County school division has a goal of making a program of physical fitness available to all students. All District elementary students will receive at least 150 minutes per week on average during the regular school year.

All District secondary students are required to take the equivalent of one academic year of physical education.

Such programs may include any combination of physical education classes, extracurricular activities, and other programs and physical activities.

Goals for the implementation of its physical fitness program are:

- Students are given opportunities for physical activity during the school day through physical education (PE) classes, daily recess periods for elementary school students, and the integration of physical activity into the academic curriculum where appropriate.
- Students are given opportunities for physical activity through a range of before- and/or after-school programs including, but not limited to, intramurals, interscholastic athletics, and physical activity clubs.
- Schools encourage parents and guardians to support their children's participation in physical activity, to be physically active role models, and to include physical activity in family events.
- Schools provide training to enable staff to promote enjoyable, lifelong physical activity among students.
- Staff receives continuing education and tools to implement increased exercise in the classroom.

## **VI. Implementation**

The School Superintendent will be responsible for overseeing the implementation of this policy and will develop procedures for evaluating the policy, including indicators that will be used to measure its success. The public, including parents, students, and others in the community, will be informed and updated about the content of implementation of the policy. The policy and updates will be made available on our district web site. Implementation procedures will include periodically measuring and making available to the public an assessment on the implementation of the policy, the extent to which schools are in compliance with

the policy, the extent to which this policy compares to model school wellness policies, and a description of the progress made in attaining the goals of the policy.

The district will evaluate compliance with the Wellness Policy no less than once every three years. The assessment will include the extent to which each school is in compliance with the policy, a description of the progress made in attaining the goals of the Wellness Policy and how the policy compares to a model Wellness Policy, as established by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

The School Board encourages parents, students, representatives of the school food authority, teachers of physical education, school health professionals, school administrators, and the general public to participate in the development, implementation, and periodic review and update of this policy.

The School Health Advisory Board (SHAB) will convene to review school-level issues at a minimum of four meetings a year.

Adopted: 6-19-2017

Revised: 2-18-2020

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Legal Refs: 42 U.S.C. § 1758b.  
7 CFR Pt. 210, App. B.  
Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-253.13:1.D.14.

Cross Refs:	EFB	Free and Reduced Price Food Services
	IGAE/IGAF	Health Education/Physical Education JL
		Fund Raising and Solicitation
	JHCH	School Meals and Snacks
	KQ	Commercial, Promotional, and Corporate Sponsorships and Partnerships

## LACTATION SUPPORT

The superintendent shall designate a non-restroom location in each school as an area in which any mother who is employed by the Mecklenburg County School Board or enrolled as a student in the division may take breaks of reasonable length during the school day to express milk to feed her child until the child reaches the age of one. The area must be shielded from public view.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-79.6.

## HUMAN RESEARCH

Surveys, analyses or evaluations conducted as part of any program which is funded by the United States Department of Education or is otherwise subject to policies and regulations promulgated by any agency of the federal government are conducted in accordance with Policy JOB Administration of Surveys and Questionnaires, 20 U.S.C. § 1232h, and applicable federal regulations. All instructional materials, including teacher's manuals, films, tapes, or other supplementary material which will be used in connection with any such survey, analysis, or evaluation will be available for inspection by the parents or guardians of the students involved.

Any other human research involving students must be approved and conducted under the review of a human research committee established by the school division or the school conducting the research. Such research will be conducted or authorized only after the student and the student's parents or legally authorized representative give their informed consent, as evidenced by a signed and witnessed informed consent form in accordance with Va. Code § 32.1-162.18.

The human research committee will be composed of representatives of varied backgrounds to ensure the competent, complete, and professional review of human research activities. No member of the committee may be directly involved in the proposed human research or have administrative approval authority over the proposed human research except in connection with his responsibilities as a member of the committee. In deciding whether to approve proposed human research, the committee will consider the factors listed in Va. Code § 32.1-162.19.

Research or student learning outcomes assessments conducted in educational settings involving regular or special education instructional strategies, the effectiveness of or the comparison among instructional techniques, curricula, or classroom management methods, or the use of educational tests, whether cognitive, diagnostic, aptitude, or achievement, if the data from such tests are recorded in a manner so that subjects cannot be identified, directly or indirectly, are exempt from the requirements of this policy.

Definition: as used in this policy, "human research" means any systematic investigation, including research development, testing and evaluation, utilizing human subjects, that is designed to develop or contribute to generalized knowledge. "Human research" does not include research exempt from federal research regulation pursuant to 45 C.F.R. § 46.101(b).

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: June 15, 2020

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Legal Refs.: 20 U.S.C. § 1232h.

Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 32.1-162.16, 32.1-162.17, 32.1-162.18, 32.1-162.19, 32.1-162.20.

Cross Refs.: JOB Administration of Surveys and Questionnaires  
IIAE Innovative or Experimental Program

## SUICIDE PREVENTION

### Duties of Teachers and Administrative Staff

Any person licensed as administrative or instructional personnel by the Board of Education and employed by the MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS School Board who, in the scope of his employment, has reason to believe, as a result of direct communication from a student, that such student is at imminent risk of suicide, contacts, as soon as practicable, at least one of such student's parents to ask whether such parent is aware of the student's mental state and whether the parent wishes to obtain or has already obtained counseling for such student.

#### Abuse or Neglect

If the student has indicated that the reason for being at imminent risk of suicide relates to parental abuse or neglect, contact is not made with the parent. Instead, the staff person notifies, as soon as practicable, the local department of social services of the county or city wherein the child resides or wherein the abuse or neglect is believed to have occurred or the state Department of Social Services' toll-free child abuse and neglect hotline as required by Policy GAE Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting and Va. Code § 63.2-1509. When giving this notice to the local or state department, the person stresses the need to take immediate action to protect the child from harm.

#### Parental Review of Materials

Parents have the right to review any audio-visual materials that contain graphic sexual or violent content used in any anti-bullying or suicide prevention program. Prior to the use of any such material, the parent of a child participating in such a program is provided written notice of the parent's right to review the material and the right to excuse the child from participating in the part of such program utilizing such material.

Adopted: December 15, 2014

Revised: December 14, 2015; July 29, 2019

Legal Refs: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-207.1:1, 22.1-272.1 and 63.2-1509.

Cross Refs:	GAE	Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting
	EB	School Crisis, Emergency Management and Medical Emergency Response Plan
	EBB	Threat Assessment Teams

## STUDENT-ATHLETE CONCUSSIONS

### Generally

In order to participate in any extracurricular physical activity, each student-athlete and the student-athlete's parent or guardian must review, on an annual basis, information on concussions provided by the school division. After having reviewed materials describing the short- and long-term health effects of concussions, each student-athlete and the student-athlete's parent or guardian must sign a statement acknowledging receipt of such information, in a manner approved by the Board of Education.

### Return to Play Protocol

A student-athlete suspected by that student-athlete's coach, athletic trainer, or team physician of sustaining a concussion or brain injury in a practice or game is removed from the activity at that time. A student-athlete who has been removed from play, evaluated, and suspected to have a concussion or brain injury does not return to play that day or until the student-athlete is

- evaluated by an appropriate licensed health care provider as determined by the Board of Education and
- in receipt of written clearance to return to play from such licensed health care provider.

The licensed health care provider evaluating student-athletes suspected of having a concussion or brain injury may be a volunteer.

### Return to Learn Protocol

School personnel are alert to cognitive and academic issues that may be experienced by a student who has suffered a concussion or other head injury, including

- difficulty with concentration, organization, and long-term and short-term memory;
- sensitivity to bright lights and sounds; and
- short-term problems with speech and language, reasoning, planning, and problem solving.

School personnel accommodate the gradual return to full participation in academic activities of a student who has suffered a concussion or other head injury as appropriate, based on the recommendation of the student's licensed health care provider as to the appropriate amount of time that such student needs to be away from the classroom.

### Procedures

The superintendent is responsible for developing, and biennially updating, procedures regarding the identification and handling of suspected concussions in student-athletes.

### Athletic Activities Conducted by Non-School Organizations on School Property



The school division may provide this policy to organizations sponsoring athletic activity for student-athletes on school property. The school division does not enforce compliance with the policy by such organizations.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: July 20, 2015; July 29, 2019

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Legal Refs.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-271.5.

Cross Refs.: KG  
KGB

Community Use of School Facilities  
Public Conduct on School Property

## FUNDRAISING AND SOLICITATION

All fundraising activities conducted for the benefit of MECKLENBURG COUNTY School Division must provide an educational benefit to students and must not interfere with the instructional program. All fundraising activities conducted by school-sponsored organizations or clubs must be approved in advance by the principal. Fundraising refers to the raising of non-appropriated funds by students, parents or others for the educational benefit of students and their schools.

Students may participate in fundraising activities provided such activities are approved in writing and carefully monitored and regulated by the school principal or principal's designee. Elementary school students may not participate in door-to-door solicitation. Students are not excused from class to participate in fundraising activities. No grade is affected by a student's participation, or lack of participation, in a fundraising activity.

Each principal develops and maintains a list of all approved fundraising activities and reports all activities to the superintendent pursuant to procedures issued by the superintendent.

The superintendent periodically furnishes the School Board with an up-to-date listing of all fundraising activities being conducted in the school division.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: May 20, 2019

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 22.1-70, 22.1-78.

Cross Refs.:	JHCF	Student Wellness
	JHCH	School Meals and Snacks
	KJ	Advertising in the Schools
	KGA	Sales and Solicitations in Schools
	KMA	Relations with Parent Organizations
	KQ	Commercial, Promotional, and Corporate Sponsorships and Partnerships

## RESTRAINT AND SECLUSION OF STUDENTS

Physical and mechanical restraint and seclusion may only be used consistent with this policy.

As used in this policy,

“physical restraint” means the use of physical force to restrict the free movement of all or a part of a student’s body. Excluded from this definition is the use of procedures the use of which is documented in the student’s Individualized Education Plan (IEP), Section 504 plan, or behavior intervention plan;

“mechanical restraint” means the use of any device or material attached to a student’s body that restricts freedom of movement or normal access to any portion of the student’s body and that the student cannot easily remove. Excluded from this definition is the use of devices or materials the use of which is documented in the student’s Individualized Education Plan (IEP), Section 504 plan, or behavior intervention plan;

“seclusion” means the confinement of a student alone in a separate enclosed space, in a manner that prevents the student from leaving. Seclusion is permitted in accordance with a student’s IEP, Section 504, or behavior intervention plan, or to prevent injury to the student or others. When a student is placed in seclusion, he or she will be monitored by a staff member in close proximity. It is preferable that the staff member can see or observe student. A student placed in seclusion will be released from seclusion upon cessation of the behaviors that led to the seclusion; after a reasonable period of time in the seclusion setting during which it is determined that the seclusion will not be effective; or in accordance with the student’s IEP, Section 504 plan, or behavior intervention plan. The space used for seclusion must be appropriately lighted, ventilated, and heated or cooled, and free from objects that unreasonably expose the student or others to harm.

Physical restraint, mechanical restraint, and seclusion may only be used by a staff member who has been trained in the proper use of the technique applied or device utilized and should only be used in the following circumstances:

- as needed to protect an individual from his or her own actions;
- as needed to protect others from injury by the restrained person;
- as needed to quell a disturbance;
- as needed to gain possession of weapons or other dangerous objects on the person or within the control of a student;
- as needed for self-defense;
- as needed to escort a student safely from one area to another;
- as reasonably needed to prevent imminent destruction to school or another person’s property;
- when using seat belts or other safety restraints to secure a student during transportation;
- to direct the movement or actions of a student to avoid the undue or deliberate disruption of the learning environment;

- as authorized by the Code of Virginia, or
- as authorized by a student's IEP, Section 504 plan or behavior intervention plan.

Nothing in this policy is intended to limit the application of Va. Code § 22.1-279.1 which provides generally that:

No teacher, principal or other person employed by the school board shall subject a student to corporal punishment. This prohibition of corporal punishment shall not be deemed to prevent

- the use of incidental, minor or reasonable physical contact or other actions designed to maintain order and control;
- the use of reasonable and necessary force to quell a disturbance or remove a student from the scene of a disturbance which threatens physical injury to persons or damage to property;
- the use of reasonable and necessary force to prevent a student from inflicting physical harm on himself;
- the use of reasonable and necessary force for self-defense or the defense of others;
- the use of reasonable and necessary force to obtain possession of weapons or other dangerous objects or controlled substances or paraphernalia which are upon the person of the student or within his control;
- physical pain, injury or discomfort caused by participation in practice or competition in an interscholastic sport; or
- participation in physical education or an extracurricular activity.

### **Documentation and Notice to Parents**

A parent or guardian will be notified in writing within a reasonable period of time, not to exceed 15 school days, after any use of

- physical restraint; or
- seclusion resulting in observed physical injury to the student.

The staff member who utilizes restraint or seclusion will be responsible for making a record of information regarding its use including the date, time, duration, precipitating behavior, outcome and other pertinent observations. Documentation is not required when using mechanical devices that are authorized and utilized for the student's safety or physical support such as bus harnesses, lap belts, rifton chairs and similar devices. This policy does not permit the use of a restraining device to limit a student's mobility when that device is not ordinarily used with the student.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-78, 22.1-279.1.

Cross Refs.:	IGBA	Programs for Students with Disabilities
	JFC	Student Conduct
	JFC-R	Standards of Student Conduct
	JGA	Corporal Punishment
	JGDA	Disciplining Students with Disabilities
	JGDB	Discipline of Students with Disabilities for Infliction of Serious Bodily Injury

## STUDENT FEES, FINES AND CHARGES

The School Board charges student fees and takes action to recover funds for the loss of or damage to School Board property in accordance with the state and federal law. No fee may be charged unless it has been approved by the School Board.

The School Board provides, free of charge, such textbooks as are required for courses of instruction for each child attending public schools. Consumable materials such as workbooks, writing books, and drawing books may be purchased by the School Board and either provided to students at no cost or sold to students at a retail price not to exceed seven percent added to the publisher's price. If sold, the School Board shall ensure that workbooks, writing books, and drawing books are furnished to students who are unable to afford them at a reduced price or free of charge. Fees will not be charged to students for instructional materials, textbooks, or other materials used by a School Board employee that are not directly used by a public school student.

Fees may be charged for 1) optional services such as parking or locker rental; 2) student-selected extracurricular activities; 3) class dues; 4) field trips or educationally-related programs that are not required instructional activities; 5) fees for musical instruments, as long as the instruction in the use of musical instruments is not part of the required curriculum; 6) distance learning classes for enrichment which are not necessary to meet the requirements for a diploma; 7) summer school, unless the classes are required for remediation as prescribed by the Standards of Quality; 8) overdue or lost or damaged library books; 9) lost or damaged textbooks; 10) consumable materials such as workbooks, writing books, drawing books and fine arts materials and supplies; however, workbooks, writing books, drawing books and fine arts materials and supplies must be furnished to students who are unable to afford them at a reduced price or free of charge; fees may not be charged to students for instructional materials, textbooks, or other materials that are not directly used by a public school student; 11) the behind-the-wheel portion of the driver's education program; 12) a fee not to exceed a student's pro rata share of the cost of providing transportation for voluntary extracurricular activities; and 13) the preparation and distribution of official paper copies of student transcripts; a reasonable number of copies of official paper copies must be provided for free before a charge is levied for additional official copies; official electronic copies of student transcripts must be provided for free.

Fees may not be charged 1) as a condition of school enrollment, except for students who are not of school age or who do not reside within the jurisdiction; 2) for instructional

programs and activities, or materials required for instruction, except as specified in by 8 VAC 20-720-80.H; 3) for textbooks or textbook deposits; however, a reasonable fee or charge for lost or damaged textbooks may be charged; 4) for pupil transportation to and from school; or 5) for summer school programs or other forms of remediation required by the Standards of Quality.

Fees are reduced or waived for economically disadvantaged students and students whose families are undergoing economic hardships and are financially unable to pay them, including but not limited to, families receiving unemployment benefits or public assistance, including Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), Supplemental Security Income (SSI) or Medicaid; foster families caring for children in foster care; and families that are homeless.

Each time a fee is charged, notice will be given that a fee waiver may be requested. The notice will include directions as to how to apply for a waiver.

This policy will be provided to parents annually and posted on the division's website.

The consequences for nonpayment of fees include exclusion from the activity related to the fee.<sup>1</sup>

No student's report card, diploma or class schedule will be withheld because of nonpayment of fees or charges. No student will be suspended or expelled for nonpayment of fees or charges.

The School Board upon recommendation of the superintendent may take action against a pupil or the pupil's parent for any actual loss, breakage, or destruction of or failure to return property owned by or under the control of the School Board, caused or committed by such pupil in pursuit of his studies. Such action may include seeking reimbursement from a pupil or pupil's parent for any such loss, breakage, or destruction of or failure to return school property.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

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Legal Refs.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 8.01-43, 22.1-6, 22.1-243, 22.1-280.4.

8 VAC 20-720-80.

**FOOTNOTES ARE PROVIDED FOR USE IN POLICY DEVELOPMENT ONLY; THEY SHOULD NOT BE INCLUDED IN THE BOARD'S FINAL POLICY.**

<sup>1</sup> The School Board should also include any other consequences.

Cross Refs.: ECAB  
IIA

Vandalism  
Instructional Materials



## STUDENT RECORDS

### Generally

The MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS School Board maintains accurate and complete records for every student enrolled in the public schools in accordance with all federal and state laws.

The superintendent and/or his designee(s) is responsible for the collection of data, record maintenance and security, access to, and use of records, confidentiality of personally identifiable information, dissemination of information from records, and destruction of records, including the destruction of personally identifiable information regarding a student with a disability at the request of the parents. The superintendent also provides for notification of all school division personnel of policy and procedures for management of education records and notification of parents and students of their rights regarding student records, including the right to obtain, upon request, a copy of this policy.

### Definitions

For the purposes of this policy, the MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Public Schools uses the following definitions.

Authorized representative – any entity or individual designated by a state or local educational authority or an agency headed by an official listed in 34 CFR § 99.31(a)(3) to conduct, with respect to federal- or state-supported education programs, any audit or evaluation, or any compliance or enforcement activity in connection with federal legal requirements that relate to these programs.

Directory information - information contained in a student's education record that would not generally be considered harmful or an invasion of privacy if disclosed. Directory information may include information such as the student's name, address, telephone listing, electronic mail address, photograph, date and place of birth, major field of study, grade level, enrollment status, dates of attendance, participation in officially recognized activities and sports, weight and height of members of athletic teams, degrees, honors, and awards received, and the most recent educational institution attended. Directory information may not include the student's social security number. Directory information may include a student identification number or other unique personal identifier used by a student for accessing or communicating in electronic systems if the identifier cannot be used to gain access to education records except when used in conjunction with one or more factors that authenticate the user's identity, such as a personal identification number, password, or other factor known or possessed only by the authorized user or a student ID number or other unique personal identifier that is displayed on a student ID badge, if the identifier cannot be used to gain access to education records except when used in conjunction with one or more factors that authenticate the user's identity such as a PIN or password or other factor known or possessed only by the authorized user.

Early childhood education program – a Head Start program or an Early Head Start program, a state licensed or regulated child care program, or a program that serves children from birth through age six that addresses the children’s cognitive, social, emotional, and physical development and is a state prekindergarten program, a program under section 619 or Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, or a program operated by a local educational agency.

Education program - any program that is principally engaged in the provision of education, including, but not limited to, early childhood education, elementary and secondary education, postsecondary education, special education, job training, career and technical education, and adult education, and any program that is administered by an educational agency or institution.

Education records - any information recorded in any way including handwriting, print, computer media, video or audiotape, film, microfilm, and microfiche maintained by the MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS School Board or an agent of the school division which contains information directly related to a student, except

- records that are kept in the sole possession of the maker, are used only as a personal memory aid, and are not accessible or revealed to another person except a temporary substitute for the maker of the record;
- records created and maintained for law enforcement purposes by the MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS School Board’s law enforcement unit, if any. A law enforcement unit is any individual, office, department, or division of the school division that is authorized to enforce any local, state, or federal law, refer enforcement matters to appropriate authorities or maintain the physical security and safety of the school division;
- in the case of persons who are employed by the MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS School Board but who are not in attendance at a school in the division, records made and maintained in the normal course of business which relate exclusively to the person in his capacity as an employee;
- records created or received after an individual is no longer in attendance and that are not directly related to the individual’s attendance as a student;
- grades on peer-graded papers before they are collected and recorded by a teacher; and
- any electronic information, such as email, even if it contains personally identifiable information regarding a student, unless a printed copy of the electronic information is placed in the student’s file or is stored electronically under an individual student’s name on a permanent and secure basis for the purpose of being maintained as an educational record. For purposes of this policy, electronic information that exists on a back-up server, a temporary archiving system, or on a temporary basis on a computer is not an education record and is not considered as being maintained.

Eligible student - a student who has reached age 18.

Parent - a parent of a student, including a natural parent, a guardian, or an individual acting as a parent in the absence of a parent or guardian.

Student - any person who is or has been in attendance at MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Public Schools regarding whom the school division maintains education

records or personally identifiable information.

## Dissemination and Maintenance of Records About Court Proceedings

### Adjudications

The superintendent shall disseminate the notice or information regarding an adjudication of delinquency or conviction for an offense listed in Va. Code § 16.1-260.G. contained in a notice received pursuant to Va. Code § 16.1-305.1 to school personnel responsible for the management of student records and to other relevant school personnel, including, but not limited to, the principal of the school in which the student is enrolled. The principal shall further disseminate such information to licensed instructional personnel and other school personnel who (1) provide direct educational and support services to the student and (2) have a legitimate educational interest in such information.

A parent, guardian, or other person having control or charge of a student, and, with consent of a parent or in compliance with a court order, the court in which the disposition was rendered, shall be notified in writing of any disciplinary action taken with regard to any incident upon which the adjudication of delinquency or conviction for an offense listed in subsection G of Va. Code § 16.1-260 was based and the reasons therefor. The parent or guardian shall also be notified of his or her right to review, and to request an amendment of, the student's scholastic record.

Every notice of adjudication of delinquency or conviction for an offense listed in subsection G of Va. Code § 16.1-260 received by a superintendent, and information contained in the notice, which is not a disciplinary record as defined in Board of Education regulations, shall be maintained by him and by any others to whom he disseminates it, separately from all other records concerning the student. However, if the school administrators or the School Board takes disciplinary action against a student based upon an incident which formed the basis for the adjudication of delinquency or conviction for an offense listed in subsection G of Va. Code § 16.1-260, the notice shall become a part of the student's disciplinary record.

Any notice of disposition received pursuant to Va. Code § 16.1-305.1 shall not be retained after the student has been awarded a diploma or a certificate as provided in Va. Code § 22.1-253.13:4.

### Petitions and Reports

The superintendent shall not disclose information contained in or derived from a notice of petition received pursuant to Va. Code § 16.1-260 or report received pursuant to Va. Code § 66-25.2:1 except as follows:

- If the juvenile is not enrolled as a student in a public school in the division to which the notice or report was given, the superintendent shall promptly so notify the intake officer of the juvenile court in which the petition was filed or the Director of the Department which sent the report and may forward the notice of petition or report to the superintendent of the division in which the juvenile is enrolled, if known.

- Prior to receipt of the notice of disposition in accordance with Va. Code § 16.1-305.1 the superintendent may disclose the fact of the filing of the petition and the nature of the offense to the principal of the school in which the student is enrolled if the superintendent believes that disclosure to school personnel is necessary to ensure the physical safety of the student, other students, or school personnel within the division. The principal may further disseminate the information regarding a petition, after the student has been taken into custody, whether or not the child has been released, only to those students and school personnel having direct contact with the student and need of the information to ensure physical safety or the appropriate educational placement or other educational services.
- If the superintendent believes that disclosure of information regarding a report received pursuant to Va. Code § 66-25.2:1 to school personnel is necessary to ensure the physical safety of the student, other students, or school personnel, he may disclose the information to the principal of the school in which the student is enrolled. The principal may further disseminate the information regarding such report only to school personnel as necessary to protect the student, the subject or subjects of the danger, other students, or school personnel.

### Protective Orders and Orders Prohibiting Contact with a Child

Any school principal who receives notice that a circuit court, general district court, juvenile and domestic relations district court, or magistrate has issued a protective order for the protection of any child who is enrolled at the school, or any other order prohibiting contact with such a child, notifies licensed instructional personnel and other school personnel who (i) provide direct educational or support services to the protected child or the child subject to the order, (ii) have a legitimate educational interest in such information, and (iii) are responsible for the direct supervision of the protected child or the child subject to the order that such order has been issued.

### Annual Notification

The school division annually notifies parents and eligible students of their rights under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) including

- the right to inspect and review the student's education records and the procedure for exercising this right;
- the right to request amendment of the student's education records that the parent believes to be inaccurate, misleading or in violation of the student's privacy rights and the procedure for exercising this right;
- the right to consent to disclosures of personally identifiable information contained in the student's education records, except to the extent that FERPA authorizes disclosure without consent;
- the type of information designated as directory information and the right to opt out of release of directory information;
- that the school division releases records to other institutions that have requested the records and in which the student seeks or intends to enroll or is already enrolled so long as the disclosure is for purposes related to the student's enrollment or transfer;
- the right to opt out of the release of the student's name, address, and phone number to military recruiters or institutions of higher education that request such information;
- a specification of the criteria for determining who constitutes a school official and what constitutes a legitimate educational interest; and

- the right to file complaints with the Family Policy Compliance Office in the United States Department of Education concerning the school division's alleged failure to comply with FERPA.

### Procedure to Inspect Education Records

Parents of students or eligible students may inspect and review the student's education records within a reasonable period of time, which shall not exceed 45 days, and before any meeting regarding an IEP or hearing involving a student with a disability. Further, parents have the right to a response from the school division to reasonable requests for explanations and interpretations of the education record.

Parents or eligible students should submit to the student's school principal a written request which identifies as precisely as possible the record or records he or she wishes to inspect.

The principal (or appropriate school official) will make the needed arrangements for access as promptly as possible and notify the parent or eligible student of the time and place where the records may be inspected.

When a record contains information about students other than a parent's child or the eligible student, the parent or eligible student may not inspect and review the portion of the record which pertains to other students.

### Copies of Education Records

The MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Public Schools will not provide a parent or eligible student a copy of the student's education record unless failure to do so would effectively prevent the parent or eligible student from exercising the right to inspect and review the records.

### Fees for Copies of Records

The fee for copies will be set by the school board. The actual cost of copying time and postage will be charged. The MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Public Schools does not charge for search and retrieval of the records. The MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Public Schools does not charge a fee for copying an Individualized Education Plan (IEP) or for a copy of the verbatim record of a hearing conducted in accordance with the State Board of Education's Regulations Governing Special Education Programs for Children with Disabilities in Virginia.

### Types, Locations, and Custodians of Education Records

The MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Public School shall provide parents on request a list of the types and locations of education records collected, maintained, or used by the school division.

The following is a list of the types of records that the MECKLENBURG COUNTY

PUBLIC SCHOOLS Public Schools maintain, their locations, and their custodians.

Types	Location	Custodian	Information
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**THE SCHOOL DIVISION WILL COMPLETE  
THIS SECTION AS APPROPRIATE.**

#### Disclosure of Education Records

The MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Public Schools discloses education records or personally identifiable information contained therein only with the written consent of the parent or eligible student except as authorized by law. Exceptions which permit the school division to disclose education record information without consent include the following.

1. To school officials who have a legitimate educational interest in the records.  
A school official is:
  - a person employed by the School Board
  - a person appointed or elected to the School Board
  - a person employed by or under contract to the School Board to perform a special task, such as an attorney, auditor, medical consultant, or therapist
  - a contractor, consultant, volunteer, or other party to whom the school division has outsourced services or functions for which the school division would otherwise use employees and who is under the direct control of the school division with respect to the use and maintenance of education records
 A school official has a legitimate educational interest if the official is:
  - performing a task that is specified in his or her position description or by a contract agreement
  - performing a task related to a student's education
  - performing a task related to the discipline of a student
  - providing a service or benefit relating to the student or student's family, such as health care, counseling, job placement, or financial aid
2. To officials of another school, school system, or institution of postsecondary education where the student seeks or intends to enroll or where the student is already enrolled so long as the disclosure is for purposes related to the student's enrollment or transfer.
3. To certain officials of the U.S. Department of Education, the United States Attorney General, the Comptroller General, and state educational authorities, in connection with certain state or federally supported education programs and in accordance with applicable federal regulations.
4. In connection with a student's request for or receipt of financial aid as necessary to determine the eligibility, amount, or conditions of the financial aid, or to enforce the terms and conditions of the aid.
5. For the purpose of furthering the ability of the juvenile justice system to effectively serve the pupil prior to adjudication. The principal or his designee may disclose identifying information from a pupil's scholastic record to state or local law-enforcement or correctional personnel, including a law-enforcement

officer, probation officer, parole officer or administrator, or a member of a parole board, seeking information in the course of his duties; an officer or employee of a county or city agency responsible for protective services to children, as to a pupil referred to that agency as a minor requiring investigation or supervision by that agency; attorneys for the Commonwealth, court services units, juvenile detention centers or group homes, mental and medical health agencies, state and local children and family service agencies, and the Department of Juvenile Justice and to the staff of such agencies. Prior to disclosure of any such scholastic records, the persons to whom the records are to be disclosed shall certify in writing to the principal or his designee that the information will not be disclosed to any other party, except as provided under state law, without the prior written consent of the parent of the pupil or by such pupil if the pupil is eighteen years of age or older.

6. To organizations conducting studies for, or on behalf of, educational agencies or institutions to develop, validate or administer predictive tests; administer student aid programs; or improve instruction. The studies must be conducted in a manner that does not permit personal identification of parents and students by individuals other than representatives of the organization that have legitimate interests in the information. The information must be destroyed when it is no longer needed for the purposes for which the study was conducted. The School Board must enter into a written agreement with the organization conducting the study which
  - specifies the purpose, scope, and duration of the study or studies and the information to be disclosed;
  - requires the organization to use personally identifiable information from education records only to meet the purpose or purposes of the study stated in the written agreement;
  - requires the organization to conduct the study in a manner that does not permit personal identification of parents and students by anyone other than representatives of the organization with legitimate interests; and
  - requires the organization to destroy all personally identifiable information when the information is no longer needed for the purposes for which the study was conducted and specifies the time period in which the information must be destroyed.
7. To accrediting organizations to carry out their functions.
8. To parents of an eligible student who claim the student as a dependent for income tax purposes.
9. To the entities or persons designated in judicial orders or subpoenas as specified in FERPA.
10. To appropriate parties in connection with an emergency if knowledge of the information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals. If the school division releases information in connection with an emergency, it will record the following information:
  - the articulable and significant threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals that formed the basis for the disclosure; and
  - the parties to whom the division disclosed the information.
11. To an agency caseworker or other representative of a state or local child welfare agency or tribal organization who has the right to access a student's case plan when such agency or organization is legally responsible for the care and protection of the student.

12. Directory information so designated by the school division.
13. When the disclosure concerns sex offenders and other individuals required to register under section 170101 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, 42 U.S.C. § 14071, and the information was provided to the division under 42 U.S.C. § 14071 and applicable federal guidelines.

The school division discloses or makes available to a guardian ad litem, on request, any information, records, or reports concerning a student for whom a petition for guardianship or conservatorship has been filed that the guardian ad litem determines are necessary to perform his duties under Va. Code § 64.2-2003.

The school division will use reasonable methods to identify and authenticate the identity of parents, students, school officials, and any other parties to whom it discloses personally identifiable information from education records.

#### Unauthorized Disclosure of Electronic Records

In cases in which electronic records containing personally identifiable information are reasonably believed to have been disclosed in violation federal or state law applicable to such information, the school division shall notify, as soon as practicable, the parent of any student affected by such disclosure, except as otherwise provided in Va. Code §§ 32.1-127.1:05 or 18.2-186.6. Such notification shall include the (i) date, estimated date, or date range of the disclosure; (ii) type of information that was or is reasonably believed to have been disclosed; and (iii) remedial measures taken or planned in response to the disclosure.

#### Disclosure to Federal Agencies

Notwithstanding any other provision of law or policy, no member or employee of the MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS School Board will transmit personally identifiable information, as that term is defined in FERPA and related regulations, from a student's record to a federal government agency or an authorized representative of such agency except as required by federal law or regulation.

#### Disclosure of Information Relating to Home Instructed Students

Neither the superintendent nor the School Board shall disclose to the Department of Education or any other person or entity outside of the local school division information that is provided by a parent or student to satisfy the requirements of Policy LBD Home Instruction or subdivision B 1 of Va. Code § 22.1-254. However, the superintendent or School Board may disclose, with the written consent of a student's parent, such information to the extent provided by the parent's consent. Nothing in this policy prohibits the superintendent from notifying the Superintendent of Public Instruction of the number of students in the school division receiving home instruction.

#### Audit or Evaluation of Education Programs

Authorized representatives of the Comptroller General of the United States, the Attorney General of the United States, the federal Secretary of Education, and state and



local educational authorities may have access to education records in connection with an audit or evaluation of federal- or state- supported education programs, or for the enforcement of or compliance with federal legal requirements that relate to those programs.

Any authorized representative other than an employee must be designated by a written agreement which

- designates the individual or entity as an authorized representative;
- specifies the personally identifiable information to be disclosed, specifies that the purposes for which the personally identifiable information is disclosed to the authorized representative is to carry out an audit or evaluation of federal- or state-supported education programs, or to enforce or comply with federal legal requirements that relate to those programs; and specifies a description of the activity with sufficient specificity to make clear that the work falls within the exception of 34 CFR § 99.31(a)(3) including a description of how the personally identifiable information will be used;
- requires the authorized representative to destroy personally identifiable information when the information is no longer needed for the purpose specified;
- specifies the time period in which the information must be destroyed; and
- establishes policies and procedures, consistent with FERPA and other federal and state confidentiality and privacy provisions, to protect personally identifiable information from further disclosure and unauthorized use, including limiting use of personally identifiable information to only authorized representatives with legitimate interests in the audit or evaluation of a federal- or state-supported education program or for compliance or enforcement of federal legal requirements related to such programs.

#### Military Recruiters and Institutions of Higher Learning

The MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Public Schools provides, on request made by military recruiters or an institution of higher education, access to secondary school students' names, addresses and telephone listings unless a parent or eligible student has submitted a written request that the student's name, address and telephone listing not be released without the prior written consent of the parent or eligible student. The school division notifies parents of the option to make a request and complies with any request.

The school division provides military recruiters the same access to secondary school students as is provided generally to post-secondary educational institutions or to prospective employers of those students.

#### Record of Disclosure

The MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Public Schools maintains a record, kept with the education records of each student, indicating all individuals (except school officials who have a legitimate educational interest in the records), agencies or organizations which request or obtain access to a student's education records. The record will indicate specifically the legitimate interest the party had in obtaining the information. The record of access will be available only to parents, to the school official and his assistants who

are responsible for the custody of such records and to persons or organizations which audit the operation of the system.

The requirements related to records of disclosure stated above do not apply to disclosures made pursuant to an ex parte order issued by a court at the request of the United States Attorney General (or any federal officer or employee, in a position not lower than an Assistant Attorney General, designated by the Attorney General) seeking to collect education records relevant to an authorized investigation or prosecution of international terrorism as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 2331 or other acts listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B).

Personal information will only be transferred to a third party on the condition that such party will not permit any other party to have access to such information without the written consent of the parents of the student. If a third party permits access to information, or fails to destroy information, the division will not permit access to information from education records to that third party for a period of at least five years.

#### Directory Information

The MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS School Board notifies parents and eligible students at the beginning of each school year what information, if any, it has designated as directory information, the right to refuse to let the division designate any or all of such information as directory information, and the period of time to notify the division, in writing, that he or she does not want any or all of those types of information designated as directory information. The notice may specify that disclosure of directory information will be limited to specific parties, for specific purposes, or both. If the School Board specifies that disclosure of directory information will be so limited, the disclosures of directory information will be limited to those specified in the public notice.

No school discloses the address, telephone number, or email address of a student pursuant to the Virginia Freedom of Information Act unless the parent or eligible student affirmatively consents in writing to such disclosure. Except as required by state or federal law, no school discloses the address, telephone number, or email address of a student pursuant to 34 C.F.R. § 99.31(a)(11) unless (a) the disclosure is to students enrolled in the school or to school board employees for educational purposes or school business and the parent or eligible student has not opted out of such disclosure in accordance with Virginia law and this policy or (b) the parent or eligible student has affirmatively consented in writing to such disclosure.

Parents and eligible students may not use the right to opt out of directory information disclosures to 1) prevent disclosure of the student's name, identifier or institutional email address in a class in which the student is enrolled; or 2) prevent an educational agency or institution from requiring the student to wear, to display publicly or to disclose a student ID card or badge that exhibits information designated as directory information and that has been properly designated as directory information.

#### Correction of Education Records

The procedures for the amendment of records that a parent or eligible student

believes to be inaccurate are as follows.

1. Parents or the eligible student must request in writing that the MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Public Schools amend a record. In so doing, they should identify the part of the record they want changed and specify why they believe it is inaccurate, misleading or in violation of the student's privacy or other rights.
2. MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Public Schools shall decide whether to amend the record in accordance with the request within a reasonable period of time. If it decides not to comply, the school division shall notify the parents or eligible student of the decision and advise them of their right to a hearing to challenge the information believed to be inaccurate, misleading or in violation of the student's rights.
3. Upon request, MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Public Schools shall arrange for a hearing, and notify the parents or eligible student, reasonably in advance, of the date, place and time of the hearing. The hearing shall be held within a reasonable period of time after the request.
4. The parent or eligible student may, at his or her own expense, be assisted or represented by one or more individuals of his or her own choice, including an attorney.
5. The hearing shall be conducted by a hearing officer who is a disinterested party; however, the hearing officer may be an official of the school division. The parents or eligible student shall be afforded a full and fair opportunity to present evidence relevant to the issues raised in the original request to amend the student's education records in accordance with FERPA.
6. MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Public Schools shall prepare a written decision which will include a summary of the evidence presented and the reasons for the decision within a reasonable period of time after the hearing. The decision will be based solely on the evidence presented at the hearing.
7. If MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Public Schools decides that the information is inaccurate, misleading or in violation of the student's right of privacy, it shall amend (including expungement) the record and notify the parents or eligible student, in writing, that the record has been amended.
8. If MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Public Schools decides that the challenged information is not inaccurate, misleading or in violation of the student's right of privacy, it will notify the parents or eligible student that they have a right to place in the record a statement commenting on the challenged information and/or a statement setting forth reasons for disagreeing with the decision. The statement will be maintained as part of the student's education records as long as the contested portion is maintained and disclosed whenever the school division discloses the portion of the record to which the statement relates.

## Confidentiality of HIV and Drug and Alcohol Treatment Records

The MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Public Schools complies with the confidentiality requirements of Va. Code § 32.1-36.1 providing for the confidentiality of records related to any test for Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV). In addition, the school division maintains confidentiality of drug and alcohol treatment records as required by federal and state law.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: July 20, 2015; July 17, 2018; July 29, 2019; July 20, 2020

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Legal Refs.: 18 U.S.C. §§ 2331, 2332b.  
20 U.S.C. §§1232g, 7908.  
42 U.S.C. § 290dd-2.

34 C.F.R. 99.3, 99.7, 99.10, 99.11, 99.20, 99.21, 99.22, 99.31, 99.32, 99.33, 99.34, 99.35, 99.36, 99.37.

Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §§ 2.2-3704, 2.2-3705.4, 2.2-3804, 16.1-260, 16.1-305.1, 16.1-305.2, 22.1-254.1, 22.1-279.3:2, 22.1-287, 22.1-287.01, 22.1-287.02, 22.1-287.1, 22.1-288, 22.1-288.1, 22.1-288.2, 22.1-289, 23.1-405, 32.1-36.1, 64.2-2003.

Cross Refs.:	IJ	Guidance and Counseling Program
	JEC	School Admission
	JEC-R	School Admission
	JECA	Admission of Homeless Children
	JFC	Student Conduct
	JGDA	Disciplining Students with Disabilities
	JGD/JGE	Student Suspension/Expulsion
	JHCB	Student Immunizations
	JHCD	Administering Medicines to Students
	JOA	Student Transcripts
	JRCA	School Service Providers' Use of Student Personal Information
	KBA-R	Requests for Public Records
	KBC	Media Relations
	KNB	Reports of Missing Children
	KP	Parental Rights and Responsibilities
	LBD	Home Instruction
	LEB	Advanced/Alternative Courses for Credit

## STUDENT TRANSCRIPTS

### Generally

Secondary school transcripts contain information as specified by the Virginia Board of Education.

### Test Record

The superintendent is responsible for establishing a procedure by which parents, guardians or others with legal control of a student can elect in writing to have the student's test record excluded from the student transcript. The test record includes at least the highest score earned, if applicable, on college performance-related standardized tests such as SAT and ACT, excluding Standards of Learning (SOL) test scores.

### High School Credit-Bearing Courses Taken in Middle School

For any high school credit-bearing course taken in middle school, parents may request that grades be omitted from the student's transcript and the student not earn high school credit for the course. The superintendent specifies, by regulation, the deadline and procedure for making such a request. Notice of this provision is provided to parents.

Adopted: April 16, 2018

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Legal Refs.: 8 VAC 20-131-90.

8 VAC 20-160-30.

Cross Refs.: JO Student Records



## ADMINISTRATION OF SURVEYS AND QUESTIONNAIRES

## I. Instructional Materials and Surveys

## A. Inspection of Instructional Materials

All instructional materials, including teacher's manuals, films, tapes, or other supplementary material which will be used in connection with any survey, analysis, or evaluation as part of any federally funded program are available for inspection by the parents or guardians of the student in accordance with Policy KBA Requests for Public Records.

## B. Participation in Surveys and Evaluations

No student is required, as part of any federally funded program, to submit to a survey, analysis, or evaluation that reveals information concerning

- (1) political affiliations or beliefs of the student or the student's parent,
- (2) mental or psychological problems of the student or the student's family,
- (3) sex behavior or attitudes,
- (4) illegal, anti-social, self-incriminating, or demeaning behavior,
- (5) critical appraisals of other individuals with whom respondents have close family relationships,
- (6) legally recognized privileged or analogous relationships, such as those of lawyers, physicians, and ministers,
- (7) religious practices, affiliations, or beliefs of the student or student's parent, or
- (8) income (other than that required by law to determine eligibility for participation in a program or for receiving financial assistance under such program), without the prior consent of the student (if the student is an adult or emancipated minor), or in the case of an unemancipated minor, without the prior written consent of the parent.

## C. Surveys Requesting Sexual Information

In any case in which a questionnaire or survey requesting that students provide sexual information, mental health information, medical information, information on student health risk behaviors pursuant to Va. Code § 32.1-73.8, other information on controlled substance use, or any other information that the School Board deems to be sensitive in nature is to be administered, the School Board notifies the parent concerning the administration of such questionnaire or survey in writing at least 30 days prior to its administration. The notice informs the parent of the nature and types of questions included in the questionnaire or survey, the purposes and age-appropriateness of the questionnaire or survey, how information collected by the questionnaire or survey will be used, who will have access to such information, the steps that will be taken to protect student privacy, and whether and how any findings or results will be disclosed. In any case in which a questionnaire or survey is required by state law or is requested by a state agency, the relevant state agency shall provide the School Board with all information required to be included in the notice to parents. The parent has the right to review the questionnaire or survey in a manner mutually agreed upon by the school and the parent and exempt the parent's child from

participating in the questionnaire or survey. Unless required by federal or state law or regulation, school personnel administering any such questionnaire or survey do not disclose personally identifiable information.

No questionnaire or survey requesting that students provide sexual information shall be administered to any student in kindergarten through grade six.

#### D. Additional Protections

In the event of the administration or distribution of a survey containing one or more of the subjects listed in subsection I.B. above, the privacy of students to whom the survey is administered is protected by elimination of student identifiers and appropriate data collection protection practices.

### II. Physical Examinations and Screenings

If the MECKLENBURG COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS School Division administers any physical examinations or screenings other than

- those required by Virginia law, and
- surveys administered to a student in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act,

policies regarding those examinations or screenings will be developed and adopted in consultation with parents.

### III. Commercial Use of Information

Questionnaires and surveys are not administered to public school students during the regular school day or at school-sponsored events without written, informed parental consent when participation in such questionnaire or survey may subsequently result in the sale for commercial purposes of personal information regarding the individual student.

This subsection does not apply to the collection, disclosure, or use of personal information collected from students for the exclusive purpose of developing, evaluating, or providing educational products or services for, or to, students or educational institutions, such as the following:

- college or other postsecondary education recruitment, or military recruitment;
- book clubs, magazines, and programs providing access to low-cost literary products;
- curriculum and instructional materials used by elementary schools and secondary schools;
- tests and assessments used by elementary schools and secondary schools to provide cognitive, evaluative, diagnostic, clinical, aptitude, or achievement information about students (or to generate other statistically useful data for the purpose of securing such tests and assessments) and the subsequent analysis and public release of the aggregate data from such tests and assessments;
- the sale by students of products or services to raise funds for school-related or education-related activities; and
- student recognition programs.



## IV. Notification

### Notification of Policies

The Board provides notice of this policy directly to parents of students annually at the beginning of the school year and within a reasonable period of time after any substantive change in the policy. The Board also offers an opportunity for the parent (or emancipated student) to opt the student out of participation in

- activities involving the collection, disclosure, or use of personal information collected from students for the purpose of marketing or for selling that information (or otherwise providing that information to others for that purpose);
- the administration of any survey containing one or more items listed in subsection I.B. above; or
- any nonemergency, invasive physical examination or screening that is
  - required as a condition of attendance;
  - administered by the school and scheduled by the school in advance; and
  - not necessary to protect the immediate health and safety of the student, or of other students.

### Notification of Specific Events

The Board directly notifies the parent of a student, at least annually at the beginning of the school year, of the specific or approximate dates during the school year when the following activities are scheduled, or expected to be scheduled:

- activities involving the collection, disclosure, or use of personal information collected from students for the purpose of marketing or for selling that information (or otherwise providing that information to others for that purpose);
- the administration of any survey containing one or more items listed in subsection I.B. above; or
- any nonemergency, invasive physical examination or screening that is
  - required as a condition of attendance;
  - administered by the school and scheduled by the school in advance; and
  - not necessary to protect the immediate health and safety of the student, or of other students.

## V. Definitions

**Instructional material:** the term "instructional material" means instructional content that is provided to a student, regardless of its format, including printed or representational materials, audio-visual materials, and materials in electronic or digital formats (such as materials accessible through the Internet). The term does not include academic tests or academic assessments.

**Invasive physical examination:** the term "invasive physical examination" means any medical examination that involves the exposure of private body parts, or any act during such examination that includes incision, insertion, or injection into the body, but does not include a hearing, vision, or scoliosis screening.

Parent: the term "parent" includes a legal guardian or other person standing in loco parentis (such as a grandparent or stepparent with whom the child lives, or a person who is legally responsible for the welfare of the child).

Personal information: the term "personal information" means individually identifiable information including

- a student or parent's first and last name;
- a home or other physical address (including street name and the name of the city or town);
- a telephone number; or
- a Social Security identification number.

Survey: the term "survey" includes an evaluation.

Adopted: July 29, 2019

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Legal Refs.: 20 U.S.C. § 1232h.

Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-79.3.

Cross Refs.: INB	Teaching About Controversial Issues
JHDA	Human Research
KBA	Requests for Public Records
KF	Distribution of Information/Materials

## RELEASE OF STUDENT DATA/RECORDS

The parent/legal guardian of any student enrolled in Mecklenburg County School Division may authorize the release of their student's data/records to any individual or Agency upon completion and execution of the Consent for Release of Student Data/Records form accompanying this policy.

This form may be used by Community Policy and Management Teams, and the Departments of Health, Social Services, Juvenile Justice, and Behavioral Health and Development Services.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: July 20, 2015

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-79.3.

## CONSENT FOR RELEASE OF STUDENT DATA/RECORDS

Student Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date of Birth \_\_\_\_\_

Name of School \_\_\_\_\_ School ID # \_\_\_\_\_

Student Address \_\_\_\_\_

Home Telephone #: \_\_\_\_\_

Parent/Legal Guardian (1) Mobile Telephone # \_\_\_\_\_

Parent/Legal Guardian (2) Mobile Telephone # \_\_\_\_\_

I authorize the \_\_\_\_\_ Division to release to the individual or Agency identified below identifying educational/medical data and records (the "Records") of the student listed above. I understand that in addition to educational records and data, such Records may also contain health information pertaining to diagnosis and treatments, immunization records, suspensions/office referral data, attendance data, referrals to student service teams, as well as written communications with school staff related to mental health interventions.

**Time Period During Which Release of Student/Data is Authorized:**

**From:** Date that form is signed below.

**Until:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Name of Authorized Individual or Agency**

**Name and Title** \_\_\_\_\_

**Agency Name (if applicable)** \_\_\_\_\_

**Address (1)** \_\_\_\_\_

**Address (2)** \_\_\_\_\_

**Email Address** \_\_\_\_\_

**Phone Number** \_\_\_\_\_

**Fax Number** \_\_\_\_\_

**Signature of Parent/Guardian** \_\_\_\_\_

**Name of Parent/Guardian** \_\_\_\_\_

**Relationship to Student** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date** \_\_\_\_\_

**Witness** \_\_\_\_\_

## ACCEPTANCE OF ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES AND RECORDS

### Policy Statement

Electronic or digital signatures can take many forms and can be created using many different types of technology. The authenticity and reliability of electronic signatures relating to transactions are dependent on the accompanying processes, supplemental records and the overall context in which records are created, transferred, and signed. The Mecklenburg County School Board adopts the following policy with respect to the use of electronic records and signatures in connection with its communications with parents, guardians, or other persons having control over a child enrolled in this division.

### Definitions

“Attribution” – An electronic record or electronic signature is attributable to a person if it was the act of the person. The act of the person may be shown in any manner, including a showing of the efficacy of any security procedure applied to determine the person to which the electronic record or electronic signature was attributable.

“Electronic Signature”- An electronic sound, symbol or process attached to or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the record.

“Electronic Record” – Any record created, generated, sent, communicated, received or stored by electronic means.

### Applicability

This policy applies to parents, guardians, and other persons having control or charge of a child enrolled in the division; and also to individuals affiliated with the division, whether paid or unpaid, including but not limited to teachers, administrators, staff, students, affiliates, and volunteers.

### Electronic Records

Electronic records created or received by the division shall be appropriately attributed to the individual(s) responsible for their creation and/or authorization or approval. The division shall utilize available technology to implement reliable methods for generating and managing electronic records. Any electronic record filed with or issued by the division may be given full force and effect of a paper communication if the following conditions are satisfied:

1. The communication is an electronic filing or recording and the Mecklenburg County School Board agrees to accept or send such communication electronically; and

2. If a signature is required on the record or communication by any statute, rule or other applicable law or School Board policy, the electronic signature must conform to the requirements set forth in this policy governing the use of electronic signatures.

### Electronic Signatures

An electronic signature may be used if the law requires a signature unless there is a specific statute, regulation, or policy that requires records to be signed in non-electronic form. The issuance and/or acceptance of an electronic signature by the School Board may be permitted in accordance with the provisions of this policy and all applicable state and federal law. If permitted, such electronic signature shall have the full force and effect of a manual signature only if the electronic signature satisfies all of the following requirements:

1. The electronic signature identifies the individual signing the document by his/her name and title;
2. The identity of the individual signing with an electronic signature is capable of being validated through the use of an audit trail;
3. The electronic signature and the document to which it is affixed cannot be altered once the electronic signature has been affixed;
4. The electronic signature conforms to all other provisions of this policy.

### Acceptance, Use and Issuance of Electronic Records and Signatures

The School Board shall maintain an electronic recordkeeping system that can receive, store, and reproduce electronic records and signatures relating to communications and transactions in their original form. Such system should include security procedures whereby the School Board can (a) verify the attribution of a signature to a specific individual, (b) detect changes or errors in the information contained in a record submitted electronically, (c) protect and prevent access, alteration, manipulation or use by an unauthorized person, and (d) provide for nonrepudiation through strong and substantial evidence that will make it difficult for the signer to claim that the electronic representation is not valid.

The School Board shall ensure that all electronic records and signatures are capable of being accurately reproduced for later reference and retained until such time as all legally mandated retention requirements are satisfied.

The School Board shall maintain a secure hard copy log of the PIN/password or actual signature of any individual authorized to provide an electronic signature in connection with School Board business.

The School Board may receive and accept as original, electronic records and signatures so long as the communication, on its face, appears to be authentic.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: July 20, 2015

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Legal Ref.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-79.3, 59.1-479 et seq.

Cross Ref.: JO                      Student Records

## STUDENT PUBLICATIONS

### Definition of Official School Publications

Official school publications such as newspapers, yearbooks, and literary magazines may be prepared in regularly scheduled classes and are components of the curriculum approved by the School Board. These publications are not intended to provide a public forum for students or the general public. With regard to these publications, the School Board is the publisher, the principal is the editor, the faculty sponsor is the co-editor, and students appointed by the co-editor may serve as assistant editors and journalists.

### Responsibilities of Student Editors and Journalists

Student assistant editors and journalists are responsible for preparing and writing factual material that is not obscene, defamatory, or an invasion of privacy or that

- is reasonably foreseeable to lead to the substantial disruption of school activities or to endanger the health or safety of students or staff;
- advocates the commission of an unlawful act or the violation of a lawful school policy or regulation;
- advertises or advocates illegal products or services; or
- advocates prejudice, hatred, violence, or harassment.

### Responsibilities of Student Publications Faculty Co-Editor

School publications faculty co-editors instruct students in the recognized practices and ethical considerations of journalism. Faculty members instruct students in appropriate journalistic techniques and consult with the principal regarding material that may violate the law or the recognized principles of journalism. Material that may be considered controversial by some members of the school community should be carefully considered by students and the faculty editor, and brought to the attention of the principal.

### Responsibilities of the School Principal

The school principal is responsible for approving all publications in accordance with School Board policy and the principal's judgment and discretion.

Adopted: February 25, 2015

Revised: July 29, 2019

Legal Refs Hazelwood School Dist. v. Kuhlmeier, 484 U.S. 261, 108 S. Ct. 562, 98 L.Ed.2d 592 (1988).

Cross Refs:	AC	Nondiscrimination
	GB	Equal Employment Opportunity/Nondiscrimination
	GBEC/JFCH/KGC	Tobacco Products and Nicotine Vapor Products
	JB	Equal Educational Opportunities/Nondiscrimination



JFC  
JFC-R  
JFHA/GBA

Student Conduct  
Standards of Student Conduct  
Prohibition Against Harassment and Retaliation

## SCHOOL SERVICE PROVIDERS' USE OF STUDENT PERSONAL INFORMATION

### Definitions

For the purposes of this policy:

"Elementary and secondary school purposes" means purposes that (i) customarily take place at the direction of an elementary or secondary school, elementary or secondary school teacher, or school division; (ii) aid in the administration of school activities, including instruction in the classroom or at home; administrative activities; and collaboration between students, school personnel or parents; or (iii) are otherwise for the use and benefit of an elementary or secondary school.

"Machine-readable format" means a structured format that can automatically be read and processed by a computer such as comma-separated values (CSV), JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) or Extensible Markup Language (XML). "Machine-readable format" does not include portable document format (PDF).

"Personal profile" does not include account information that is collected and retained by a school service provider and remains under control of a student, parent or elementary or secondary school.

"School-affiliated entity" means any private entity that provides support to the school division or a public elementary or secondary school. "School-affiliated entity" includes alumni associations, booster clubs, parent-teacher associations, parent-teacher-student associations, parent-teacher organizations, public education foundations, public education funds and scholarship organizations.

"School service" means a website, mobile application or online service that (i) is designed and marketed solely for use in elementary or secondary schools; (ii) is used (a) at the direction of teachers or other employees at elementary or secondary schools or (b) by any school-affiliated entity; and (iii) collects and maintains, uses or shares student personal information. "School service" does not include a website, mobile application or online service that is (a) used for the purposes of college and career readiness assessment or (b) designed and marketed for use by individuals or entities generally, even if it is also marketed for use in elementary or secondary schools.

"School service provider" means an entity that operates a school service pursuant to a contract with the school division.

"Student personal information" means information collected through a school service that identifies a currently or formerly enrolled individual student or is linked to information that identifies a currently or formerly enrolled individual student.

"Targeted advertising" means advertising that is presented to a student and selected on the basis of information obtained or inferred over time from such student's online

behavior, use of applications, or sharing of student personal information. "Targeted advertising" does not include advertising (i) that is presented to a student at an online location (a) on the basis of such student's online behavior, use of applications or sharing of student personal information during his current visit to that online location or (b) in response to that student's request for information or feedback and (ii) for which a student's online activities or requests are not retained over time for the purpose of subsequent advertising.

### Required Contract Terms

The contract between a school service provider and the School Board shall require the school service provider

- to provide clear and easy-to-understand information about the types of student personal information it collects through any school service and how it maintains, uses or shares such student personal information;
- to maintain a policy for the privacy of student personal information for each school service and provide prominent notice before making material changes to its policy for the privacy of student personal information for the relevant school service;
- to maintain a comprehensive information security program that is reasonably designed to protect the security, privacy, confidentiality and integrity of student personal information and makes use of appropriate administrative, technological and physical safeguards;
- to facilitate access to and correction of student personal information by each student whose student personal information has been collected, maintained, used or shared by the school service provider, or by such student's parent, either directly or through the student's school or teacher;
- to collect, maintain, use and share student personal information only with the consent of the student or, if the student is less than 18 years of age, his parent or for the purposes authorized in the contract between the School Board and the school service provider;
- when it collects student personal information directly from the student, to obtain the consent of the student or, if the student is less than 18 years of age, his parent before using student personal information in a manner that is inconsistent with its policy for the privacy of student personal information for the relevant school service, and when it collects student personal information from an individual or entity other than the student, to obtain the consent of the school division before using student personal information in a manner that is inconsistent with its policy for the privacy of student personal information for the relevant school service;
- to require any successor entity or third party with whom it contracts to abide by its policy for the privacy of student personal information and comprehensive information security program before accessing student personal information; and
- to require that, upon the request of the school or School Board, the school service provider will delete student personal information within a reasonable period of time after such request unless the student or, if the student is less than

18 years of age, his parent consents to the maintenance of the student personal information by the school service provider; and

- to provide, either directly to the student or his parent or through the school, access to an electronic copy of such student's personal information in a manner consistent with the functionality of the school service. Contracts between local school boards and school service providers may require that such electronic copy be in a machine-readable format.

The contract will also prohibit the school service provider from knowingly

- using or sharing any student personal information for the purpose of targeted advertising to students;
- using or sharing any student personal information to create a personal profile of a student other than for elementary and secondary school purposes authorized by the school division, with the consent of the student or, if the student is less than 18 years of age, his parent, or as otherwise authorized in the contract between the school division and the school service provider; or
- selling student personal information except to the extent that such student personal information is sold to or acquired by a successor entity that purchases, merges with or otherwise acquires the school service provider.

Nothing in this policy shall be construed to prohibit school service providers from

- using student personal information for purposes of adaptive learning, personalized learning or customized education;
- using student personal information for maintaining, developing, supporting, improving or diagnosing the school service;
- providing recommendations for employment, school, educational or other learning purposes within a school service when such recommendation is not determined in whole or in part by payment or other consideration from a third party;
- disclosing student personal information to (i) ensure legal or regulatory compliance, (ii) protect against liability or (iii) protect the security or integrity of its school service; or
- disclosing student personal information pursuant to a contract with a service provider, provided that the school service provider (i) contractually prohibits the service provider from using any student personal information for any purpose other than providing the contracted service to or on behalf of the school service provider, (ii) contractually prohibits the service provider from disclosing any student personal information provided by the school service provider to any third party unless such disclosure is permitted by Va. Code § 22.1-289.01(B)(7) and (iii) requires the service provider to comply with the requirements set forth Va. Code § 22.1-289.01(B) and the prohibitions set forth in Va. Code § 22.1-289.01(C).

Nothing in this policy shall be construed to:

- impose a duty upon a provider of an electronic store, gateway, marketplace, forum or means for purchasing or downloading software or applications to review or enforce compliance with this policy with regard to any school service provider whose school service is available for purchase or download on such electronic store, gateway, marketplace, forum or means;
- impose liability on an interactive computer service, as that term is defined in 47 U.S.C. § 230(f), for content provided by another individual; or
- prohibit any student from downloading, exporting, transferring, saving or maintaining his personal information, data or documents.

Adopted: May 21, 2018

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Legal Refs.: Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, § 22.1-289.01.

Cross Refs.:	ET	Educational Technology Foundation and Public School Foundations
	JO	Student Records
	KMA	Relations with Parent Organizations